"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair to-day; much colder, generally fair to-morrow; moderate to brisk southwesterly winds.
For full weather report see Page 15.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,460. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JANUARY 30, 1914.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark, ONE CENT Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

WILSON HOLDS JAPAN BLAMELESS

He Emphasizes the Correctness of Her Attitude in the Mexican Crisis.

CANNOT STOP ARMS SALES

President Intimates Newspapers Should Refrain from Discussing Our Foreign Relations.

FAVORS 2 DREADNOUGHTS

Secretary Daniels Quotes Wilson as Backing His Programme for Strengthening the Navy.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—President Wilson took special pains to-day to emphasize in private talk the friendly disposition of the Washington Administration toward Japan, and to make clear the fact that Japan's attitude in regard to the Mexican situation had been scrupulously correct, and was so recognized by this Government.

Almost at the same time Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, speaking before the House Committee on Naval Affairs, was making it known that President Wilson personally approved the programme for the increase of the navy by the authorization of two new dreadnoughts, eight torpedo boat destroyers, and three submarines.

As indicating the concern on the Administration's part over what had been published in regard to Monday night's White House conference, a direct intimation was also given that it was incumbent upon newspapers to refrain from discussing the foreign relations of the United States. This, it was understood, was put forward as a general proposition, and not as applying merely to present conditions, involving the intercourse of this country with Japan, Mexico, Great Britain, Colombia and other nations having specific causes of controversy with the Washington Government.

Domestic affairs, it was pointed out, were, of course, matters upon which the light of publicity should be thrown, but the Government might be embarrassed or retarded in the adjustment of international difficulties if these differences were discussed in the press.

Another suggestion advanced was that a foreign Government might gain from newspaper accounts an entirely erroneous idea of the attitude of the United States in a diplomatic incident involving that country, and thus subject the President or some other official to suspicion of dissembling when a different proposition was advanced by him to an Ambassador or Minister.

Friendliest Feeling for Japan.

President Wilson wishes to have it distinctly understood that the Administration has the friendliest feeling for Japan. This feeling was manifested in a practical way when the President sent Secretary Bryan to Sacramento to use his influence against the Alien Land bill and in the direct appeals of the President to Gov. Johnson of California. That there had been no change in this friendly sentiment was the sum and substance of what was said at the White House to-day.

The President let it be known that Mr. Guthrie, the American Ambassador at Tokio, had informed the State Department that the Japanese Government was not engaged in selling arms to the Huerta Government.

Nothing was said to show just when this intelligence was received from Mr. Guthrie except that its transmission preceded by a considerable period Monday night's conference at the White House between President Wilson and the members of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations.

Mr. Guthrie, so the White House account went, had not based his vindication of the Japanese Government upon any denial from that Government itself, but had made inquiry in his own way to get at the bottom of reports that Japan was disposing of rifles used in the war with Russia to the Huerta Administration. He learned, it was explained, that private companies contracted to ship arms to Mexico for the use of the Federal troops. Apparently this is merely a repetition of what had already become known, namely, that the Japanese Government sold a large quantity of rifles to a German firm and a Japanese firm, and that those concerns made contracts to sell the arms to the Huerta Government.

The statement finds its importance in its publication from the White House as a sign of the disposition there to acquit the Japanese Government of unfriendliness in permitting these arms to be shipped.

Note of Optimism as to Japan.

This disposition to give the Japanese Government a clean bill of health as regards the shipment of arms to Mexico was coupled with a note of optimism over the relations between Washington and Tokio. To emphasize the Administration's unwillingness to indorse the criticism of Japan for permitting these shipments, there was virtual admission in White House circles that the course of the United States in refusing to permit the shipment of munitions of war into Mexico was unfair to the revolutionists in that they would be dependent upon such aid from over the American border alone, whereas, the Federals could receive arms and ammunition from foreign countries through Vera Cruz and the other ports they held.

This matter of indirect discrimination against the Constitutionalists has been in President Wilson's mind. So much was admitted at the White House, and was the first definite knowledge from sources close to the President that bore upon the understanding carried away by Senators on Monday night that the President contemplated lifting the embargo on the shipment of war supplies in order that the revolutionists might have opportunity of meeting their enemies on something like equal terms. To this meagre acknowledgment was added the suggestion, however, that, while to-day the President did not intend to lift the embargo, there was no certainty what his disposition might be to-morrow.

It is a curious circumstance that what was said to-day by those who were re-

Continued on Page 2.

GENIUS OF 66 FOUND.

Kaiser Asked to Honor a Hitherto Unknown Landscape Painter.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Jan. 29.—The German art world is discussing a newly discovered genius 66 years old, a landscape painter named Karl Hagemeister, whose works are found to be of such worth that the Prussian Royal Academy has recommended the Kaiser to confer on him the coveted title of "Professor."

Hagemeister is the son of a humble vegetable grower, and he himself spent most of his life among cabbage and cauliflower patches, painting pictures as a hobby. In an interview in to-day's newspapers Hagemeister says:

"For forty years not a soul bothered his head about me. Now, all of a sudden, I seem to be a celebrity. Picture dealers are running after me, my works are to be exhibited, and I am to become a Professor.

"I ask my friends to believe that I am not to blame for all these things, for truly I never bothered by head about such matters.

"That these honors come to me must be due to the fact that I never followed any school or cult—simply God's own, untutored way."

CONGRATULATES KAISER.

President Felicitates Him on His Birthday and New Wireless Bond.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Cordial messages by cable and wireless have been exchanged between President Wilson and Emperor William with references to the Emperor's birthday and the inauguration of direct wireless communication between Germany and the United States.

The President to-day sent by cable a response to the Emperor's wireless message of Tuesday, the first wireless dispatch transmitted directly from Germany to this country without relaying. The text of the Emperor's radio message was printed in THE TIMES to-day.

President Wilson was asked by E. E. Mayer, chief engineer of the wireless station at Tuckerton, N. J., to send his response by cable, as the Tuckerton station, where the Emperor's message was received, was not in condition for transmitting radiograms.

This was President Wilson's response to the German Emperor's message:

Jan. 29.

His Majesty, William II., German Emperor, Berlin:

I have been gratified to receive your Majesty's courteous message of greetings sent by means of the new transatlantic radio station in Eilvese, Germany, and I congratulate your Majesty on this additional tie of closer communication between the United States and Germany.

WOODROW WILSON.

The President sent this message on the Emperor's birthday:

Jan. 27.

His Imperial Majesty, William II., German Emperor, Berlin, Germany:

Allow me cordially to felicitate you on this anniversary of your birthday my sincerest congratulations and best wishes for your personal welfare. Mindful of the extent to which so many persons of German blood have contributed to the good citizenship and progress of the United States, it gives me added pleasure to express for myself and my countrymen a hearty wish for the continuation of the splendid progress and prosperity achieved by the German Empire during your reign.

WOODROW WILSON.

To this the Emperor responded:

Berlin, Jan. 29.

President Woodrow Wilson, Washington, D. C.:

Please accept my sincere thanks for your kind wishes on the occasion of my birthday. Very pleased with your appreciation of the contribution by American citizens of German descent in developing the United States. I for my part express best wishes for the further progress and prosperity of the American people.

WILLIAM I. R.

FREE GOLD VAULT CAPTIVE.

Mechanics Drill Hole and Pass Combination to Suffocating Employe.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 29.—William Taylor, an employe of the United States Mint here, who ran the risk of suffocation when accidentally locked in one of the immense gold vaults this afternoon, was rescued to-night by a dozen mechanics, who succeeded in drilling a hole through the steel door after several hours' work and passing through a slip of paper describing the combination to the prisoner. Taylor was on the verge of collapse when dragged out.

The time lock on the vault door was set for 8 o'clock, and when it was realized that it would be useless to try and open the door, drilling holes through the sides was attempted in order to give air to the imprisoned man. This work was abandoned when it was found that the drills could not penetrate the thick steel. An attack was then made on the lock.

Knowing that three or four hours inside the airtight vault meant death to Taylor, the men exerted all their efforts. Finally the drill reached the interior of the vault. The chief clerk supplied the combination and Taylor did the rest.

4-CENT FARE IN CLEVELAND.

Traction Company and City Agree on One-Cent Increase.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 29.—On March 1 the Cleveland Railway Company, it is expected, will increase fare from three to four cents by retaining the cent paid for a transfer. The cent transfer charge, in the opinion of experts, probably will continue for eighteen months.

A tentative agreement was reached between Traction Commissioner Witt and President Stanley of the company, to distribute over a five-year period the charging off of a $1,080,624.52 overdraft, due mostly to the scrapping of an abandoned power plant and old cars.

Stanley and Witt agreed also that there was no chance of the fare going higher than the one-cent extra charge for transfers without rebate. This charge will increase the revenue more than $750,000 annually, much more than enough to pay off the overdraft at the rate of $250,000 a year.

The virtual agreement to charge off the scrapping deficit over five years is a compromise. Witt insisted on a ten-year period, and Stanley wanted it all charged off at once. The company directors on Monday raised the salaries of nearly all the department heads except Stanley, who declined any increase in his $20,000 salary.

MARDI GRAS—NEW ORLEANS, LA.
$37.75 Round Trip
From New York via SOUTHERN RAILWAY. Tickets on sale Feb. 16 to 22. Three daily through trains each direction. Pullman sleeping cars. Dining car service. N. Y. Office, 264 Fifth Avenue, Corner 29th Street.—Adv.

GOETHALS BILLS GO TO ALBANY

Mayor Prepares Five Separate Measures to Comply with Colonel's Conditions.

GOETHALS TO STAY IN ZONE

As Long as He's Needed There, He Notifies Washington — Mitchel Would Refund Pension Payments.

Goethals to Stay with Canal.

Washington, Jan. 27, 1914.

Col. George W. Goethals, Culebra, Canal Zone:

In connection with the President's intention to appoint you Governor, may I assure him you do not desire to retire from service so long as he feels your services are needed?

GARRISON.

Panama, Jan. 29, 1914.

To the Secretary of War:

Referring to your cable of 27th instant relative to Governorship, will not retire so long as my services are needed.

GOETHALS.

The five measures known collectively as the "Goethals Police bill," which, if enacted, will bring about important reforms in the Police Department, including the taking away from the courts the power to reinstate a dismissed policeman, were sent to Albany yesterday and will be introduced in the Legislature to-day. Mayor Mitchel, in a statement explaining the purport of the bills, said that they were really one bill and inseparable, but for constitutional reasons the various provisions had to be considered separately.

The proposed legislation, he said, met the conditions which Col. Goethals stipulated to the Mayor as precedent to his acceptance of the Police Commissionership. The Mayor said that under the proposed amendments to the present law is would be possible for Col. Goethals "to put an end forever to the "so-called 'system' in the Police Department." The question of increasing the salary or extending the term of the Police Commissioner is not considered in any of the bills.

No Court Review of Dismissals.

One bill provides that policemen shall be considered the same as other city employes, and that it will be impossible for them to have a court review by writ of certiorari if they are dismissed from the force or otherwise properly punished. They will have the right to make either written or oral explanations, and they will be allowed to be represented by counsel before the Commissioner or Deputy Commissioner at their trial. In place of the court review a section of the bill gives power to the Mayor to grant rehearings in proper cases. Firemen, for the first time, also are to be allowed to have a rehearing.

Two other bills refer to the pension rights of policemen. They provide that whatever money has been paid out of the salaries of policemen for the pension fund shall be reimbursed to them with interest in case of dismissal from the force for any reason except conviction by a criminal court. Another bill provides that Sergeants and Lieutenants can take examinations for promotions after they have been in service for six months in the case of Sergeants, and one year in the case of Lieutenants. At present the terms are fixed at two and three years, respectively.

Mayor Explains His Bills.

This is the Mayor's statement:

"The Goethals bill, the passage of which by the Legislature will secure to the City of New York the services of the man who built the Panama Canal as the head of the Police Department, will be introduced in the Legislature to-morrow.

"Already I have consulted with some legislative leaders of the Democratic, Republican, and Progressive Parties regarding the Goethals bill. All seem to favor it. That the bill is not an extreme measure is clear from the following facts:

"Nearly all civil service employes come under the provisions of Section 1,543 of the Greater New York Charter, which gives them the right to make an explanation before they can be dismissed. There is, however, no court review of such dismissals by writ of certiorari. These provisions apply to many classes of employes who perform police and inspection duties, such as Fire Prevention Inspectors, Tenement House Inspectors, and Inspectors in the Bureau of Buildings.

"The plan of the Goethals bill is to bring the police under provisions similar to those affecting other city employes, and thus to make it impossible for them to have a court review by writ of certiorari of any lawful discipline enforced by the Commissioner, whether in the form of dismissal from the service or of other proper punishment. They must be served with copies of written charges against them and will have the right to make their explanations either orally or in writing. They will also have the right to be represented by counsel before the Commissioner or the Deputy Commissioner designated to hear their explanations.

Reinstatement by Mandamus.

"Removals for political reasons are unlawful, and in case of a political removal, a policeman, like any other city employe, can secure reinstatement by mandamus.

"I have long thought that court review by writ of certiorari of dismissals by the Police Commissioner should be abolished, because it operates to destroy discipline and the respect of the uniformed men for their Commissioner, and to promote insubordination and resistance to the head of the department. The bill makes the dismissal of men from the uniformed force an adminis-

Continued on Page 2.

WILLIAMSTOWN EXPRESS.
Leaving New York at 5:30 P. M., will run to Pittsfield only, beginning Feb. 3d.—Adv.

New York Automobile Thefts Total $1,500,000 Yearly.

The constantly extending operations of the audacious and ingenious motor car thieves of this city are described IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

VANDERBILTS LAND; AID SENT TO CREW

Heavy Seas Batter Stranded Yacht and Men Are in Dire Peril.

COLON, Jan. 29.—The steamship Almirante arrived here this afternoon having on board Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt, the Duke and Duchess of Manchester, and Lord Falconer, who were rescued from Mr. Vanderbilt's yacht Warrior, which ran ashore in a storm on Monday last off the Coast of Colombia.

After landing her passengers the big fruit liner started back at top speed to the scene of the wreck with an extra supply of life-saving gear and Agent Wilford aboard.

Late wireless messages report that the storm continues unabated, and that the Warrior is being driven further on the reef. Earlier messages announced that the vessel was in a bad position, with heavy breakers rolling over her, and it was feared that she would go to pieces. Her crew were still on board, but were afraid they would have to risk jumping into the sea as the only chance of saving themselves. It was believed that the Frutera was standing by, but was helpless in the storm.

Mr. Vanderbilt and his guests apparently suffered no ill-effects from their thrilling experiences, which included a day and a night of uncertainty while the yacht was being pounded by high seas, and a trip through the breakers from the stranded vessel to the Almirante.

Earlier in the day Mr. Vanderbilt had sent by wireless the following account of the accident and rescue:

"The Warrior grounded on a sandbank at 5 o'clock on the morning of Jan. 26, being carried in shore by a strong current. The United Fruit Company's steamer Frutera from Santa Marta arrived on the scene of the accident at 5 o'clock in the evening. The sea was then too rough for small boats to be launched, but the Frutera stood by us all night.

"At 3 o'clock on the morning of the 27th the steamer Almirante arrived and both vessels sent lifeboats to the yacht at daylight.

"A heavy and very rough sea was breaking about the Warrior and a boat from the Frutera capsized, but all hands were saved.

"Another boat from the Almirante reached to the yacht again at 10 o'clock in the morning, the wind and sea having moderated. It took off all the passengers from the Warrior.

"The officers and crew of the yacht were advised to leave, but all of them elected to remain on board until a wrecking tug arrived from Kingston.

"The yacht was riding easily on the sand bank in about twelve feet of water and there is a good chance of saving her.

"All praise is due to the officers and crews of the rescuing steamers."

Supplementing this, Mr. Vanderbilt said:

"It was a very difficult matter to leave the yacht, owing to the high sea, especially for the ladies in the party. A small boat from the steamer Frutera capsized, but the crew clung to it until they were taken off. Other volunteers on both the Frutera and Almirante were more than willing to make another attempt to rescue us, but waited at my request until the sea was smoother."

During the trip to Colon Mr. Vanderbilt had received reports by wireless from the stranded yacht.

"A report from the Captain of the Warrior this morning," he said, "indicated a gloomy outlook, conditions being very serious, owing to the high seas. I am glad to say, however, that a wireless message which reached me at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon was much more favorable. It said that a wrecking tug from Kingston was due at the scene at 6 o'clock this evening, and that less anxiety was felt by those on board the Warrior. Though in a dangerous position, I am of the opinion that the vessel will yet be saved."

MESSAGE FROM THE WARRIOR.

Operator Says Stranded Yacht Is in No Immediate Danger.

The following wireless dispatch sent by the operator on board Frederick W. Vanderbilt's yacht Warrior was received in New York last night by way of New Orleans:

"YACHT WARRIOR, at Sea, Jan. 29.—Rescue tug Relief arrives 6 P. M. Yacht resting on mud bottom and in no immediate danger. Prospects at present good for getting off. Following ships are in call by wireless: Tagus, Trent, and Allemania. In constant touch by wireless with United Fruit station at Santa Marta.

"All crew to a man refused to abandon ship when offer of rescue was made by Captain of steamer Almirante, which rescued guests. Our exact position is three miles northwest half west from Rio Magdalena Lighthouse."

LAMAR A SENATE TOPIC.

"Wolf of Wall Street" Not a Georgian, Says Bacon.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Senator Bacon of Georgia, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations and the recognized guardian of the etiquette of the Senate, to-day informed that body that David Lamar, sometimes called "the wolf of Wall Street," was not a scion of the distinguished Lamar family of Georgia. Joseph Rucker Lamar of Georgia, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, is the family's best known representative in Washington to-day.

The subject came up when Senator Newlands of Nevada discussed the Lane resolution directing an investigation into alleged rebating by the Steel Trust. As amended by the Interstate Commerce Committee of the Senate, the resolution simply directs its own reference to the Department of Justice and the Interstate Commerce Commission for their consideration. The Senate committee lost interest in the subject as soon as it was learned that the resolution was part of David Lamar's latest Wall Street raid.

Mr. Newlands satisfied Mr. Bacon's genealogical scruples by saying that he knew Lamar was not the man's name and that he had at various times been known by several pseudonyms. The discussion carried the resolution past the morning hour and a vote was postponed.

Lily Drinking Cups are inexpensive. Write Public Service Cup Co., Bklyn, for samples and prices.—Adv.

PREDICT C. R. CRANE WILL GO TO RUSSIA

Belief in Capital Wilson Will Make Him Envoy to Succeed Pindell Before Long.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Crane of Chicago were luncheon guests at the White House to-day. The friendliness of the President toward Mr. Crane has been a matter of remark in Democratic political circles, where there is a decided belief that he will become Ambassador to Russia before the end of the Wilson Administration.

The tenure of Henry M. Pindell of Peoria, Ill., the new Ambassador just appointed, is not expected to be long, especially in view of the revelations concerning the alleged deal that he should serve only a year, as made known in a letter purporting to be from Senator J. Hamilton Lewis.

One reason for believing that ultimately Mr. Crane will succeed Mr. Pindell is that this Government is anxious to renew treaty relations with Russia, and that Mr. Crane is regarded as peculiarly fitted for carrying through the negotiations by reason of his associations with Russia.

It is reported that Mr. Crane is to make a trip to Russia soon to see what can be done in an unofficial way toward negotiating a treaty satisfactory to American sentiment.

Shortly after his inauguration President Wilson endeavored without success to induce Mr. Crane to take the St. Petersburg post. That he can have the mission if Mr. Pindell steps down and out is not doubted in Democratic circles here, although men close to the White House declined to-day, in view of Mr. Pindell's recent appointment, to admit that there was any present prospect of such an arrangement.

When the post was virtually placed at Mr. Crane's disposal his father, the head of the Chicago manufacturing firm from which the family's fortune was derived, had just died, and Mr. Crane indicated that it was absolutely necessary for him to remain in this country to manage the firm's affairs. It has now developed that Mr. Crane will feel himself free in the near future to enter the Diplomatic Service.

According to what is said here, Mr. Crane is believed to be capable of solving the passport problem. There is a strong impression that Mr. Pindell will return from Russia early next year and leave the way open for his appointment.

MERCURY AT 76 AND AT 10.

Pittsburgh Swelters as Frost Chases Precocious Spring from Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Jan. 29.—The Pittsburgh district sweltered to-day in Summer warmth, which was felt most in the mills, where more than a score of prostrations were reported. The maximum temperature, registered at the Government kiosk in front of the Postoffice, was 76 degrees, breaking all local records for warmth at this season. The official temperature taken above the twenty-fifth story of the Oliver Building, was 72 degrees, attained at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Men in light overcoats and women in Spring attire were seen in the sun-bathed streets.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—The cold wave from the Missouri Valley struck Chicago at noon to-day and this evening the mercury had dropped 50 degrees from the early morning Spring-like mark of 60.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 29.—A drop of 40 to 50 degrees below yesterday's maximum temperatures was shown throughout western Missouri, Kansas and northern Oklahoma to-day.

A 25 degree drop was registered in northern Texas. A sharp north wind, blowing at some places as high as 35 miles an hour, accompanied the cold wave.

The mercury fell 25 degrees in one hour at Topeka, Kan.

STARTS SUIT FOR $1,220,849.

Government Says Haviland & Co. Owe Duty on China.

The Government began suit yesterday in the Federal District Court, through District Attorney Marshall, against Theodore Haviland & Co., importers of china, of 200 Fifth Avenue, for $1,220,849, which, it is alleged, the importers own in duty on Limoges china. It is charged that between Dec. 1, 1910, and Oct. 1, 1912, the defendants made about 200 shipments of china to this country and entered them by means of false and fraudulent declarations and invoices.

This is another of the cases brought by the Government in connection with the dispute about the proper valuation of Limoges chinaware. One of the contentions of the importers and French manufacturers is that as a special grade of Limoges china is manufactured for sale in this country, it is unfair for the Government to take for purposes of comparison the prices charged in Europe for the goods manufactured for Continental use. The American Potters' Association, on the other hand, maintains that there is no essential difference between the two grades of ware.

The question is further complicated by the fact that many of the importers also have factories in France of their own, and, consequently, make the china they import, and a number of personal questions have arisen which have added bitterness to the controversy. The importers assert that there is no question whatever of fraud in the matter.

The Reputation of Deerfoot Farm Sausages has caused many imitations. Examine the wrapper and be sure you get the GENUINE—the finest pork sausage made. They contain the best parts of the pig, flavored with choicest spices. New York store, 177 Chambers Street. Tel. 3963 Cortlandt.—Adv.

BOMB THROWER IS QUICKLY CONVICTED

Jury Out Less Than Five Minutes to Find Verdict Against Angelino Sylvestro.

ATTEMPT TO BURN THEATRE

Fay, Gang Leader, Seeking Revenge, Ordered Destruction of Film House, Informer Tells Police.

After being out less than five minutes the jury in the trial of Angelino Sylvestro, a member of the Joe Fay gang of horse thieves and dynamiters, before Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions on the charge of participating in the placing of a bomb outside the apartments of Carmelo Calderoni, 170 East Houston Street, on the night of Aug. 30, returned with a verdict of guilty last night. The verdict followed an evening session of the court, at which Judge Rosalsky charged the jury. Assistant District Attorney Robert E. Manley tried the case for the people.

Sylvestro, who was sworn as a witness in his own behalf, made a decidedly bad impression. He said he was 23 years old and had been in this country nineteen years. He was born in Italy. He testified that he had been employed as a driver by the Prudential Milk Company for the last five years, receiving $17 a week. His story was that he was the victim of a conspiracy on the part of the members of the Joe Fay gang who testified against him because he had refused to allow them to steal his wagon. This proposal, he said, was made to him in a saloon used by the gang as a hang-out. He had been forced to confess participation in the setting of the Calderoni bomb by the use of police blackjacks, he said. His wife and little boy were in the courtroom when the verdict against him was rendered.

One of the most impressive moments of the day came when Alfred Lehman, alias Schmitty, was recalled to the stand. James E. Brande, counsel for the defendant, shot at him the question:

"Just tell us what you know about the murder of the Chinaman, Charlie Lem?"

Lehman sat back comfortably in his chair and leered as Assistant District Attorney Manley leaped to his feet.

"Stop!" cried Mr. Manley, raising a warning hand in front of Lehman's face. "Your Honor, before this witness answers this question, I ask that he be informed of his rights."

Lehman eyed Mr. Brande with half a sneer, and listened open-mouthed as Judge Rosalsky said:

"Witness, it is the law that any one called in the trial of an action may refuse to answer a question on the ground that it may degrade him or incriminate him or tend to convict him of a crime. Anything you say may be used against you on another proceeding, and if your answer to this question would tend to degrade you, or incriminate you or convict you of a crime, you may refuse to answer it."

Lehman smiled as Mr. Brande had the stenographer read the question.

"I refuse to answer," the witness said calmly.

"On the ground that it would tend to convict you of a crime?"

"Yes."

"Did you get $2 for that crime?"

"No."

"What did you get?"

"Nothing at all."

Lehman then reiterated that he had turned State's evidence out of revenge, because the gang had neglected to get him a lawyer when he was arrested in New Jersey.

While Lehman, Rocco Pucielli, alias Zump, and Anthony Sadaitys, alias Burke, were in Mr. Manley's office yesterday, they were questioned by Acting Capt. of Detectives Jones, and Detectives De Martini and Fogarty concerning their other crimes. Lehman grinned when the police had finished and asked:

"You never heard the inside story of the burning of the Hippodrome Moving Picture Theatre in East Houston Street, did you?"

He chuckled gleefully, when the detectives admitted that they had not.

"It's a fine yarn," he said, "and it'll take me to tell it to you. It all happened because Joe, the Wop, the janitor of the place, butted in on the love affairs of Joe Fay, whose right name was Giuseppe Ferrara. You all know that Joe wanted Giro Pecoraro to turn over his daughter Nellie to him, and Pecoraro said he'd rather see the girl dead than in Joe's clutches. That was why Joe wanted to get revenge on the family and sent the Black Hand letter to Caldeconi, Pecoraro's brother-in-law.

"Fay, who was the head of our gang, made up his mind that he'd get the girl anyway. I wouldn't tell you all this, only you'll never get Joe. He beat it for Italy last Fall when I and Burkie were arrested. Nobody has heard from him since.

"Fay was so crazy about Nellie that he really wanted to marry her, but even that didn't help him any with her family, who had a suspicion of what he was doing for a living. One night he called five of us together and told us he would give us $100 apiece if we would break into the Pecoraro flat and kidnap Nellie and bring her to him. It looked pretty soft to us, and we thought we would jump at the chance to make some easy money. We went up to the place and began to look it over.

"The Pecoraros lived on the fourth floor and we went out into the back yard behind the moving picture place to get the lay of the land and see if we couldn't break in by way of the fire escape.

"But Joe, the Wop, spotted us and drove us away. When we went back and told Joe Fay he was raving. He jumped up and down and swore he'd get Joe, the Wop, and we knew he meant it. He shouted out:

"'I'll get that butter-in.'

"Then he told us to make plans to burn the theatre. The next night we met him and he gave us some kerosene and benzine. We waited our chance and got into the place. Then we put the stuff all over the floor and seats. Fay was with us. He lit a newspaper and some excelsior he had with him and then we all skipped out.

"We waited outside across the street to see the place burn, but somebody saw the flames and turned in an alarm quick and the flames were squelched. This made Joe Fay madder than ever, and he said he'd get Joe the Wop in another way. He threatened to kill him.

"Then he gave us the bomb to put on the doorstep of the old man who had refused to give up the girl.

"'If I can't have that girl no one else will get her,' he said."

COAST LINE'S "FLORIDA SPECIAL."
27th Season of Florida's Finest Train. 12:38 noon. 3 other Ltd. Trains Daily: 9:15 A. M., 3:04, 9:20 P. M. 1218 B'way. Tel. Mad. Sq. 1460.—Adv.

MURPHY'S FRIENDS STRONG.

Held Democratic Club Conference Down to Direct Primaries.

Plans for the reorganization of the Democratic Party were discussed last night in the National Democratic Club, 617 Fifth Avenue. Judge Edward F. O'Dwyer tried to turn the discussion to the question of a change of leadership, having Charles F. Murphy of Tammany Hall particularly in mind, but several of Mr. Murphy's friends were present, including State Senator James W. Foley, and they objected so strenuously that the committee confined itself to a talk on direct primaries.

Judge O'Dwyer intends to keep up his fight on Murphy. At the regular meeting of the club next Monday night the anti-Murphy element will try to put the club on record as favoring Murphy's retirement.

"I am opposed to Murphy and leaders like him," said Judge O'Dwyer, President of the club, after the meeting, "and I will do everything in my power to have him superseded. We want leaders who will build up the organization. The time is ripe for a change, and I think the National Democratic Club will go on record as favoring it."

The meeting adopted a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of seven, with power to "organize, encourage, facilitate, and instruct the Democratic electorate in its duty under the primary election law."

Among those present were Thomas L. Feitner, Henry Herberman, Walter F. Burns, Herman A. Metz, Theodore W. Myers, and John Godfrey Saxe.

INDICT GEORGIA PRISON MEN.

Grand Jurors Weep as Convicts Relate Stories of Cruelty.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 29.—Following stories of barbarous treatment told to the Grand Jury to-day by eight convicts indictments were returned against Foreman Clyde Thompson and other officials in charge of the convicts of Atlanta and Fulton County. The witnesses swore that prisoners were stripped, whipped with rawhides, and then chained to walls without receiving medical attention.

Thompson was charged with shooting a chained convict because he refused to remove his clothes for a flogging. James Brannen, a convict, who saw the shooting, cried: "That's murder!" For that remark, he said, he was stripped and flogged.

Some of the Grand Jurors wept as the stories of brutality were told.

GIRL TEACHERS AWE A BEAR.

Two Goshen Misses Use Pocket Flashlights to Scare Him Away.

Special to The New York Times.

GOSHEN, N. Y., Jan. 29.—Miss Margaret Connelly and Miss Laura Fitzgerald, two girls, who reside here and teach in a school at Mount Eve, were on their way to the schoolhouse early yesterday morning when they met a bear. It was just daybreak—the train schedule making it necessary for them to arrive at Mount Eve very early—but they had pocket flashlights, and they flashed them on the bear.

The animal ran a short distance and faced them again. Another flash of the lights caused the bear to back away and the two girls kept this up until they reached the schoolhouse. The bear lurked around the schoolhouse until sun rise and then wandered into the woods.

M. F. Connelly, father of Miss Connelly, to-day notified the Warwick town authorities of the presence of the bear and requested them to have it hunted down.

MISS LUCY SPELLMAN ILL.

Ambulance Required to Take Mrs. Rockefeller's Sister to Pocantico.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Jan. 29.—Miss Lucy Spellman, sister of Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, returned to Tarrytown this morning. She was in charge of a doctor and nurse who made the trip with her from Cleveland.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., was at the station to meet his aunt, and as Miss Spellman was too weak to walk, she was carried to an automobile ambulance which Mr. Rockefeller had ordered from New York. Miss Spellman has been ailing for some time. She was brought to Pocantico Hills because it was thought that the air on the high hills of the Hudson would benefit her.

FROM ASSEMBLY TO JAIL.

Ex-Assemblyman Friedman Must Account for Worthless Checks.

Harold Julius Friedman, Assemblyman in 1911 from the Twenty-ninth District of Manhattan, was arrested yesterday in Bayonne, N. J., for passing a worthless $160 check on Frank Walker, an auctioneer of 608 Broadway, Brooklyn. Recorded Mara of Bayonne held him for thirty days pending extradition.

As soon as the arrest became known Friedman's father, Henry C. Friedman, a retired broker of 18 East Ninety-second Street, Manhattan, went to Bayonne and saw his son at the County Jail.

A LINER BREAKS DOWN.

Scandinavian-American Ship United States Returns to Glasgow.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 29.—The bursting of a low pressure cylinder on board the Scandinavian-American liner United States while she was on her way to New York to-day caused the Captain to decide to return to Glasgow for repairs.

The vessel left here on Jan. 24. She has 284 passengers on board. She broke down 200 miles to the west of Scotland.

The passengers are to be transferred to another steamer at Glasgow, whence they will proceed to New York.

The agents of the Scandinavian-American Line received a cablegram from Glasgow last night stating that the United States had arrived there and that the passengers were to be transferred to-day to the Anchor Line steamship Cameronia, sailing for New York to-morrow.

The Oscar II. of the same line arrived here a week ago, three days late, owing to her starboard engine breaking down 800 miles from Sandy Hook.

THE ALLTOGETHER POUCH
Holds pipe and tobacco. At Schulte's Stores.—Adv.

MURPHY TARGET IN GRAFT HUNT

Whitman Aims at Tammany Leader—Gaffney Named as "Hold-Up" Man.

STEWART REVEALS ALL

Seeks Conference at District Attorney's Home—Tells of Protests to Murphy.

JURY HEARS CANAL BOARD

Conspiracy Trail Now Sought by Prosecutor—Engineers' Estimate Raised by $250,000.

Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, is the target at which District Attorney Whitman is aiming an indictment in his investigation of State graft. That fact no longer is a secret. Murphy received the hardest blow of his career yesterday at the hands of James C. Stewart, a State contractor. The blow was delivered in Whitman's apartment. Stewart, following it up this afternoon, will tell his story of the $133,000 "hold up" by James E. Gaffney, Murphy's closest friend, to the Grand Jury.

Stewart, invigorated by a hunting trip in the South, sought Whitman before the District Attorney was ready to go to his office. With Stewart were his brother, Alexander Stewart, and Almuth C. Vandiver, attorney of the firm of O'Gorman, Battle & Vandiver. The conference at Whitman's apartment continued two hours.

The hunting trip apparently was of much benefit to Stewart. What interested Whitman most, of course, was that Stewart's memory had been refreshed. It was on Jan. 16 that the contractor first told of the "hold up" in his office "by a man who represented himself as being a Mr. Gaffney." Stewart yesterday, it is understood, was specific as to the visit of the bagman and told about it in a convincing way.

Following Stewart's revelations to Whitman, the Grand Jury heard five men whose testimony, it was said, threw further light on the methods of "invisible government" and Tammany chieftains. These witnesses were all former or present members of the Canal Board which passed on Barge Canal contracts in which James C. Stewart, through James Stewart & Co., was interested. The witnesses were Secretary of State Mitchell May, State Treasurer John J. Kennedy, ex-Secretary of State Edward Lazansky, Supt. of Public Works Duncan W. Peck, and State Engineer John A. Bensel.

Caller Was James E. Gaffney.

These were developments in the graft investigation yesterday following the conference in Whitman's apartment and the session of the Grand Jury:

James C. Stewart acknowledged that it was James E. Gaffney, politician, contractor, silent partner, baseball club owner, and chief of the squad of Tammany bagmen, who came to his office shortly after the election of 1912 and demanded a "subscription" equivalent to 5 per cent. on contracts for nearly $3,000,000 which the Canal Board was considering at the time. Stewart was the lowest bidder.

Stewart acknowledged there was no doubt in his mind as to the identity of James E. Gaffney.

Stewart acknowledged that he was enraged by Gaffney's proposal; that he (Stewart) immediately went to Charles F. Murphy's suite in Delmonico's, and there protested to Murphy about Gaffney's hold-up.

Stewart went a second time to Murphy's suite, and Murphy refused to see him.

The District Attorney now is trying to show that there was a connection between the Gaffney hold-up and the action by the Canal Board on Stewart's contracts; that certain members of the Canal Board were participants in a conspiracy and influenced the honest members of the board to vote with them, and that the whole deal was managed from Tammany Hall.

The wrath of Contractor Stewart was appeased ultimately when he received the contract for half of the work he bid for at a bid which twice had been rejected by the Canal Board.

A hot attack was made in the Grand Jury upon Superintendent of Public Works Duncan W. Peck. His explanation of the reason why Stewart's offer was rejected was riddled. It came out that Peck authorized an increase in the engineer's estimate of $250,000 to permit Stewart finally to get a half of the contract work at his own bid. It also came out that P. McGovern & Co., a firm with strong Tammany affiliations, got a contract for work which Stewart desired at a bid 20 per cent. above the engineers' estimate.

Ex-Lieut. Gov. Thomas F. Conway and John A. Bensel are to be witnesses before the Grand Jury to-day. Bensel will be called again because of an unsatisfactory explanation of the rejection of the Stewart bid. Attorney General Carmody is to be called as a witness next week, and in the end Gov. Glynn, who was a member of the Canal Board for seven months, may be called to aid in straightening out the tangle.

Stewart's Change of Front.

ing trip in North Carolina, it was said, because his own attorney, United States Senator O'Gorman, had, as it was expressed, "knocked the props from under him." Stewart testified in the John Doe inquiry that he could not identify the man who, as he said, tried to hold "him him up" for $135,000. It was apparent that he was trying to shield some one. The testimony of ex-Gov. Sulzer brought Senator O'Gorman's name into the case. Sulzer asserted that Senator O'Gorman had remonstrated with Murphy for permitting his bagman, Gaffney, to hold up Stewart, O'Gorman's client. That brought O'Gorman to Whitman's door, and the Senator explained that it was not he but Stewart himself who went to Murphy and complained about Gaffney.

"You'll have to produce Stewart and he'll have to tell the truth or I'll indict him for perjury," the District Attorney, it is said, told Senator O'Gorman.

The District Attorney's threat had much weight. Mr. Whitman has witnesses, it is understood, who will be taken into the Grand Jury room if Stewart repeats his previous testimony that he does not know Gaffney. On Stewart and O'Gorman rest the whole case against Gaffney, and Whitman is not going to let the case slip through his fingers. Stewart, also, will be a mainstay in the case slowly developing against Murphy.

The relation which Murphy bears to the Stewart case is vague. There is no direct evidence of criminal wrong doing against Murphy, but there is evidence of a conspiracy to fleece Stewart by persons affiliated with Murphy. If a conspiracy charge is brought any order, any message, or any word from Murphy bearing on it in a general way would be sufficient to involve the Tammany leader. Mr. Whitman now is investigating this phase of the matter.

It was the search for Murphy's trail apparently which prompted the invitations to the members and ex-members of the Canal Board. Whitman wanted to ask them all about contracts 71A and 72A of the Barge Canal. These were the contracts for which Stewart submitted a joint bid. Stewart did not get the contracts and the State lost $28,000 as a result.

Contracts 71A and 72A were for construction work on the Champlain canal division of the Barge Canal. They originally were let in 1909 and 1910 to the Shanley-Morrissey Company, a concern with strong Tammany backing. This company failed and the contracts were readvertised and bids were opened in August and September, 1912. There was no bid on 71A, and the firm of James Stewart & Co. was the only bidder on 72A. Stewart's bid was $414,000 above the engineers' estimate and was rejected.

At the second leting of 71A and 72A there were three bids on 71A and Stewart appeared again as the only bidder on 72A. This time he had cut $5,000 from his former bid, but still was $409,696 above the engineers' estimate. For 71A Stewart was the second lowest bidder, being $15,000 higher than P. McGovern & Co. But Stewart attached to his bids a proposal that if both contracts were awarded to his firm he would reduce the price of excavation on 71A by 11 cents a cubic yard.

This would have made his bid on 71A $28,000 below the bid of P. McGovern & Co. The bids on the second letting were opened on Nov. 19, 1912. The Canal Board held a meeting on Nov. 26, 1912. Superintendent of Public Works Peck made objection to the form of Stewart's bid, but no formal action was taken on either 71A or 72A by the board.

The telegram from Gov.-elect Sulzer asking that action on the bid of James Stewart & Co. be deferred was received on Dec. 18, 1912. The Board deferred action, although Peck and Controller Sohmer voted against granting Sulzer's request. It was Peck's plan at the meeting of Dec. 18 to push through the award of 71A to P. McGovern & Co. Sulzer blocked him in this. Peck appeared as a witness against Sulzer in the impeachment trial.

Contract 71A was awarded on Jan. 14 to P. McGovern & Co. Contract 72A again was advertised, and this time there were two bidders—Stewart and McGovern. Stewart, on this occasion, had cut $200 from his second bid. It still was $36,000 below McGovern's bid. This time Stewart got the contract, even though his bid was $400,000 above the engineer's estimate.

Peck Explains to Jury.

When Supt. Peck appeared before the Grand Jury yesterday he submitted an explanation in writing about the awarding of Contracts 71A and 72A. Copies of his explanation were given later to the newspapers. The explanation covered ten pages.

District Attorney Whitman considers the Peck explanation a very important document. It appears that it was this explanation which caused Peck to lose his temper in the Grand Jury room. Mr. Whitman and Assistant District Attorneys Clark and Embree picked flaws in the explanation.

Peck, emerging from the jury room, walked with Whitman to the latter's office. Peck later had a talk with the reporters.

"Do you know Gaffney?" he was asked.

"Never saw Gaffney in my life, except once," replied Peck. "That was at a luncheon in Albany, when I sat next to him."

"Do you know Murphy?"

"Very well. I never talked to Murphy or Gaffney about contracts. I don't know of any attempted hold-up of Stewart by Gaffney. I want to say right now that the Angel Gabriel couldn't deliver me. If Gaffney thought he could deliver me he was a four-flusher."

Sent No Messages to Murphy.

"Did you ever send any messages to Murphy telling him about the Sulzer telegram?"

"I did not. I take messages from no one. I do my own bidding and I do what I think is right. In matters of law the opinion of the Attorney General was good enough for me, and if Mr. Bensel, as State Engineer, passed on a contract his opinion was good enough for me. He knows more about engineering than I do. Stewart's bid was turned down because the was $400,000 above the engineer's estimate. The law gives me the right to reject any bid which is not within 10 per cent. of the engineer's estimate, and Stewart's bid wasn't."

In the statement which he left with the District Attorney Peck asserted that Stewart's proposal for 71A was rejected on Nov. 26, 1912, whereas Sulzer's telegram did not reach the board until Dec. 18. He asserted that Sulzer was referring to Contract 72A, and not to Stewart's joint bid on 71A and 72A. This is not the District Attorney's interpretation of the matter.

After acknowledging that no formal action was taken by the Board on Contract 71A at its meeting of Nov. 26, 1912, Peck said in his explanation that Stewart's bid on 71A was rejected "following the Canal Board meeting." It was rejected on the day of the meeting, he insisted, and on that day, he said, Stewart's receipt for the return of the deposit required on the bid was signed. This was news to the District Attorney.

Peck said that on Nov. 30 he wrote to Bensel about the two bids and said that he was advised by Bensel that the contracts ought to be awarded to the lowest bidder in each case.

Bensel, he said, thought that more favorable bids could not be obtained.

Peck said that he was quite willing to accede to Bensel's view as to contract 71A, but that he was unwilling to award Contract 72A at a figure $400,000 in excess of the engineer's estimate.

At the meeting of the Canal Board on Jan. 14 Mr. Glynn and Mr. May made their first appearance as members. At this meeting Bensel complained of the delay in the construction of the Champlain division of the Barge Canal, and urged action on Contracts 71A and 72A. Bensel's protest had its effect, for after the meeting Peck awarded 71A to P. McGovern & Co. The bid was $20,000 above the engineers' estimate.

At the meeting of Jan. 29 it was decided to advertise Contract 72A a third time. The bids were opened on March 18.

"James Stewart & Co., being the lowest bidder and the bid not exceeding the engineers' estimate by more than 10 per cent, I awarded Contract 72A to James Stewart & Co.," said Peck in his explanation.

It is this statement, it is said, which caused the Superintendent of Public Works some worry on the witness stand. It is a fact that Stewart's successful bid on 72A was within 10 per cent. of the engineers' estimate. It does not appear, however, that the engineers' estimate was raised nearly $250,000 to permit Stewart's bid to come within the 10 per cent. limitation. While the engineers' estimate was raised $250,000 Stewart lowered his bid on the third occasion only $129. Peck, it is understood, told the Grand Jury that he ordered Bensel to draw up a new estimate for the work. It appears that Stewart had his own way in the end. It is this phase of the matter which will be investigated by the Grand Jury.

Peck Talks of Injustice.

Continuing his explanation Peck said:

"While the award of the two contracts to the Stewart company on its bid of Nov. 19 would have affected an apparent saving to the State in this instance of about $28,000 as compared with the total of the low bids for each, such action would have been a manifest injustice to the lowest bidder who had submitted his proposal in good faith, and undoubtedly would have subjected the State to expensive litigation, which the bidder's attorneys intimated would at once be instituted and would possibly have resulted in a year's delay in the completion of the Champlain Canal.

"It must also be noted that in order to effect the alleged savings of $28,000 by the acceptance of the Stewart bids for both contracts, the State would have had to award Contract 72A for a sum over $400,000 in excess of the engineers' estimate. Facts then in hand could only be considered, and the lack of lower bids in future could be foreseen by no man. Had Contract 72A been awarded for so large a sum over what the engineers estimated the cost of the work to be, criticism would have been invited.

"The only proper course, in my judgment, was to again offer the work to competitive bidding, and this was done.

"Furthermore, the acceptance of such conditional bid would have established a precedent which would be of great detriment to the State's interests in future cases. With such a precedent on contracts of so large an amount, definite and precise rules of bidding could

"The specific terms of bidding having been departed from, no proposer is certain as to the basis on which the contract will be awarded. New elements would be introduced in the bidding, controversies would arise, and the door would be opened to unfair awards, and the State subjected to expensive litigation and delays.

"In conclusion I desire to state, for purposes of record, that since I have been Superintendent of Public Works no barge canal contract has been awarded to other than the one submitting the lowest formal bid, and that never so long as I am head of this department will I award any contract so grossly in excess of the engineer's estimate as the contract in question."

Mitchell May, who preceded Peck in the Grand Jury room, said after leaving the room that the meeting on Jan. 14, 1913, at which the Stewart matter came up, was the first he had attended. He knew nothing about the controversy over the Stewart bids. State Treasurer Kennedy refused to be interviewed. It was 6 o'clock before State Engineer Bensel left the jury room.

"I am not much of a talker," he said, walking away.

All of the Canal Board witnesses waived immunity before testifying.

FUGITIVE TIRES OF ROAMING.

Edward T. Williams, Camden ex-Alderman, Surrenders in St. Louis.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 29.—Edward T. Williams, formerly an Alderman in Camden, N. J., surrendered to the police here to-day and asked to be returned to Camden to stand trial on charges of forgery. Williams's term in the City Council expired n 1911, he said. Borrowing all the money he could to finance his campaign he ran for the office a second time, but was defeated.

Deeply in debt and ashamed to face his creditors Williams said he forged three checks and passed them on his best friends. One of these would give him $80, another for $60, and the third for $20, he said. With the money thus obtained he left Camden in November, 1911. For two years, he said, he had traveled over the country doing anything he could to earn a living. He is tired of wandering and anxious to see his wife and children.

WON'T QUIT CANAL, GOETHALS REPLIES

Wires That He Will Stay as Long as Needed and Wilson Names Him for Governor.

HIS TENURE IS INDEFINITE

At Least a Year, Washington Thinks—Glynn Would Like Goethals's Aid on Highways.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—All doubts as to Col. George W. Goethals's intention in regard to remaining in the army and continuing his service on the Isthmus as Governor of the Canal Zone were set at rest to-day by a telegram from Col. Goethals to Secretary Garrison accepting the Governorship. Immediately upon the arrival of the telegram the President sent to the Senate the nomination of Col. Goethals to be Governor.

Col. Goethals will remain at the head of the canal administration until President Wilson shall decide that his services there are no longer indispensably required.

Col. Goethals's telegram was in reply to the following telegram sent by Secretary Garrison on Tuesday:

Jan. 27, 1914.

Col. George W. Goethals,
Culebra, Canal Zone:

In connection with the President's intention to appoint you Governor, may I assure him you do not desire to retire from service so long as he feels your services are needed?
GARRISON.

The reply sent by Col. Goethals follows:

Panama, Jan. 29, 1914.

To the Secretary of War:

Referring to your cable of 27th instant relative to Governorship, will not retire so long as my services are needed.
GOETHALS.

Secretary Garrison said to-night that at no time had he entertained the least doubt of Col. Goethals's purpose to remain at Panama so long as he might be needed there. Nor had there ever been any doubt, he said, that President Wilson would appoint Col. Goethals to the Governorship.

It is not known here how long Col. Goethals will care to remain on the Isthmus, but he is expected to stay there at least a year. In the interval Congress will have had the opportunity of specially recognizing the success of Col. Goethals in bringing the canal to completion. It is clear that it will remain with Col. Goethals to decide what his future will be.

Many of Col. Goethals's friends here say they are satisfied that he would enjoy being Police Commissioner of New York if he pleased, and that he would give an excellent administration. Some of these friends think that when he leaves Panama it will be to take the place offered to him by Major Mitchel. Others express the view that the Police Commissionership will be held, awaiting the convenience of Col. Goethals or the Government.

HUGHES HIGHWAY BOARD SMIRCHED

Road Bids Fattened and Contractors Taxed to Fight for the Commission's Life.

WINDSOR GAVE UP $1,400

Osborne Unearths Further Montgomery Road Irregularities—Denounces Alexander's Inactivity.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 29.—James W. Osborne, Gov. Glynn's special graft investigator, to-day brought out evidence to show alleged irregularities by the first State Highway Commission, appointed by Gov. Hughes, and it became clear that the Republicans might suffer with the Democrats as the result of any thorough and unbiased investigation of the Highway Department since it was established.

Testimony that the Hughes commission used "bagmen" was supplied by M. D. Windsor, a contractor of Guilford, Chenango County, who admitted that he had contributed "to save the Republican Highway Commission" at the time its fate hung in the balance after the Democratic victory in the Fall of 1910.

Mr. Windsor testified that while he was working on a contract for the construction of a State road near Northville, in the lower Adirondack region, "a man named Donnelly" came to him and made an appeal on behalf of the Highway Commission. The witness said he gave $500. Later in the Fall he was approached by another man, to whom he gave $800 for the same purpose—to block the effort to legislate the commission out of office.

The witness testified that later in 1910, or possibly early in 1911, when Gov. Dix was urging upon a willing Legislature the abolition of the three-headed Highway Commission, he attended a conference at the Clarendon Hotel in this city, at which S. Percy Hooker, head of the Hughes Commission was present, and where he was persuaded to part with another $100 to keep that commission in office. At the conference were three other men, whom the witness did not know.

Mr. Osborne had placed in evidence the record of a dozen repair contracts let in 1909 and 1910 by the Hooker commission by public bidding, but nullified by supplemental agreements boosting the cost. These agreements increased the price nearly three times in some instances. Roads in Erie, Monroe, Oneida, Chenango, Westchester, Rensselaer, and Otsego counties were affected. In one instance a contract awarded to Henry P. Burgard of Buffalo for $7,600 had been increased to $34,531.50.

The aggregate amount called for under the bids was $322,653. Under the supplemental agreements there was added to this $147,089, almost 50 per cent.

Much of the day's testimony was devoted to learning additional details concerning the construction of the Montgomery County road which figured in yesterday's hearing and which Mr. Osborne referred to the District Attorney of that county with a request for Grand Jury action, terming the transaction "a direct steal of State money."

Peter V. Baird, President of the Mohonk Contracting Company, which built the road, declined to testify voluntarily. J. H. Dealy, an ex-Mayor of Amsterdam, appeared for Baird as attorney and suggested that Mr. Osborne would subpoena Baird.

"Perhaps it is evident to you why I don't care to subpoena him when yesterday I requested the District Attorney of Montgomery County to consider the facts about this road which Baird's firm built."

Mr. Osborne recalled ex-Congressman Theron Akin to tell the local history of some of the highway inspectors on the road. Three of the Inspectors named were M. D. Dugan, James L. Doyle and Robert Wemple, Jr. It was brought out that Dugan was a son-in-law of A. B. Condon, Baird's bookkeeper; that Wemple was a son of A. Z. Wemple, who, until three months ago, was Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, and that Doyle obtained his position through ex-Senator W. A. Gardner.

The expected break between Commissioner Osborne and Harold D. Alexander, District Attorney of Albany County, came to-day. It was occasioned by the refusal of Mr. Alexander to present to the Grand Jury the testimony taken before Mr. Osborne involving the members of the Dix Highway Commission.

After the Grand Jury had been dismissed to-day without having considered the testimony, Mr. Alexander issued a statement declaring that in his opinion the members of the former commission had violated no law in approving repair contracts aggregating $3,000,000, which had been awarded by C. F. Foley, a Deputy Commissioner, without public bidding. There were additional facts concerning the contracts which Mr. Alexander wished to learn, he said, but he did not feel justified in keeping the jury in session pending his further inquiry.

When Mr. Osborne heard of Mr. Alexander's statement he said he would appeal to Gov. Glynn for the appointment of a special Attorney General to handle the cases unless Mr. Alexander should decide to lay them before the next Grand Jury, which is to meet in March. Mr. Osborne declared flatly that the testimony showed that the Commissioners had violated the law by delegating their executive powers to their deputy.

The Grand Jury failed to indict John F. Lewis, a foreman of highway laborers, whose indictment Mr. Osborne sought as a result of testimony that Lewis had signed pay checks of his subordinates without their knowledge. At the hearing before the Grand Jury, according to Mr. Alexander's statement, it developed that Lewis had advanced pay to the laborers and had their authority to indorse the checks.

District Attorney Alexander later intimated that he would submit the case of the Highway Commissioners, Messrs. Reel, Bensel, and Peck, and Deputy Foley to the Grand Jury in March. Gov. Glynn said this evening that he had not been asked to give the case to the Attorney General.

Private law business took Mr. Osborne to New York to-night. The hearing will be resumed Tuesday.

$5,000,000 IN CASH IN VILLA WAR CHEST

Rebel Leaders Also Boast of Many More Millions in Confiscated Cattle and Stores.

PLAN A NEW CURRENCY

Gen. Villa Under Surgical Operation, but Is Recovering—Thinks Huerta's Fall Is Near.

JUAREZ, Mexico, Jan. 29.—The war chest of the rebels under Gen. Francisco Villa is said to contain $5,000,000 Mexican money. In addition to this cash for carrying on the revolution, they say they have a vast amount of personal property, stores, cattle, and land which belonged to wealthy families and was confiscated.

The cash represents part of the wealth obtained within six months under the direction of Villa. It was accumulated from forced loans on banks, merchants, mines, on the Terrazas and Creel families, and import duties. Rebel leaders said it would be impossible to estimate the actual wealth of the revolution, but that if they could get cash for the property now in their possession the proceeds would be sufficient to run a government in the rebel territory for several years.

The mines and smelters are reopening on terms by which the rebels obtain 10 per cent. of the profits. The money now in the rebel treasury is to be converted into a new issue of currency to replace various kinds of paper money now in circulation.

Gen. Villa underwent an operation today which was necessitated by a bullet wound received several months ago. His condition was not serious. It was said he would be able to return to Chihuahua within a few days.

"Although we expect a hard fight at Torreon," said Gen. Villa, "I would not be surprised if the defeat of the Federals there would mean the downfall of Huerta. Unless he falls at Torreon, the gateway to the South, we shall probably have to fight right on to Mexico City."

GUATEMALA AIDS CARRANZA?

Reported to be Forwarding to Rebels Arms Imported from U. S.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 29.—Large shipments of arms and ammunition through New Orleans to the Guatemalan Government are intended for the Constitutionalists in Mexico, according to current rumor, coupled with the report that President Estrada Cabrera of Guatemala is preparing to recognize Venustiano Carranza as President of Mexico. Gen. Castillo Brita recently sailed from here for Guatemala, and is reported to be acting as Carranza's agent.

Two hundred Winchester rifles and 50,000 rounds of ammunition, received here to-night on the steamer Creole from New York, will be shipped next Thursday to Guatemala. It is reported that other large shipments are to be made. Angel Pena, Consul of Guatemala at New Orleans, denies the reports as to Mexico as well as rumors of expected revolutionary troubles in Honduras.

The shipment of rifles and ammunition that arrived to-night was consigned to T. M. Solomon & Co., the firm that recently made the shipment of 300,000 rounds of ammunition to Guatemala. This second shipment, it was explained, President Cabrera desired for arming the students of the Polytechnic School.

Further alarm in Central American circles here is caused by the presence in New Orleans of Gen. Jose Maria Letona, ex-Minister of War of Guatemala and now confidential secretary to President Cabrera.

BRITISH BANKERS RESTIVE.

Soon to Discuss Pressing Wilson for Action in Mexico.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The relations of the United States with Great Britain in regard to the Panama Canal tolls, the controversy between Washington and Tokio over the California alien land ownership legislation, and President Wilson's policy toward Mexico are the subjects of long dispatches from British correspondents in Washington, but there is a singular lack of editorial comment on these questions.

The Pall Mall Gazette is the only newspaper to mention Mexico. It says President Wilson has laid himself open to a charge of having chalked up "No Huerta" and then run away, and it concludes: "It is a position that becomes worse for the prestige of the

Important Notice.

To Holders of $10,000,000 Boston & Maine Notes Maturing February 3, 1914:

Holders of over seventy-five per cent. of the above notes have assented to an extension of their notes until June 2, 1914.

It is most important that the remaining note holders communicate at once with Mr. William J. Hobbs, Vice-President of the Boston & Maine Railroad, North Station, Boston, Mass., stating amounts and numbers of notes held by them.

BOSTON & MAINE RAILROAD.
By MORRIS McDONALD, President.

GOETHALS BILLS GO TO ALBANY

Continued from Page 1.

trative proceeding, as it ought to be, instead of a judicial proceeding, as it is under the present law.

The pension rights of policemen will be strengthened by a provision in two supplemental bills introduced with the Goethals bill that whatever money they have paid out of their salaries into the pension fund shall be returned to them with interest in case of dismissal from the force for any reason, except conviction by a criminal court. At present a policeman dismissed from the force loses his entire interest in the pension fund.

"Another supplemental bill introduced with the Goethals bill provides that the terms of service of Sergeants and Lieutenants, now fixed at two and three years respectively before such officers can take examination for promotion to higher grades, shall be shortened to six months' service in the case of a Sergeant and one year's service in the case of a Lieutenant. This will mean that on a more rapid promotion will be possible from Sergeancy to Lieutenancy and Lieutenancy to Captaincy in the Police Department for able and deserving men.

Five Bills Stand Together.

"All of these bills taken together constitute one piece of legislation. They must be considered together and in their relation to each other, and are inseparable. They would have been incorporated in one bill but for the constitutional limitation of a local bill to one title and subject matter.

"The Goethals bill carries out the spirit and letter of the written message of Col. Goethals to me stating the conditions on which he will accept the Police Commissionership. I am convinced, furthermore, that with this amendment to the law it will be possible for Col. Goethals to put an end forever to the so-called 'system' in the Police Department."

The language of the bill making the Commissioner's decision final regarding dismissals is contained in an amendment to Section 288 of the City Charter, as amended by Chapter 160 of the Laws of 1907, and is as follows:

No member of the uniformed force shall be fined, reprimanded, suspended, dismissed or reduced until he has been allowed an opportunity of making an explanation before the Police Commissioner or one of his deputies, orally or in writing, in person or by counsel or both, not less than forty-eight hours after service of written charges upon said member. If such explanation be made before a Deputy Commissioner, the record thereof, including all papers in the matter and the recommendation of said Deputy Commissioner, shall be reduced to writing and transmitted to the Commissioner for decision. In every case the decision of the Commissioner fining, reprimanding, suspending, dismissing or reducing a member of the uniformed force shall be final and not subject to review by the courts.

Within one year after such decision of the Commissioner any such member may make a written application to the Mayor for another opportunity of making an explanation, setting forth his reasons therefor; and the Mayor may, in his discretion, grant said application, provided such member shall waive in writing all claim for back pay or damages. If such application be approved by the Mayor, the Police Commissioner shall grant another opportunity of making an explanation and may, in his discretion, affirm, revoke or modify his decision previously made as to allowance of time to be applied to the service of said member in the Police Department, or otherwise, as in his judgment may be equitable.

Provides for Rehearings.

The reinstatement of policemen and firemen, with the consent of the Mayor and the Police or Fire Commissioner, is covered by the following amendment to Section 1,543A of the City Charter:

Upon written application to the Mayor by the person aggrieved, setting forth the reasons for demanding such rehearing, the Police Commissioner, if the person aggrieved was a member of the police force, or the Fire Commissioner, if the person aggrieved was a member of the fire department, shall have the power, in his discretion, to rehear the charges upon which a member of the uniformed police or fire department, as the case may be, has been dismissed, unless such dismissal was for insubordination, conduct unbecoming an officer or member, cowardice, or intoxication; provided that such former member of such force or department shall waive in writing all claim against the City of New York for back pay, and provided further that the Mayor shall, in writing, consent to such rehearing, stating the reasons why such charges should be reheard.

Such application for a rehearing shall be made within one year after this act takes effect or within one year from the date of the removal if such removal occurs after this act takes effect.

If such Commissioner shall determine that such member has been illegally or unjustly dismissed such Commissioner may reinstate such member and allow him the whole of his time since such dismissal, to be applied on his time of service in such department, or such other or further relief as such Commissioner may determine just, or to affirm his dismissal as he may determine from the evidence.

Regarding the refunding of moneys from the Pension Fund the Legislature is asked to amend the City Charter by adding to Capter ? a new section, to be known as Section 355A, which is to read as follows:

Within fifteen days after the dismissal of any member of the police force who has contributed to the pension fund the Police Commissioner shall pay to said dismissed member out of the pension fund all moneys deducted or contributed from said member's pay, salary, or compensation and paid into said fund in accordance with any law, rule, or regulation, except moneys deducted as fines and penalties. No refund from the said pension fund shall be made when the member has been dismissed as the result of a conviction of a crime by any court or officer of competent jurisdiction.

Interest on Pension Refund.

A new section to the same chapter, to be known as Section 355B, is also added to deal with the payment of interest on money refunded from the Pension Fund. It reads:

There shall be paid from the city treasury to the dismissed members of the uniformed police force simple interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum computed as of the first day of January of each year on the total amount contributed by said member to the pension fund. There shall be appropriated annually by the city a sufficient sum to meet the payment of said interest.

No such interest shall be paid when the member has been dismissed as the result of a conviction of a crime by any court or officer of competent jurisdiction.

Section 288 of Chapter 160 of the Charter is amended to provide that Lieutenants of Police shall be selected from among Sergeants who shall have served at least six months continuously, and not two years as at present, and Captains shall be selected from among Lieutenants of Police who shall have served at least one year as such, and not three years, as at present.

McKAY APPOINTS GODLEY.

Names Him Deputy as Dougherty and Newburger Quit.

The resignations of George S. Dougherty and Harry W. Newburger, Second and Third Deputy Police Commissioners, were accepted by Police Commissioner McKay yesterday, to take effect at midnight on Monday. Several hours later he announced the appointment of Leon G. Godley, an Assistant Corporation Counsel, to succeed Mr. Newburger. Mr. Godley will commence his new work on Tuesday. On the same day the Commissioner expects to announce the selection of his Second Deputy, in command of the Detective Bureau. No one has been mentioned for the position of First Deputy.

Mr. Godley will be in charge of police affairs in Brooklyn, and will preside at all police trials in the two boroughs.

In the resignation presented by Mr. Dougherty he told the Commissioner that he wished to retire to engage in private business. Mr. Newburger's letter of resignation gave no reason for his retirement. He was said to be in Boston yesterday. It is understood that he intends to return to the practice of law. At the time he became a deputy he had been for some time counsel for a number of charitable and other organizations, in several of which Jacob H. Schiff has a personal interest. Both resignations were dated Jan. 23.

When Mr. Waldo accepted the resignations of all his deputies and then submitted his own resignation on the eve of the inauguration of Mr. Mitchel, leaving the Police Department without a civilian head, Mayor Kline appointed Mr. McKay as Commissioner, and the latter requested Mr. Dougherty and Mr. Newburger to remain with him until their successors could be chosen. Deputy Commissioner Dougherty said this of his retirement:

"I waited for the appointment of my successor and when this was not done on Jan. 22 I asked Commissioner McKay to suggest the date on which I might go out. After a conference with the Mayor over the telephone he said he would be able to relieve me within two days. I accordingly presented my resignation on the following day. I shall return to the business in which I was interested with my brother, Harry V. Dougherty, at 31 Broadway, which is of more personal advantage to me and more to my liking than the Police Department. We have several important contracts which require my attention, and that was the main reason for hastening my retirement.

"I want to add that in Police Commissioner McKay I do not believe the department could find a better commander. He has the confidence and respect of the men of every rank, which I think is the best assurance of his success, and he knows police affairs thoroughly. I have had the cooperation of all the men with whom I have dealed in the department, and it is with some regret on personal grounds that I am leaving them."

The late Mayor Gaynor sent for Dougherty on April 27, 1911, and requested him to reorganize and take charge of the Detective Bureau. Among the four or five names mentioned yesterday for Dougherty's place were ex-Deputy Commissioner Arthur Woods, now secretary to the Mayor, and Inspector Joseph A. Faurot, in charge of the Detective Bureau. The latter's work in that department has been very successful.

Mr. Godley has long been known to Mayor Mitchel. The Mayor said last night that he was a good man for police work. Mr. Godley is 34 years old, and lives with his family at 34 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn. He has been a member of the Corporation Counsel's staff for three years. He was born in Corning, N. Y., and came here sixteen years ago. After his graduation from the St. Lawrence University he obtained a degree in the Brooklyn Law School.

Commissioner McKay sent letters to the retiring Deputies yesterday. To Mr. Dougherty he wrote:

"I wish to express my appreciation of your services to the department. Upon your request you laid aside considerations of personal convenience to resume your duties as the head of the Detective Division until such time as the reorganization of the department would permit of your withdrawal. You have my best wishes for your continued success."

To Mr. Newburger he said:

"You are leaving the department upon the occasion of a change in the administration. Upon request, you consented to resume the duties of Third Deputy Commissioner during such reasonable period as would permit of the selection of your successor. In doing so you demonstrated your devotion to the public interest, without regard to personal considerations. I wish to assure you of my appreciation of your loyalty."

OPPOSITION FROM THE POLICE.

Suggested in Albany That Senate May Kill One Bill.

ALBANY, Jan. 29.—Assistant Corporation Counsel McGoldrick announced tonight that he had received the five police bills by special messenger. They will be introduced by Senator Henry W. Pollock of the Eighteenth District and Assemblyman Almeth W. Hoff of Brooklyn.

The bill, taking from the courts the power to review dismissals, is not looked upon with favor among the members of the Democratic Senate. It is suggested that as a result of the agitation against its passage that is expected from the "benevolent" organizations in the Police Department, this bill on which Mayor Mitchel has set his heart may fall of passage, while the other four, favorable to the police, which are not likely to arouse any opposition, may be enacted.

GLYNN COMMENDS GOETHALS.

Would Like to Have the Canal Engineer for Highway Commissioner.

ALBANY, Jan. 29.—Before he heard that Col. George W. Goethals had been nominated for Governor of the Canal Zone Gov. Glynn announced that he would approve any measures which would meet Col. Goethals's conditions in the event of his accepting the New York Police Commissionership.

"I have not familiarized myself with the provisions of the bills which I understand Mayor Mitchel has had prepared," said the Governor, "but if New York needs Col. Goethals and the bills meeting his conditions pass the Legislature I shall sign them."

Incidentally the Governor remarked that Col. Goethals "would make a great adjunct to the State Highway Department."

"Are you considering a change in the Highway Commissionership and are you thinking of offering the place to him?" he was asked.

"No," was the reply, "but I cannot help thinking of what value a man of his experience and ability would be in helping to solve New York State's highway problems."

SmokyFireplaces
Made to Draw
Cooking Odors
Carried Out of the House
Payment Conditional on Success.
FREDERIC N. WHITLEY Engineer and Contractor
211 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Heating--Ventilating--Air Filtration

WILSON HOLDS JAPAN BLAMELESS

Continued from Page 1.

flecting what President Wilson wished to be known of his attitude does not fit in with the impression conveyed at the White House Monday night to the Senators who attended the "Foreign Relations Committee" meeting, as the President styled it. The impression made upon the minds of some Senators who were parties to the conference was that, even granting that Japan was within her rights in permitting arms to be shipped to Mexico for the use of the Huerta forces, the predominating interest of the United States in the Mexican situation, the knowledge that this Government was refusing to permit munitions of war to be sent into the disturbed republic, and the refusal of this Government to recognize Gen. Huerta as President or to have official dealings with him, had subjected Japan to the suspicion of seeking to embarrass the United States in its efforts to bring Mexico's troubles to an end.

Other Countries Shipping Arms.

The White House answer to this is that other nations are permitting the shipment of arms to Mexico from their ports, and that these nations, like Japan, have no authority to stop such transactions. Furthermore, the argument was advanced that in forbidding the shipment of arms from this country into Mexico, President Wilson was acting under express authority of legislative enactment which was not possessed by the executives of other nations.

As for the Mexican situation per se, President Wilson had callers to-day that his advices were that President Huerta was getting no money from outside sources, although badly in need of it, and was living on the country through forced loans and increased taxes.

The President also expressed confidence that the pending arbitration treaties would be reported favorably to the Senate by the Foreign Relations Committee at an early date. One of these is the British arbitration treaty, which has been held up on account of the fear on the part of some Senators that it would provide means for arbitrating the Panama Canal tolls controversy.

NO CRISIS, ASSERTS WILSON.

Does Not Regard Other Foreign Problems as Part of Mexicano.

Dispatch to The Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—President Wilson outlined informally to-day the status of those problems of American diplomacy which have been brought into the foreground of public attention by his recent conference with the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations. He reiterated with emphasis that no crisis was at hand in any of the questions he had discussed unless the Mexican situation could be construed as in the nature of a perpetual crisis, fraught always with the possibility of sudden change or unexpected developments.

In divulging some of the more important facts concerning American foreign policy the President sounded a warning against unwarranted speculation in the press on foreign questions, indicating that Governments were frequently embarrassed by unfounded reports.

The President made it clear that, while he had taken up the relations with Mexico, Japan, Great Britain, and the general arbitration treaties at the same time with the Senators, those problems were not grouped together as having any bearing on the Mexican situation. He regarded them as inter-related only in so far as he wished the Senate Foreign Relations Committee to take them under consideration so as to form a judgment on all of the points involved.

Still "Watchfully Waiting."

With respect to Mexico the President let it be known that the only settled part of his policy at present was to continue the course of "watchful waiting," but that this was a day-to-day conviction with him, subject to developments in the revolution-torn Republic. He has not yet made up his mind to lift the embargo on arms, but is considering carefully the arguments for and against such a course.

The President believes that the foreign governments are doing all they can to show a friendly spirit toward the United States in the Mexican situation. The American Government realizes that the Huerta Administration has a plentiful supply of ammunition and arms, though most of the rifles are not in use, the Government having no money to pay its troops, and desertions being many.

The President disposed of queries in connection with the visit of the officers of the Japanese cruiser Idzumo to Mexico City by letting it be known that the American Government had not regarded it as differing in any way from the recent trips of British and German naval officers to the Mexican capital.

WILSON FOR TWO-SHIP PLAN.

Daniels Tells Committee President Backs His Naval Programme.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy told the House Committee on Naval Affairs today that President Wilson personally approved of the Secretary's naval increase programme of two new dreadnoughts, eight torpedo boat destroyers, and three submarines.

Secretary Daniels asked for $19,262,000 as a first appropriation toward the construction of these vessels. To continue the construction of vessels previously authorized, the Secretary asked for $19,073,234.

Secretary Daniels recommended that Congress take steps toward an international agreement for absolute disarmament, but said it was the desire of the Government to maintain its sea power at its present standard and to keep the navy relatively not lower than third place among the navies of the world. He also said the United States must continue to build battleships and other auxiliaries for that purpose indefinitely, "in the absence of an international naval reduction agreement.

There was little consolation for the "Little Navy" members of the committee in what Secretary Daniels said concerning President Wilson's advocacy of the authorization of two battleships during the present session of Congress. Confronting the Secretary around the committee table were Democrats favoring one battleship, some favoring two, and a few favoring three dreadnoughts annually, the latter was Representative Britton of Illinois. Mr. Britton inquired point blank whether the President approved the Secretary's recommendations for two dreadnoughts, eight destroyers, and three submarines. Mr. Daniels replied promptly and unequivocally that this programme met with President Wilson's approval.

Military and Economic Views.

The General Board of the navy has recommended the construction of four battleships and numerous auxiliary units this year. Rear Admiral Vreeland, ranking member of that board, next to Admiral Dewey, testifying before the House Committee yesterday, strongly urged the adoption of the General Board's programme. Representative Hensley of Missouri, who was one of the leading interrogators of Admiral Vreeland yesterday, wanted to know today why Secretary Daniels had more than slashed the General Board's recommendations in half.

Mr. Daniels replied that the General Board viewed the situation from a purely military angle, while the department felt constrained to govern its action by considerations of economy and the neeed for imposing limitations upon naval expenditures. The Secretary said that while he believed the Government should maintain an adequate navy, it was not necessary to engage in any frantic race with other nations for sea power, and that the navy must be maintained adequately without resorting to excessive expenditures. He also made it clear that the navy and plans for its maintenance or increase would not be allowed to become the football of partisan policies.

This was in response to a suggestion from Representative Hensley that the Democrats of the last House in a caucus had declared in favor of limiting new construction of larger units to not more than one battleship annually. Secretary Daniels's response was that such action would be a fatal mistake, and that it was wrong to treat the navy as a partisan question.

Representative Hensley was the author of the naval holiday resolution, which the House passed recently, authorizing the President to exert his influence toward obtaining an international agreement for skipping a year in the construction of new dreadnoughts. Mr. Hensley sought the Secretary's opinion of it.

Mr. Daniels said he had considered the suggestion as originally launched by Winston Churchill, First Lord of the British Admiralty, and afterward taken up by Mr. Hensley. But he said he thought efforts to bring about a cessation of naval building for a year, or any other precise period, would be fruitless. He thought the most practical way of approaching the question would be through an international conference having for its purpose an agreement for complete disarmament. He added that he thought Congress might do well to adopt a resolution authorizing the President to take the initiative in the direction of such a conference. Mr. Daniels told the committee he would discuss the details of such a resolution with the committee at another time.

When asked why he favored

MILLIONS ON HAND TO STOP BANK RUN

Bank for Savings Declines Offers of Aid When False Rumors Frighten Depositors.

DEMANDS PROMPTLY MET

State Bank Superintendent Says the Institution Is in a Splendid Condition.

For no reason which the officials or members of the Board of Trustees could explain, some depositors of the Bank for Savings, at Twenty-second Street and Fourth Avenue, started a run upon that institution yesterday. Other banks offered at once to supply money to meet the demands of the depositors, but President Walter Trimble and Controller James Knowles declined these offers with thanks, saying that the bank was amply provided with funds.

To show the soundness of the bank, President Trimble issued this statement last night, which was authorized by the Trustees:

There is no basis whatever for the false rumors which have been circulated during the past few days concerning the Bank for Savings. The investments of the bank are of the most conservative nature and are made in accordance with the requirements of the laws of the State of New York. The statement of Jan. 1, 1914, made to the Superintendent of Banks, showed the investments to be:

Bonds and mortgages in the City of New York at 60 per cent. of the appraised value of the property	$50,302,450.00
Bonds of the State of New York	2,265,000.00
Other State and county bonds	1,521,500.00
Bonds of the City of New York	15,807,500.00
Bonds of the cities of Buffalo, Rochester, Boston, Philadelphia, Newark, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Minneapolis, St. Louis and Seattle	7,212,600.00
Railroad bonds, first mortgage	25,066,000.00
Banking house and lot	400,000.00
Real estate	469,966.79
Interest accrued to date	1,173,963.25
Cash on hand and in the following banks and trust companies: Bank of Manhattan Company, National Bank of Commerce, Union Trust Company, United States Trust Company, Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Second National Bank	3,589,937.06
	$107,908,917.10

The deposits were $97,159,668.67 and the surplus at par values $10,749,248.43. We regret that a number of the depositors, owing to the rumors which have been circulated, have withdrawn their money, thereby losing interest. The bank is sound and solvent, has ample cash on hand and in banks, and there is not the slightest reason for uneasiness on the part of the depositors.

The above statement was issued in the name of the following, who are the officers and trustees:

TRUSTEES.

John E. Parsons, Walter Trimble, Frederic W. Stevens, Henry R. Hoyt, Charles A. Sherman, August Belmont, Henry W. de Forest, Charles H. Tweed, W. Bayard Cutting, Otto M. Eidlitz, William J. Riker, William A. Sloane, Charles S. Brown, James Knowles, William W. Appleton, Thomas Denny, Charles A. Peabody, Pierre Jay, Thomas Dimond, John E. Cowdin, Adrian Iselin, Jr., James Alexander, Robert Bacon, Nicholas Biddle, Lewis B. Gawtry, George F. Baker, Jr.

Walter Trimble, President.
Frederic W. Stevens, First Vice President.
Charles S. Brown, Second Vice President.
Adrian Iselin, Jr., Third Vice President.
Lewis B. Gawtry, Secretary.
James Knowles, Controller.

The Bank for Savings is the oldest savings institution in New York City. It was founded in 1819. It has weathered in its long and successful existence seven financial panics. When the run yesterday, which began as soon as the doors opened at 10 o'clock, was well under way, more than $50,000,000 was put at the disposal of the officials, but the bank had sufficient ready money on hand to meet all emergencies.

Morgan Firm Offers Cash.

One of the first messages offering assistance came from William H. Porter, of J. Pierpont Morgan & Co. Mr. Porter offered $1,000,000 in cash, which he said he would send uptown immediately in automobiles. Then came similar offers from the Guaranty Trust Company, the Chemical National Bank, the Second National Bank, the New York County National Bank, and the National City Bank.

George F. Baker, Jr., Vice President of the First National Bank, who is a member of the Board of Trustees of the Bank for Savings, notified the officials of the savings institution that he stood ready to supply on demand any money which might be needed should the reserve on hand be exhausted. Although President Trimble made these offers public at once, the run continued throughout the day, and at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the usual closing hour, it was found necessary to admit several hundred depositors who were waiting in line to withdraw their money. It was almost 7 o'clock last night before the last of those in line had been paid off. This was a woman with a child in her arms.

When President Trimble was asked yesterday if the bank would enforce the clause in the law giving it the privilege of requiring sixty days' notice of intended withdrawals he said:

"There is not the remotest possibility of such a thing. This run is inexplicable, and is due to the circulation, due to either malice or ignorance, of wild rumors concerning the stability of the bank and its affairs. The sixty-day notice clause is intended only for the protection of depositors in this and other savings institutions at times of financial panic, in order that a savings bank will not be compelled to throw its securities upon the market at a loss, when money is tight. The Bank for Savings has no stockholders. It is conducted solely in the interests of the depositors, and they are the ones who will suffer most grievously because of this scare. They will lose three months interest upon their savings, even in the event that they redeposit their money in some other savings bank. It is too bad that these poor people should be subjected to an unnecessary fright or that they should jeopardize their savings through withdrawing them and incurring the risk of robbery or ill-advised investment."

It was in order that no doubt should remain in the minds of any of the depositors, that President Trimble ordered that the paying tellers should continue to pay off the depositors after the close of the regular banking hours.

Officers Can't Explain Run.

President Trimble and the members of the Board of Trustees are most anxious to trace to their source the rumors which started the run.

"There are only two possible explanations of the situation," said Mr. Trimble yesterday afternoon. "It may be that the recent failures of small private banks, including the Henry Siegel bank, has led to general unrest among small depositors. On last Monday the Bank for Savings remained open until 6 o'clock, contrary to the usual custom, because we were busy paying interest to our depositors. At one time there were more than five hundred depositors in the bank. This may have led to a rumor that the bank was shaky and that the depositors were withdrawing their money.

"If this run was caused through malice, the only motive could be to attempt to effect the price of high-class securities on the market, and just now this result could be attained through attacking the credit of a single savings bank I am at a loss to understand."

It was learned from Lewis B. Gawtry of the Consolidated Gas Company, one of the trustees of the bank, that an investigation as to the source of the rumors which had precipitated the run would be undertaken, should the Board of Trustees deem such a course practicable. There will be a meeting of the board this morning at 9 o'clock at the bank, and it was said that a substantial reward might be offered for information leading to the identification of the persons responsible for the run. Robert Bacon, ex-United States Ambassador to France and a Director in the United States Steel Corporation, who is a trustee of the bank also, said yesterday afternoon that the run was inexplicable and that no effort would be spared to ascertain its cause.

Warning of the impending run was conveyed to President Trimble on Tuesday, when he heard that a report reflecting on the bank's soundness was being circulated. The effect of the rumor was shown in the withdrawals on Wednesday, when $354,915 was paid out to depositors. Yesterday the officers were prepared with plenty of money to meet the expected demands.

There was little or no disorder yesterday among the depositors who besieged the bank. When the doors opened at 10 o'clock several hundred persons, mostly Swedes and Scandinavians, were in line. They appeared to be, for the most part, servants and chauffeurs. They were paid off as rapidly as the force of paying tellers and accountants could close their accounts. At noon more than 500 persons were crowded within the bank, and as many more stood at the doors at the Fourth Avenue entrance.

Then President Trimble decided to call upon the police to protect the depositors. It was noticed that many men of questionable appearance were mingling with the crowd of depositors on the outside of the building. More than two-thirds of those anxious to withdraw their savings were women, and the officials of the institution feared that some of them might be robbed by pickpockets or highwaymen. Half a dozen policemen in uniform were sent to keep order in front of the bank, and Deputy Commissioner George S. Dougherty dispatched a dozen detectives to the institution, who mingled in the crowds, both on the sidewalk and within the bank, and kept a sharp watch for thieves.

Depositors Paid Off Rapidly.

President Trimble early in the day called upon State Supt. of Banking George C. Van Tuyl, who at the request of the bank officials sent two examiners to make a thorough examination of the bank's assets. The examiners completed their task of checking up the securities at 6 o'clock, and left after assuring the officials of the soundness of the institution. Supt. Van Tuyl said last night at the Hotel Astor:

"The Bank for Savings is in splendid condition. There is absolutely no cause for uneasiness on the part of the depositors, and this run is simply an occurrence which could not have been foreseen or avoided. I have been advised by my examiners that things could not be in better shape."

It was said last night that 832 depositors had closed out their accounts yesterday, and that 78 new accounts had been opened. President Trimble said last night that on Monday the bank had taken $500,000 worth of 4½ per cent. New York State bonds, previously purchased in order to obtain the one-eighth of 1 per cent. discount allowed to savings institutions.

"If the Bank for Savings was at all unstable," he said, "certainly we would not have taken over these bonds. I hope that when the truth appears in the newspapers this unnecessary excitement will be allayed and our depositors will be reassured. The bank will open at the usual hour to-morrow and will pay off dollar for dollar on all demands made upon it, as we have done to-day."

CLARK LOOKS TO 1916.

Predicts His Election as President Over Borah.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 29.—Responding at the banquet of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association to-night to the toast, "The United States and the Twentieth Century," Speaker Champ Clark apparently showed that he had not yet recovered from the sting of defeat in the Democratic National Convention that nominated Wilson.

According to The Baltimore American's report of the speech he predicted in thinly veiled words that he would be the next President of the United States, and that Senator Borah of Idaho would be the nominee of the Republican Party in 1916, and his opponent in the general election.

He said that the United States wielded the greatest political influence in the world and that the Monroe Doctrine stood as a warning to all the nations of Europe to keep their hands off this Continent "or die."

He closed his address with a tribute to the Administration's Mexican policy, which he asserted, was invulnerable.

In part the speaker said:

"In Washington things that don't amount to three straws are made to appear of momentous importance, and something that is really serious is shunted to the rear. There is one of those former things that I haven't gotten over yet. That extra session of Congress that ran into the regular one was the most idiotic thing on earth. But there is no power in the world that will move the Senate.

"The Senate though is a great institution. It produces some great men. Here before you to-night I make this prophecy of one of its greatest members: The gentleman who will follow me in addressing you William E. Borah, is going to be the next Republican nominee for President of the United States.

BLIND BOY LEADS CLASS.

Schenck Gets Highest Honors at De Witt Clinton High School.

William R. Schenck of Bayside, L. I., a blind boy, 18 years old, was graduated last night at the De Witt Clinton High School at the head of his class of 145 boys. He walked to the front of the platform, with as happy a smile as any of his classmates, to receive his honors. His bearing was confident when he got up to give an address. Young Schenck won his honors by hard work. He has received much sympathy because of his affliction, but he has not asked for it.

Schenck was one of four boys of the class who were entitled to "high honors" because in class standing they had obtained more than 90 per cent. Of the four, Schenck stood highest. In his four years at De Witt Clinton his average standing was more than 90 per cent. He moreover won special honors in four subjects. He received the highest mark in the Regents' examination in English. He has won a State scholarship amounting to $100. He has not specialized, but has taken the general school course except in drawing.

Schenck is a son of Daniel Schenck of Bayside. The boy has been blind practically all of his life. In grammar school he made a record for scholarship. He always has attended regular classes, but has used books prepared for the blind. He is especially fond of history, and in De Witt Clinton his average standing in this study was more than 90 per cent. In two respects he has been badly handicapped all through his school course. He has been unable to take instruction in drawing and in physical training. He was, however, one of the best debaters in De Witt Clinton, and was a member of the debating team and represented his school in a debate at Copper Union.

The boy travels from his home on Long Island to New York each day unaccompanied. He walks to the railroad station in Bayside alone, except for the company of friends he may meet upon the way. Every morning at the top of the escalator in the Pennsylvania Station one of his mates has been accustomed to meet him and accompany him to the school. There have been plenty of volunteers for this duty, for young Schenck was a favorite with his classmates.

HAMMERSTEIN SUES SONS.

Oscar Would Foreclose Mortgage on Victoria Theatre.

Oscar Hammerstein began suit in the Supreme Court yesterday against the Hammerstein Amusement Company and against William and Arthur Hammerstein, for the foreclosure of a $100,000 mortgage on the lease of the Victoria Theatre. The papers were not clear as to the difficulties within the Hammerstein family. When Oscar was called upon last night he refused to be seen, but sent out this note:

"The foreclosure suit is in settlement of family affairs."

According to the papers, the theatre was leased on May 1, 1903, for a period of twenty-one years from Anna F. Davidson. On May 2, 1911, in order to secure the payment of $100,000 to Edward F. Albee, a mortgage on the lease was executed and turned over as collateral security. The lease was transferred to Frederick Callen about May 2, 1912, and on Nov. 7, 1912, to Oscar Hammerstein.

In his complaint Oscar says that a default was made in the payment of interest and principal, and he asks the court to issue an order for the sale of the lease and for the appointment of a receiver to collect all the rents and profits of the business.

WILLETT MAY TURN AGAINST CASSIDY

Rumor at Trial of Queens Leader That Convicted Ex-Congressman Has Made Overtures.

CASSIDY DEPOSITS, $14,913

His Accounts in Banks Increased About the Time Candidate for Bench Was Borrowing.

Is William Willett, who was convicted last week of buying a nomination for the Supreme Court in 1911, about to make a confession which will lay bare the workings of the old time political ring in Queens County that it is alleged was able to offer for sale a nomination for the bench and on the payment of the price deliver that nomination as previously agreed upon by the parties to the crime? This was the question that was asked hundreds of times in the Kings County Court House, in Brooklyn yesterday, where Joseph Cassidy, ex-Democratic leader of Queens County, and Cassidy's confidential lieutenant, Louis Walter, Jr., are on trial charged with having sold the nomination in question to Willett.

Willett is in Raymond Street jail awaiting sentence, which Justice Jaycox announced would be pronounced this morning. District Attorney Cropsey, who prosecuted Willett, and who is now directing the prosecution of Cassidy and Walter, said last night that he would move a postponement of the sentence when the matter is called up in court this morning.

"But this is not to be taken as any excuse for printing a story that Willett is about to confess," said Mr. Cropsey. "The only reason I shall ask for a postponement of the sentence is because I do not think it would be fair to Cassidy and Walter if Willett was produced in court to-morrow morning and sentenced in the presence and hearing of the jury in whose hands the fate of Cassidy and Walter eventually will rest. The cases are identical in a great many ways and it would certainly not be to the interests of the defendants now on trial to have a man convicted of practically the same offense sentenced in the presence of the jury before whom they are being tried."

According to the story in the corridors of the Court House, Willett has made overtures to Mr. Cropsey through trusted friends, and has offered to tell all that he knows if he is let go with a fine, and not sent to prison. Mr. Cropsey, it was said, insists on a jail sentence as well as a fine. Mr. Cropsey was asked about the story, and he absolutely refused to verify it in any particular. His answers seemed to indicate that the report of Willett's willingness to turn State's evidence was not so well founded as many claimed it to be.

Cassidy and Walter, after their first night in the Raymond Street jail, appeared in court yesterday morning looking none the worse for their experience. Cassidy, according to the jailer, had borne his incarceration philosophically, but with Walter it was different. He felt the humiliation very keenly, and he did not try to hide the fact when he was locked up Wednesday night.

Justice Jaycox let it be plainly understood that the men would not be permitted to go free, no matter how large a bail bond is offered, during the progress of the trial.

Yesterday's session drew one of the largest crowds that has gathered in the Kings County Court House in years. At one time in the afternoon there were three lines extending almost the entire length of the Court House corridor, waiting a chance to get inside the courtroom. A majority of the men were friends of the accused politicians, who had journeyed from all parts of Queens County to show their sympathy for them in the troubles that have overtaken the curly headed ex-leader and his big lieutenant, Walter.

It was known that John F. McCooey, the Democratic leader of Kings County, was going to take the stand and give his famous version of the now famous judicial convention that nominated Willett, and then, of course, there was the rumor that Willett himself might turn State's evidence and be called to the stand during the day. At 10 o'clock when Justice Jaycox entered the court room every seat was taken and there were enough disappointed persons outside to fill all the court rooms in the building.

When court opened Robert H. Elder, counsel for Cassidy, called the attention of Justice Jaycox to an article in an afternoon newspaper of Wednesday in which it was stated that he had revoked the bail bonds of Cassidy and Walter because of information that an effort had been made to tamper with the jury.

"I have no connection with any such rumors," said Justice Jaycox, "and I will say that none of such import has been communicated to me. They did not affect my action in the matter in the least. It is not so very unusual to pursue such a course in cases such as this."

Surrogate Ketcham of Kings County, one of the three Democratic candidates for the Supreme Bench in 1911, told of his acceptance of the nomination. John H. McCooey was on the stand for an hour. He repeated the story he testified to in the Willett trial of how he and Cassidy had conferred prior to the judicial convention of 1911 and how he had finally agreed to let Cassidy have one of the three nominations. McCooey said Cassidy submitted a list of names and among those on the list were those of County Judge Humphrey and Surrogate Noble of Queens County, both of whom have testified that they were turned down by Cassidy in favor of Willett. Cassidy had said, according to McCooey, that Humphrey was such a good County Judge that he did not think it wise to disturb him for the purpose of elevating him to the Supreme Bench.

McCooey said he was first informed of the decision to nominate Willett while he was on the way to attend the convention. He said that it was some one else, and not Cassidy, who told him.

At the luncheon recess the friends of Cassidy had a chance to surround him and express their sympathy with him. Scores told him it was a shame that his bail had been revoked and he had been remanded to jail.

"Is he going to let you out Joe?" one of Cassidy's men asked, his reference being Justice Jaycox.

"I guess not," Cassidy answered, "and I suppose I will have to stay in until it's all over."

John McCready, paying teller of the Bank of Long Island, at the afternoon session identified a deposit slip of Oct. 3, 1911. It showed that Cassidy had deposited $12,170 in the bank that day. He also identified another slip of Cassidy's which showed a deposit of $1,-243.75 on Oct. 10, 1911. These dates were not remote from the dates of the big loans that Willett negotiated that Fall.

Richard Van Siclen, cashier of the First National Bank of Jamaica, identified a deposit slip for $1,500 made on Oct. 13, 1911, as one of Cassidy's. Kenneth A. Cornell, bookkeeper of the Bank of Long Island, identified a slip for a $500 deposit as having been made by Walter on Oct. 7, 1911.

The last witness of the day was H. R. Gelwick, a newspaper correspondent of Long Island City. His testimony referred to a talk he had with Cassidy in Long Island City in the campaign of 1911. He said he and Cassidy are not friends, a point that was made much of by the lawyers for the defense. Gelwick said he had asked Cassidy if he got any of "the Willett money," and that Cassidy had replied that he was not such a fool as to do a thing like that. He also said that Cassidy had told him of the conferences with McCooey which ended with McCooey conceding one of the nominations to Queens County.

Gelwick said he was a supporter of Borough President Connolly, and on cross-examination admitted he was on four commissions in Queens County, and added that he wished it was thirty instead of four.

The rest of the day was taken up by the reading of the testimony given by Walter before Justice Scudder in the investigation of the Willett charges in 1911.

The trial will be resumed at 10 o'clock this morning.

TO END DELANEY'S OFFICE.

Republicans Would Turn Records Over to Controller.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 29.—The Republican Assembly, on economy bent, will begin its work by abolishing, if possible, the Department of Efficiency and Economy, established in the Sulzer administration, and the Fire Marshal's office, created while John Alden Dix was Governor. The two departments spend about $500,000 annually.

The bill to abolish the Department of Efficiency and Economy was introduced to-day by Assemblyman Thorn of Erie County. It provides for turning over all records in the possession of Commissioner Delaney to the Controller forthwith. The bill to abolish the Fire Marshal's office will be introduced to-morrow by Harold J. Hinman, majority leader.

Coincidentally with the measure to abolish the Economy Department in the interest of economy, a bill for the creation of a new State Department of Foods and Drugs came from Republican sources. The measure was fathered by Assemblyman Dean Nelson of New York. The salary of the Commissioner is placed at $5,000 and his term of office at four years. Provision is made for a numerous office force and for the appointment by the Governor from time to time of a special Food and Drug Commission of three members to investigate the adulteration of foods and drugs.

Moving picture and vaudeville shows of any kind when given for an entrance fee, directly or indirectly, are sought to be prohibited on Sunday in a bill by Assemblyman Thorn.

Assemblyman Cyrus W. Phillips of Monroe introduced a resolution extending the life of the State Factory Commission and appropriating $50,000 for its expenses. At present the commission is investigating the advisability of establishing minimum wage rates in this State.

$4,600 FOR ANCIENT BRONZE

Ritual Vessel of Shang Period Sold —Oriental Art Brings $58,957.

There was a large gathering of people of prominence in the fashionable world and collectors at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon at the beginning of the sale of Oriental art, which includes the private collection of a Chinese nobleman of Tien-Tsin and other fine old bronzes and porcelains collected recently by the senior member of the Yamanaka firm in the ancient cities of China, some of which had never before been explored by foreigners.

The total for the afternoon sales was $58,957.

A couple of well-known collectors competed for the piece that brought the highest price of the afternoon, $4,600, a remarkable bronze ritual vessel in the form of an ancient gigantic beast resembling in outline the Malayan tapir. It belongs to the Shang period of the "Three Dynasties" of China, that is knows if he is let go with a fine, 1766-1122 B. C. It is the oldest piece of the collection, probably of any collection of bronzes. The action of the soil in which the piece was so long buried had given it the color of richtoned green malachite with other varying colors and tones in the patina.

A large ornamental ceremonial dragon wine jar of bronze (Chou) with incised and bold relief ornamentation, with cover, neck handles, deep brown patina, brought $2,400; a very rare mirror-bronze beaker of ancient ceremonial and sacrificial usage, (Shang,) gray hue from tin alloy, went for $3,300; an unusual quadrilateral bronze sacrificial vessel, (Chou,) with a deep bell-shaped foot and upright loop handles, brought $1,100, and a remarkable bronze tripod incense burner, the same period, with a globular bowl, the carved and pierced cover of the Ch'ien-lung period, with a jade handle, also went for $1,100. A rare bronze wine jar, (Han,) 20 inches high by 17 in diameter, with its own original bronze cover, covered with patina and incrustations, brought $1,700.

A wonderfully carved green jade vase in pilgrim bottle shape, original cover, 18 inches high, brought $1,900; a remarkably carved rock crystal vase with original cover, in shape of ancient jade and bronze vases, Ch'ien-lung period, brought $1,125; a tall white jade vase, original cover, design of dragons, $1,000; a white jade Buddha enthroned, height with throne 15¼ inches, sold for $1,220, and T. More paid $1,000 for a 13¼-inch moss green jade vase with cover.

There was sharp competition for all the higher priced pieces. Single color porcelains will be sold this afternoon with a few in blue and white, ivory white statuettes, and Sung and Ming potteries.

$15,000 BURGLARY CHARGED

Police Say John Ward Took Miss Laura Baird's Jewels.

On the complaint of Miss Laura Baird of 309 West Ninety-seventh Street, one John Ward, known to the police as "Jack Dalton" and "Nigger Allen," was locked up in the West 100th Street station last night charged with burglary.

On Jan. 9 a thief visited Miss Baird's apartment, carrying off her jewelry, valued at $15,000, and also taking the money and railroad tickets of two guests—Margaret Devine, daughter of ex-District Attorney Devine of Chicago, and Miss White, a niece of Judge Dooley of Chicago.

The robbery was commited while Miss Baird and her guests were out for the afternoon, and on that same afternoon Mrs. Margaret Bradley, who occupies an apartment in the same building, says a strange man was in the halls looking for a "Mr. Nichols." This sounded to the detectives like a familiar daytime burglar's trick, so they took Mrs. Bradley to the Rogues' Gallery and there she hit upon the picture of a man who looked markedly like the one who had been seeking the mythical "Nichols." This picture, the police say, was that of Ward.

They arrested Ward in his home at 506 West 136th Street, and after lining him up with detectives, policemen in plain clothes, and men who chanced to be in the station they called in Mrs. Bradley. She picked out Ward, who was then put in a cell.

SMELTING CO 'STANDS PAT.'

Has Not Yet Made Overtures, Department of Justice Says.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The Department of Justice has received at intervals for many weeks past reports from its special agents investigating the affairs of the American Smelting & Refining Company. The department expects still other reports, however, before it finally decides on its course toward the Smelting Company.

Reports that a friendly settlement might be reached whereby the company would make certain concessions to the Government without recourse to litigation were not counted at the department. It was said, however, that overtures for concessions were generally made by the investigated corporation just before the department was ready to take some final action.

That point, it was explained to-night, had not been reached in regard to the Smelting Company and no proposal whatever had been made to the department.

Former Solicitor General Fred C. Lehmann of St. Louis is counsel for the Smelting Company, but it was not recalled to-night that he had conferred with officers of the department regarding the company's affairs.

DENY JAPANESE "GRAFT."

But Ministers Announce Appointment of Investigation Board.

TOKIO, Jan. 29.—A heated discussion took place in the Diet to-day on the allegations that Vice Admiral Fujii, formerly Naval Attaché at Berlin, received illicit commissions on contracts obtained by a German electrical concern from the Japanese Government.

Premier Yamamoto and Minister of Marine Saito were kept busy for four hours responding to questions from members of the Opposition.

The Ministers denied that any officers of the Japanese Navy had accepted commissions, and announced the appointment of a naval commission headed by Admiral Baron Dewa to investigate the allegations.

COLONY CLUB STILL UNDECIDED ON SITE

Annual Meeting Drops Plan for a "Country Club" on the Site of Chapin Property.

FIVE GOVERNORS ELECTED

Miss Elizabeth Marbury Passed Over—Miss Anne Morgan Also to Leave Controlling Body.

The Colony Club held its annual meeting yesterday, with Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, the President, in the chair, and as the most important business of the day discussed the site for a new clubhouse. It was definitely decided not to take the old Chapin property, upon which the club had an option until Feb. 1. No decision was made upon another locality, as the club has several near Park Avenue in mind.

The old Chapin property is between Third and Lexington Avenues, between 66th and 67th Streets, and has an area of 30,000 square feet. It has a 150 foot frontage on 66th Street and is 200 feet deep. If the club had taken this property it would have had something in the nature of a country club in the midst of the city. It would have had enough space outside the building for its own tennis court in Summer and a skating rink in Winter.

Trees could have been planted round it and the club expected to sit on its own plazza at the front of its Colonial mansion and watch its members at Winter and Summer sports. It was finally decided, however, not to take the place because a large proportion of the club's members considered it too far east.

Five new members of the Board of Governors were elected, a matter of much importance, as the Governors elect the club officers. There has been some friction of late years in the Colony Club, some of the members believing that it would be improved by more liberality in its selection of members and a larger membership list. There are now 1,000 members.

Three tickets were in the field yesterday, and the five women receiving the greatest number of votes were Miss Beatrice Bend, Mrs. James Cushman, Mrs. McGee Ellsworth, Mrs. Ralph Pulitzer, and Mrs. Edgerton Winthrop, Jr.

On the other tickets were Miss Sarah Potter, Miss Harriette Rogers, Mrs. W. C. Osborne, Miss Anne Morgan, Miss Mabel Choate, Mrs. Edward R. Hewitt, Miss Maude Wetmore, Mrs. William Robinson, Mrs. Douglas Robinson, and Miss Elisabeth Marbury. The names are given in the order of the number of votes received. The last six received only one vote each. Miss Anne Morgan received five votes.

Miss Morgan has been the Treasurer of the club since its foundation by Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, seven years ago. She has stated that when the election of officers takes place this year she will decline to be re-elected, as she finds the work too arduous.

The present officers, besides Mrs. Harriman, are Mrs. Richard Irvin, who has been First Vice President since the club was started; Miss Mary Parsons, Second Vice President; Miss Ruth V. Twombly, Secretary, and Miss Morgan Treasurer. Miss Elisabeth Marbury has always been one of the active members of the Board of Governors.

Miss Marbury and Miss Morgan were present yesterday for a short time during the latter part of the afternoon. Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, another daughter of the late J. Pierpont Morgan, was present; Mrs. Richard Irvin and Miss Catharine Leverich among others

A HOPPNER SOLD FOR $5,000

Sixty Paintings of Late Leon Hirsch Collection Bring $34,320.

Paintings by the old masters and early English artists, the private collection of the late Leon Hirsch of this city, were sold by Thomas E. Kirby of the American Art Association in the grand ballroom of the Plaza Hotel last evening. The total for the sixty pieces auctioned off was $34,320.

The highest price of the sale was $5,000, paid on order by Otto Bernet, as agent, for John Hoppner's "Portrait of Miss Elizabeth Moore," who was lady-in-waiting to the Duchess of York. It was acquired by the Ehrich Galleries from her grand-nephew, Major Frederick Moore of the British Army.

W. W. Seaman, as agent, gave $1,750 for "Portrait of a Man," by Thomas De Keyser; a characteristic and fine work of this Dutch master. Bohler & Steinmeyer obtained for $1,150 "Study of a Man," by Peter Paul Rubens.

Mr. Bernet, as agent, paid $2,100 for "James, Earl of Cardigan," by Sir William Beechey. It is from the Sir Robert Peel collection and was exhibited at the Royal Academy in 1797. A. A. Healy obtained for $1,650 "The Wandering Musicians," by Jan Steen. "Portrait of Miss Anne Fane," by John Hoppner, went to J. L. Bassett for $1,000. It is from the Sir Robert Peel collection.

The Kleinberger Galleries paid $1,600 for "Cattle in Pasture," by Paulus Potter. This work exhibited at the Metropolitan Museum of Art, Hudson-Fulton Celebration, 1909.

Other paintings sold as follows:

Interior, with figures, by David Teniers, the younger; John D. McIlhenny	$420
Alexander Repast, by Adriaen Van Ostade; Seymour Rosedale	425
Holy Family, by Joos Van Cleef, the elder; A. A. Healy	575
Madonna and Child, by Jan Van Hemessen; G. F. Blandy	425
A Hermit, by Gerard Dou; Mr. Rudcart	340
Landscape, by Thomas Gainsborough; John D. McIlhenny	800
Portrait of a Lady, by Jacques Louis David; W. W. Seaman, on order	625
Madonna and Child, by Juan Bautista Juanes; Mr. Watson	625
Rest During the Flight into Egypt, by Peter Breughel, (a Peasant Breughel"); George I. Fearon	425
Portrait of a Lady, by Nicholas Maes; Ralph King	850
Portrait of a Lady, by Francisco Goya of Lucientes; Weston Galleries	850
Portrait of a Man, by Sir Thomas Lawrence; J. L. Bassett	1,000
Landscape, by Sir Joshua Reynolds; E. F. Simms	410
The Adoration of the Kings, by Jan Scoorel; Weston Galleries	550
The Maes of St. Gregory, by Louis Cranach, the elder; Weston Galleries	600
Landscape, attributed to Francesco Guardi; A. A. Healy	600
Child with Dog, by Nicholas Maes; Otto Bernet, as agent	1,200
Portrait of a Man, by Jacques L. David; Mr. Mitchell	580
The Adoration of the Shepherds, by Jacob Jordaens; A. A. Healy	725

The death of the Virgin, a fifteenth century German wood carving, was bought on order for $1,100.

LICHTENAUER APPRAISAL.

Banker Left Estate of $1,333,968 and Paintings by Americans.

Joseph M. Lichtenauer, banker and art collector, who died on May 19, 1912, left an estate of $1,333,968, according to an appraisal filed yesterday. The bulk of his estate was divided among his wife, son, and his three daughters. He had realty valued at $486,800, jewelry at $4,398, bank accounts of $24,265, insurance of $7,580, mortgages of $54,000, and stocks and bonds valued at $762,350. His membership in the Produce Exchange was appraised at $450.

Mr. Lichtenauer was a member of the Metropolitan Museum of Art. He was interested primarily in American art. In his residence at 58 West Fifty-second Street were 178 paintings in oil, water colors, and pastel. Among these paintings were "Storm" and "The Artist," painted by George Inness; "Sunset in the Woods," by Wyant; "Figures," by Monticelli; "Sheep and Landscape," by Wiggins; "Portrait," by F. D. Millet, and "In the Woods," by Wyant. The Inness paintings were appraised at $750 and $500, respectively. Mr. Lichtenauer had other paintings in storage. His painting, "Winter Landscape," appraised at $250, was loaned to the Metropolitan Museum. The value of his art collection was set down as $15,650.

GIFTS TO LUSITANIA'S MEN.

Testimonials and Money for Their Rescue of a Schooner's Crew.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 29.—A large and representative gathering of shipping men at the Town Hall to-day witnessed the presentation to Capt. David Dow, two other officers, and several members of the crew of the Cunard liner Lusitania of mementoes and money gifts for their part in the recent rescue of the crew of the Mayflower.

The Lusitania's passengers raised the sum of $1,955 for the crew of the schooner and as a reward for the rescuers. Of this sum $640 was distributed among the men of the Mayflower. To-day the Lord Mayor made the following presentations provided from the balance: To Capt. Dow an illuminated address; to Lieut. Alexander and sub-Lieut. Foden, gold watches; to two boatswain's mates, $125 each; to seven seamen, $80 each. The nine men and two officers comprised the volunteer crew of the lifeboat which rescued the Mayflower's crew.

The Lord Mayor was accompanied on the platform by A. A. Booth, Chairman of the Cunard Company; Mr. Mearns, the General Manager, and other officials of the line. The Lord Mayor spoke warmly of the courage and skill shown by the officers and crew of the Lusitania.

Capt. Dow, in acknowledging the gifts, said the men did their duty for the sake of humanity, without thought of reward.

MOTHER OF 22 CHILDREN.

Frenchwoman Is Proposed as a Member of the Legion of Honor.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Jan. 29.—Mme. Théodore Amet, the mother of twenty-two children, all of whom are living, has been proposed to President Poincaré by Capt. Maire of the League of Large Families for the Cross of the Legion of Honor.

Capt. Maire has been informed by M. Poincaré's secretary that the matter has been intrusted to the Ministry of the Interior for consideration. Capt. Maire points out that at present 113 Frenchwomen have the right to wear the coveted red ribbon for various reasons, and that it would be but fitting to award one for the noblest of woman's duties—motherhood.

KING REBUKES WOMEN.

Bavarian Monarch Tells Them to Care for Sick Poor, Not Animals.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Jan. 29.—King Ludwig of Bavaria administered a smiling rebuke to a number of women of the Bavarian aristocracy who asked him to become the patron of a new institution for erecting shelters for sick animals throughout Germany.

After inquiring into the financial aspects of the proposal, the King said:

"Sick animals should be killed, but sick people cured. You should devote your money to relieving the sick poor and do some good with it. Do not worry about old and diseased cats, dogs, and horses."

TWO WOMEN EXECUTED.

Murderesses Suffer Death in Silesia—Heads Cut Off with an Axe.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Jan. 29.—Ratibor, Silesia, was this morning the scene of an unusual event—a double execution, at which both the executed persons were women. One murdered her stepmother and the other her husband.

The women, as is the custom in Prussia, were decapitated with an axe.

Lord and Lady Acheson at Windsor.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, Jan. 30.—The Court Circular announces the arrival of Viscount and Viscountess Acheson at Windsor Castle as guests of the King. Lady Acheson was Miss Mildred Carter. She is the daughter of J. Ridgely Carter, the American diplomat.

PERKINS ASSAILS WILSON.

Nothing Constructive in President's Trust Message, He Says.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERBURY, Conn., Jan. 29.—"There was absolutely nothing constructive in President Wilson's trust message," said George W. Perkins tonight after he had talked for about an hour to 200 local manufacturers and merchants on the profit-sharing plan, which is in operation in the companies with which he is connected.

"The message looks to me," continued Mr. Perkins in an interview, "very much like a rehash of Bryan's old theories. For instance, that part about the interlocking directorates was trotted out by Bryan in the Taft campaign. Did you ever see the play, 'Nellie, the Cloak Model'? After nearly killing her a dozen times the villain asks: 'Why are you afraid of me, Nellie?' It is the same as Mr. Wilson asking big business why it is afraid of the Government."

Mr. Perkins in his address at the Home Club advocated a system of profit-sharing which would not give bonuses to employes, but would give them an interest in the business. For instance, he said, 40,000 employes of the United States Steel Company were stockholders and consequently interested in the success of the business. The same system was in vogue, he said, in the International Harvester Company and other companies in which he was interested.

Duke Durazzo Ill with the Grip.

The Duke Arturo di Majo Durazzo, who is to marry Miss Elizabeth Frances Hanan on Feb. 17 in St. Thomas's Church, is ill with the grip at the home of Mrs. John Henry Hanan, 1,073 Fifth Avenue, under the care of the Hanan's family physician. It will be several days before the Duke will be able to leave his room. He has been obliged to cancel many of his social engagements.

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BAYONNE MINISTER MUST GO TO COURT

Ethel Paine's Charge Subject of Police and

BY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE TO THE TIMES

ORDAINS CONFUCIUS AND HEAVEN CREED

Chinese Council Passes Bill Presented Personally to It by Yuan Shih-kai.

A COSTUME OF 1122 B. C.

President to Wear It at the Ceremonies—Authorities 4,000 Years Old Quoted in the Debate.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, Jan. 30.—The Daily Telegraph's Peking correspondent wires under yesterday's date that the sixth full meeting of the Administrative Council finally approved the worship of Heaven, but decided that the President might not wear a crown of any description.

The ceremony of kotow is re-established. The deifying of dead Emperors is wholly disapproved, but the worship of Confucius is re-established throughout the republic.

PEKING, Jan. 29.—A bill prescribing the worship of Heaven and of Confucius by the President of the Chinese Republic was passed to-day by the Administrative Council, which took the place of the Chinese Parliament, recently dissolved by President Yuan Shih-kai.

The measure was submitted to the Council by Yuan Shih-kai himself.

It is understood that the President's idea is to set an example to the Chinese Nation, which, he thinks, needs the moral influence of religion. The President will worship at the Temple of Confucius and at the Temple of Heaven annually in the same way as did the Manchu Emperors, but without wearing the diadem. The diadem was proposed, but was not adopted owing to the criticism that it was another indication of Yuan Shih-kai's monarchical designs.

The question of the introduction of a State religion has created considerable controversy in China, the Christian missionaries of all sects opposing such a step. The Constitution adopted by the Chinese Parliament made no provision for any State religion, but for some months a Confucian revival movement has been in evidence, and a league was formed by representatives in China not only of Christianity but of Mohammedanism, Taoism, and Buddhism to oppose the adoption of a State religion.

As was contemplated when Yuan Shih-kai dissolved Parliament, the Administrative Council formed in its place, and consisting of two representatives from each province, four Cabinet Ministers, a representative from each Ministry, and eight members of the Presidential Secretariat, adopts all the measures proposed by President Yuan Shih-kai, who exercises practically entire control.

A preliminary debate on the question voted on yesterday took place in the Chinese Administrative Council a few days ago. It was described in a dispatch from the Peking correspondent of The London Daily Telegraph as a discussion "philosophically of the greatest interest." Many delegates evidently viewed the matter as one of the gravest concern, and plunged into a labyrinth of ancient doctrine.

"What is heaven?" asked a renowned scholar 80 years old. "Before it can be worshipped it must be defined, so that we can understand what we are doing."

Around this interrogation the debate fiercely raged. The worship of Confucius was also the subject of the bitterest differences.

After a vain attempt to have it ordered that not the President, but a special Bureau of Rites, should officiate at the Altars of Heaven, another delegate propounded three questions:

1. Is Confucius a god or a human being? If the latter, how can he be worshipped?
2. If Confucian worship is reintroduced into the schools, how can the scholars of other religions maintain equal standing?
3. Is sacrifice to Confucius similar to sacrifice to Heaven?

These theses provoked such scenes that the Government Secretary was finally forced to intervene and declare that the Government was already absolutely decided upon the necessity of re-establishing Confucian as well as Heaven worship, and only referred these matters to the Administrative Council for details. This declaration, says the correspondent, incidentally throws a flood of light on the present rule.

After calm was re-established the Government delegates insisted that symptoms of moral degradation had been noticeable throughout the country for the last two years, due to the discarding of ancient rites and customs, which were essential.

A memorandum was then read advocating the worship of Heaven and Earth on the Winter and Summer solstices respectively, re-establishing the kowtow ceremony, and the sacrifice of living bullocks. The President is to wear the robes of the High Dukes designed during the Chow dynasty in the year 1122 B. C.

Finally, the Chairman stated that these matters were purely political and not connected with religions, thus using the arguments of the Emperor Kang-Si during the famous seventeenth century controversy between the Jesuits and the Dominicans as to whether the Chinese rites were idolatrous, which engaged the attention of Popes Innocent X., Alexander VII., and Clement XI., the last named finally ruling them idolatrous, thus causing the proscription of all Christian missionaries.

"It may thus be taken for granted," says the correspondent of The Daily Telegraph, "that all the old rites will henceforth be re-established, with Confucianism as the State religion, swinging back the pendulum to where it was before 1911. One of the most amazing features of this debate was that many authorities 3,000 and even 4,000 years old were gravely quoted, making the oldest European civilization seem as that of yesterday."

WOMAN AVERTS DISASTER.

Signalman's Wife Prevents a Head-On Collision in Italy.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

ROME, Jan. 29.—A signalman's wife to-day averted a terrible disaster in the neighborhood of Ferrara.

Two trains, carrying 400 persons, were by an accident proceeding toward each other on the same line at Porotto, when the woman ran out with a red flag and waved it wildly.

Both drivers saw the signal, and the trains were brought to a standstill within twenty yards of each other.

LOCKSLEY HALL SOLD.

Building That Inspired Tennyson's Poem Brings $5,200.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—Locksley Hall, Lincolnshire, where Tennyson wrote his famous poem, was sold at auction to-day for $5,200. The purchase was made by a local lawyer on behalf of a client whose name was withheld.

The auctioneer suggested that the historical associations of the building were such that the purchaser might make a handsome profit by "reselling to a rich American."

PRICES ARE SOARING ON LONDON 'CHANGE

Consols Have Risen 5¼ Since the Low Record of Only a Few Weeks Ago.

NEW ISSUES SNAPPED UP

Many Big Loans Coming Out While the Public Is In the Mood to Buy —Bankers Counsel Caution.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The abundance of money in the London market and to-day's reduction of the Bank of England rate from 4 to 3 per cent. gave a further powerful stimulus to the revival which has been taking place in Stock Exchange securities since the beginning of the year.

The behavior of consols amazes even the oldest members of the Exchange. These securities rose to-day as high as 76¼, a rise of 5¼ above the low record to which they dipped only a few weeks ago.

Just how far this great appreciation is justified by the actual changes which have occurred in financial conditions is rather difficult at the moment to determine, but there can be no question that the changes which have occurred both in monetary and Stock Exchange conditions in the space of a month are one of the most remarkable phenomena ever known in the city.

Great new loans are coming out in shoals to catch the public while it is in the mood to buy. At the end of 1913 large blocks of new issues were being left with the underwriters. Now the lists of loan after loan are being closed early owing to heavy oversubscription, and prices of new issues are being rushed up to big premiums.

The Bank of England's reserve, shown in to-day's return to be about £34,000,000, is the highest since August, 1896.

At the meeting of the London County & Westminster Bank to-day Lord Goschen, while recognizing the justification of the fall in money rates, drew attention to the further large capital creations looming in the distance, and the great mass of short-dated indebtedness which will have to be funded, while at the meeting of the National Provincial Bank of England Mr. Fitzgerald also referred to the likelihood of a strong demand for new capital throughout the year.

Lord Goschen, referring to the American Currency act, said its effects might be far-reaching as regarded American trade and finance. In its original form there would appear to have been some grounds for the fears entertained as to the possibilities that it would lead to inflation of credit, but as amended, and with prudent handling, there would appear nothing to fear.

Cecil Farr, speaking at the meeting of Parr's Bank, said the substantial reductions of duty in the new American tariff in the cases of many articles must before long exert a stimulating and beneficial influence on Great Britain's export trade to the United States.

Prussian Loan a Success.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Jan. 29.—The newspapers to-night say that the new Prussian issue of $87,500,000 Treasury notes has been a complete success, being oversubscribed between ten and twenty times. There are said to be heavy foreign subscriptions.

PEARSON LIBRARY SALE.

A Manuscript Book of Hours Brings $700 and Another $410.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—In the sale to-day at Sotheby's of Part II. of the library of John Pearson, formed during the past forty years and now dispersed in consequence of declining health, a copy on vellum of Fenelon's "Les Aventures de Telemaque," two volumes, Paris, 1785, brought $210. It is in binding by Derome.

A first edition of "The Mystery Revealed," by Oliver Goldsmith, "containing a series of transactions and authentic Testimonials respecting the supposed 'Cock-Lane Ghost,' which have hitherto been concealed from the Public," went for $112.50.

A first edition of Goldsmith's "Poetical Works," one of fifty copies on thick enameled paper and in binding by F. Bedford, was knocked down for $250.

A fine copy of "Les Omelies Saint Gregoyre," Gothic letter, binding by F. Bedford, sold for $450.

A fifteenth century manuscript, "Hours of the Virgin Mary," with calendar, executed on 199 leaves of fine vellum by a French artist and containing thirteen large miniatures, brought $700.

Another manuscript, "Hours," of the same period, written on 174 leaves of vellum and adorned with eighteen miniatures, realized $410.

The total amounted to $9,090. The sale will be ended to-morrow.

MAY STOP LONDON TRAFFIC.

Electricians Threaten a General Sympathetic Strike.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—All the electrical trade workers employed by the members of the London Master Builders' Association are to be called out in sympathy with the locked-out men in other trades.

It is understood that in the event of a general stoppage of work by the electricians, the Association of Central Station Engineers, the members of which virtually control the electric stations throughout London, will in all probability support them in their action.

The disastrous effect of such a general stoppage cannot be overestimated. Passenger traffic in London and the suburbs would be almost completely paralyzed. Almost half London's daily passenger traffic is carried by tube and other electrical lines.

Nature's Remedy For Constipation

Nature has provided an ideal Laxative Water that will purify your blood, keep your stomach and intestines clear and promptly relieve Constipation. Don't take a drastic Purgative water which drains you and makes you feel weak and listless. Take a mild, gentle and pleasant natural laxative which gently stimulates and effectively operates without bad effects.

Hunyadi János Water

is bottled at the Springs in Hungary in its original state. It has just the right composition, needs no adulteration, is not concentrated, not fortified; just natural; otherwise the Government would not permit the word "natural" on the label. Physicians all over the world prescribe it. Don't let any one persuade you to take a laxative water which is artificial, irritating and harmful. The Label is your protection. Look for the word Natural thereon. Buy a bottle to-day at your Druggist's. Be sure to get what you ask for.

Try it

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-66-68 FIFTH AVENUE 46th & 47th STS.

Absolute Clearance

Luxurious Wraps at $35, $65, $95
Formerly $75, $135 to $250
Including handsome Fur-trimmed Wraps.

Smart Velvet Dresses and Gowns at $28, $45, $65 & $95
Formerly $65, $95 to $225

Fur-trimmed Tailleur Suits at $65 & $95—Formerly $125 to $250

Fur Coats at $75 to $450
Formerly $135 to $195

Fur Sets at $85 to $750
Formerly $195 to $1,700

Charge Purchases will be billed March 1st.

The New Express Rates

Effective February 1, 1914

In conformity with the order of the Interstate Commerce Commission

The following table is illustrative of some of the differences between the new and old rates

Between NEW YORK and the following points:	5 lbs. Express Insured		10 lbs. Express Insured		20 lbs. Express Insured	
	New Rates	Old Rates	New Rates	Old Rates	New Rates	Old Rates
Chicago, Ill.	$ .31	$ .60	$ .42	$ .75	$ .64	$1.00
St. Louis, Mo.	.32	.65	.44	.80	.68	1.10
Denver, Col.	.47	.80	.75	1.25	1.30	2.00
Butte, Mont.	.58	.80	.96	1.40	1.72	2.50
Dallas, Tex.	.45	.75	.70	1.15	1.20	1.65
San Francisco, Cal.	.71	.80	1.22	1.50	2.24	2.85

Food Products Carried at Still Lower Rates

Express Service Means

Highest Class of Transportation
Free Insurance up to $50
A Receipt for Each Shipment

Responsibility—Safety—Efficiency

Telephone or Write to Your Nearest Express Office

PEASE PIANOS

Endorsements That Mean Something

FOR OVER 70 YEARS the best endorsement of the Pease Piano has been the "word of mouth" praise of one satisfied customer to another that has made possible the splendid success of the "Pease."

It means much more in praise of a piano when the purchaser is not seeking to repay some obligation by a high sounding testimonial, but has PAID for the instrument and then written as the following customers of ours have written us (names and addresses furnished on application).

"You are safe when you buy a 'Pease.' They wear well."

"The tone qualities are splendid; in every way a perfect instrument."

"The Pease Piano has been a comfort to us all; there cannot be a better."

"I can heartily recommend the 'Pease' to all vocalists."

The most important reason for our large number of sales is that the Pease is not high priced, quality considered—$325 and up buys a splendid instrument, and our special payment plan is liberal and economical.

Used pianos, many makes, from $125 up. Old pianos exchanged. Excellent pianos to rent.

Write for Catalog and list of used Pianos.

PEASE PIANO CO.,
128 West 42d Street, near Broadway, N. Y.
Brooklyn Branch: 34 Flatbush Av.
Newark Branch: 10 New St.
A full line of Victor and Columbia Talking Machines.

Almost $400,000 Worth of Fine
SMITH-GRAY CLOTHING
INCLUDING ADVANCE STYLES FOR SPRING
At Greater Price Cuts Than Ever

Are now being offered for sale—handsome Winter Suits and splendid Winter Overcoats, as well as Spick-Span New Spring Suits and Overcoats, in every good grade, in this stirring

RECEIVER'S SALE

Probably never before has a Receiver's Sale started with such a magnificent assemblage of HIGH-GRADE Clothing.

Every Suit and Overcoat Made Up to the High SMITH-GRAY Standard.

And this vast stock was accumulated because of the warm, unseasonable weather and all the other business-disturbing conditions.

But Our Ill-Fortune Brings Great GOOD LUCK to YOU.

If you want a New Suit or Overcoat THIS YEAR OR NEXT, you will hurry to pick the garments from this COMPLETE and MAGNIFICENT stock.

Probably never before, under any circumstances, has THE KNIFE GONE SO DEEP INTO THE PRICES of such SPLENDIDLY MADE, CAREFULLY SELECTED, and SUPERBLY FINISHED SUITS AND OVERCOATS for Men and Young Men.

GET YOUR PICK AT ONCE
WHILE THESE FINE STOCKS ARE COMPLETE

For such a Chance May Not Come Again in a Lifetime.

Everything Must Go Quickly

By Order of Oscar A. Lewis, Receiver for the Alleged Bankrupt.

All Stores Open Until 7:30 P. M.

Smith Gray & Co.

NEW YORK
BROADWAY AT WARREN ST.
5TH AVENUE ABOVE 27TH ST.

4 STORES

BROOKLYN
FULTON ST. AT FLATBUSH AV.
BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV.

Alexander's Shoe Sale

has been unusually well attended. Many of the surplus lines have been sold out and the sizes in others depleted. We have therefore decided to allow during the rest of this month a discount of TWENTY PER CENT. from all regular stock not previously reduced. This includes all lines in both stores with nothing reserved and will continue until closing time Saturday, January 31st, only. Everything included—sporting, dress, business and play shoes for men, women and children.

Sixth Avenue
At Nineteenth St.

548 Fifth Avenue
Above Forty-fifth Street

The Store will be open daily at 9 A. M.

STERN BROTHERS

42d and 43d Streets, West of Fifth Avenue

Will hold, To-day and Saturday, on the Third Floor,

Their Annual Pre-Inventory Sale of

Men's Ulster Overcoats

Comprising a broad selection of knee or full length models, of extra quality Chinchilla, Shetland Cloth and soft, warmth-without-weight materials, in the smartest color effects, sizes 34 to 44 inch chest,

At the Final Clearance Price of $22.50

Also a Special Purchase of

250 Silk Lined Dress Overcoats

of Fine Meltons and Vicunas, in Oxford or Cambridge gray and black; sizes 34 to 50 inch chest measure,

At the Remarkably Low Price of $24.50

Revillon Frères Furs

ESTABLISHED 1723

Final Reduction

Beginning February 2nd, we place on sale at further reductions all our remaining coats and sets. This sale will be exceptional in the quality and variety of furs shown and the exceedingly low prices quoted. Reductions in all grades will be made to insure clearance in this, our Final Sale of the season. Details, with prices, in Sunday's and Monday's papers.

19 West 34th Street, New York
PARIS MONTREAL LONDON

Many New York Apartment Buildings are Burning Soft Coal!

They are burning it Smokelessly in Kewanee Smokeless Firebox Boilers.

And they are doing so because it means the saving of a considerable share of their coal bill.

Investigate now.

KEWANEE BOILER COMPANY

N. Y. Salesroom, 47 West 42d St.

FIRST NIGHTS AT WALLACK'S

An old critic's memories of Rose Coghlan, Charles Coghlan and other players in a famous company. The eighth paper in the series entitled

Sixty Years of The Theatre

By J. RANKEN TOWSE

In this week's

Evening Post Saturday Magazine

Annual Clearance Sale All Corsets at Half Price

Madame Barclay
553 Fifth Ave.

IF YOUR FEET ARE SICK-THEY MAKE YOU SICK

Flat Feet

Broken arches, swollen, rheumatic feet can be cured; varicose veins reduced. My treatment of misshapen feet and toes is helpful and painless. Weak, tired, despondent ailing people given a fresh hold on life through being placed on a solid foundation. References.

DR. H. MAYER 537 Fulton St., Bklyn. (Opposite Loeser's.)

STEWART-HEES CO.
FLOWERS & FEATHERS
25 WEST 45TH ST.
PHONE Bryant 2666

CHICAGO LIMITED
Leave New York 2 P. M. Arrive Chicago 2 P. M.
via Lackawanna—Michigan Central.

Lackawanna Railroad

All-Steel Electric Lighted Sleepers.

TICKET OFFICES:
Broadway Cor. Wall St.
" Howard St.
" 28th St.
" 42nd St.
Brooklyn, 505 Fulton St.

YOU know the Steinway Piano by reputation, know it as the ideal piano. Whenever the

STEINWAY

is mentioned it suggests supreme qualities of tone and workmanship. Why, then, in the choice of a piano, should you not buy a Steinway?

Whether the purchase is made upon the basis of tone quality alone, or economy, the preference should always be a Steinway—its sweetness and strength of tone are unsurpassed, and it will outlast an instrument of any other make.

STEINWAY & SONS
Steinway Hall
107-109 East 14th Street, New York
Subway Express Station at the Door

MAYOR SEEKS TO AID THOSE OUT OF WORK

Tells Meeting of City Officials and Sociologists That Conditions Here Are Abnormal.

300,000 IDLE IN THE STATE

Number of Those Seeking Free Lodgings Has Increased Rapidly of Late, He Asserts.

The problem of the unemployed men and women in the city was discussed yesterday by those familiar with the conditions, including city officials, in the Mayor's reception room at the City Hall. The Mayor was asked to appoint a Permanent Unemployed Commission to work out necessary reforms. He took the proposal under consideration. The conference was called by the Mayor, who quoted statistics at the meeting to show that the number of those out of work now was abnormal.

The Mayor pointed out that the census of the Municipal Lodging House since 1910 showed that the number of unemployed in the city was increasing rapidly. Those seeking lodgings for the three Winter months of 1910-11 was 51,320, as against 93,807 this Winter. In the three Winter months of 1912-13 the number was only 37,780.

Among those present, many of whom took part in the discussion, were Charities Commissioner John A. Kingsbury, Prof. Henry R. Seager of Columbia University, Dr. Walter E. Weyl, Miss Frances Kellor of the Progressive Party, Charles P. Neill, former United States Commissioner of Labor; Dr. John B. Andrews of the American Association for Labor Legislation; Borough President Marcus M. Marks, Miss Mary E. Dreier, Street Cleaning Commissioner Featherston, Frederick D. Underwood, President of the Erie Railroad; Coroner Timothy Healy, a labor leader; Miss Lillian B. Wald, George H. Bell, Commissioner of Licenses; Edward W. Carpenter of the National Employment Exchange, the Rev. Miss Anna J. Allebach of the New York University Philosophical Society, Miss Anna C. Hedges, John H. Boschen, City Chamberlain Bruere, Joseph Feldman, Mrs. Sarah J. Atwood, and Emil Seidel, the former Socialist Mayor of Milwaukee, and Miss Rose Alexrad.

"While there is no very accurate information as to the extent and nature of unemployment," the Mayor said, "it is not necessary to rely entirely on these casual impressions, either of the optimist or the pessimist. According to a bulletin of the New York State Department of Labor, of 600,000 organized wage earners, there were 101,140 persons idle on Sept. 30, 1913. The bulletin states that with one exception this is the greatest number of unemployed reported in any year in the last seventeen years, and probably larger than in any previous year. The proportion of unemployed—16.1 per cent.—was exceeded during the last seventeen years only in 1908, when it was 22.5 per cent. Applying this percentage to the unorganized wage earners, it is estimated that the total number of unemployed in New York State on Sept. 30, 1913, was 300,000."

Miss Axelrad said that there were 10,000 women in New York out of work, who would not recognize charity in the form of the Mnuicipal Lodging House or any other way. Mrs. Sarah Atwood, who kept an employment agency in New York for many years, said that a great many men for whom she had obtained work would not take the jobs. There were several large contracts in the South and in this city, she said, which would soon require a large number of men.

SMUGGLERS FINED $2,000.

Heitmeyer Pays Up for Mrs. Alexander as Well as Himself.

Drawing a distinction between smuggling for business purposes and neglecting to pay duty on an article of personal adornment, Judge Martin in the Federal District Court yesterday fined Mrs. Edna M. Alexander and Robert T. Heitmeyer, a Hoboken leather manufacturer, $1,000 each for conspiracy to smuggle a sapphire star pendant with a diamond in the centre. Heitmeyer drew a roll of bills from his pocketbook and handed over two $1,000 notes to the clerk of the court and both defendants withdrew.

The defendants arrived on the French liner France on Nov. 22. As the baggage was being passed Mrs. Alexander remarked to a friend, "I must not let any one see this," and then proceeded to cover up the pendant. Deputy Surveyor Bradley overheard the remark, and proceeded to seize the pendant, although Mrs. Alexander asserted that she had purchased it in this city.

Later on she admitted that it had been bought in Paris, and, according to Assistant District Attorney Carstaphan, its real value in this country after the duty had been paid was not more than $320.

Mrs. Heitmeyer two days ago obtained a divorce from her husband, naming Mrs. Alexander as co-respondent, and Mrs. Alexander's husband is now suing Heitmeyer for $150,000 for the alienation of the affections of his wife. Mr. Alexander was in court yesterday to hear his wife and Heitmeyer withdraw their pleas of not guilty.

INDICT MATCH PROMOTERS.

Investors Charge Defendants Defrauded Them of $145,000.

Warren B. Hutchinson, a lawyer, of 141 Broadway; William L. Tucker, a promoter, of 135 Broadway, and Morris San have been indicted by the Federal Grand Jury for using the mails to defraud in connection with the sale of the stock of the East Jersey Match Company, a $300,000 concern, with a small factory at Garfield, N. J. The indictments followed an investigation made by Post Office Inspector Harry A. Barber. San was arraigned yesterday before Judge Killits and pleaded not guilty. The other defendants are expected to plead to-day.

According to the Post Office authorities San acquired control of the Garfield factory and then with Hutchinson and Tucker organized the East Jersey Match Company, mortgaging the plant to the Columbia Trust Company for $140,000. To dispose of the bonds Hutchinson and Tucker, it is charged, formed the Co-operative Syndicate, with a capital of $1,000,000. Hutchinson receiving $125,000 and Tucker $175,000 for their services. This syndicate was to get 30 per cent. profit on the sale of the East Jersey Match Company's bonds, and purchasers of a $100 bond were to receive a share of stock in the company.

Then the defendants, according to the indictment, organized the Salvation Match Company, with a capital of $5,000,000, which took over a factory at Roanoke, Va., but the venture failed it is said, on account of the dampness of the place and the defendants were on the verge of starting still another match company when Inspector Barber interfered.

The defendants are now charged with having defrauded Clinton Graham of 10 Wall Street, William J. McLaughlin of Poughkeepsie, and Dr. Stephen J. Welch of Providence, R. I., out of $145,000 in all through the sale of the stock and bonds of the companies. According to the indictment, San asserted that he had invented processes for the manufacture of the heads and the sticks of matches which would enable his concern to put the "Match Trust" out of business. The Government alleges that these devices were well known and had been discarded by the Diamond Match Company.

San asserted yesterday that his inventions were of real value and that the Post Office authorities had been induced to prosecute him by the "Match Trust."

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.

Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

CARNEGIE'S FAITH IN WILSON TREATIES

Ironmaster Expects to See Universal Peace in His Own Lifetime

BEFORE PRESIDENT QUITS

Tells Annual Meeting of Peace Society That World Is Growing Better.

Andrew Carnegie is convinced that President Wilson, before leaving office, will bring about what practically amounts to universal peace by the preparation of a treaty which other nations will ratify. Mr. Carnegie had that message ready for the members of the New York Peace Society, of which he is President, at the annual meeting yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Astor. He also said that he had a motto to suggest.

"We should no longer say 'Heaven Our Home,'" he told the society. "We are not in Heaven and our duties all lie here. It should be changed to 'Home Our Heaven.'"

There were several other speakers, including the Rev. Father Clune of Syracuse and Arthur D. Call, Executive Director of the American Peace Society, and all spoke in an optimistic vein. Prior to the addresses there was a short business meeting at which Mr. Carnegie was re-elected President; Samuel T. Dutton, Secretary; the Central Trust Company of New York, Treasurer, and Frederick William Greenfield and Alfred J. Boulton, Auditors. New Vice Presidents elected were Robert W. De Forest, Cleveland H Dodge, Cardinal Farley, Robert U. Johnson, Adolph Lewisohn, George McAneny, Marcus M. Marks, William Church Osborn, and Francis Lynde Stetson. George Gordon Battle, Simon Brentano, Franklin W. Hooper, E. H. Outerbridge, C. A. Pugsley, W. G. Rice, Herman Ridder, and Frank E. Williams were the new members of the advisory council selected.

In opening his address Mr. Carnegie said that if there was anything he loved it was an optimist, and that people who went along grumbling about everything missed life.

"The world is growing better," he said. "You can go back into history as far as you like and you will find that it has been one resistless march upward. The wonder is that we have advanced so far. You find the sentiment for peace applauded by every one, and if you were to ask the ruler of any civilized nation what he considered the greatest crime he would tell you it was the killing of your fellow-men. There is no crime equal to that.

"It has been said that this century will see the end of war," said Mr. Carnegie. "Why I expect to see practically the end of war. There was a treaty drawn up between Britain, France, and America which would have amounted to that if it had been ratified. And if the Senate had been consulted before it was executed by the Executive, as the Senate had the right to be, I believe that treaty or perhaps one better would now be in force.

"Now I believe that before Mr. Wilson goes out of office, and I take in the possibility of another term of four years, he will show that he has the sense, wisdom, and the knowledge of what is due to the legislative branches of the Government to accomplish the end by making a treaty that other nations will indorse. I say it, although Mr. Wilson is a Democrat and I am supposed to be a Republican, and if I were a betting man I would wager heavy odds on it."

FOG HAMPERS SHIPPING.

Unidentified Man Run Down and Killed in Fog by Culver Line Train.

Fog again hung over the harbor and Long Island Sound yesterday, and after 9 o'clock in the evening forced steamships to anchor. It was likely to be blown away this morning by a brisk suothwest wind, however, the Weather Bureau said. The Municipal ferry service to Staten Island was seriously hampered in the evening, the Richmond, with 1,500 passengers aboard, being thirty-five minutes later, and the other boats being also delayed from twenty to thirty minutes. The ferry service to New Jersey was also so much delayed that at 11 o'clock West Street, from Cortlandt to Barclay Streets, was lined with milk and express wagons waiting to cross to New Jersey.

The body of an unidentified man was found at 9 o'clock last night on the east track of the Culver line, near Gravesend and Sixteenth Avenues by Policeman Thomas Dawson of the Parkville Station. He had evidently been killed by a train as he was walking in the fog toward Coney Island. He was about 35 years old, 5 feet 10 inches tall, and weighed about 175 pounds.

COUNT ONLY 16 VOTES AGAINST CHURCHILL

Robert L. Harrison Will Oppose Him for President of the Board of Education.

CONTEST FOR PRINCIPLE

Thirteen Signers to a Statement Admit That Present Executive Has Worked Hard.

The members of the Board of Education who are opposed to the policies of President Thomas W. Churchill yesterday decided to put forward Robert L. Harrison as their candidate at the election on next Monday. They do not expect to defeat Mr. Churchill, but they wish to place themselves on record as disapproving of his course.

There are forty-six members in the board. Thirteen of them signed and issued a statement yesterday giving their reasons for voting against Churchill. The signers are: Nicholas T. Barrett, Mrs. Reba C. Bamberger, Miss Martha Lincoln Draper, Dr. Abraham Flexner, Robert L. Harrison, Miss Olivia Leventritt, John Martin, Mrs. Alice Lee Post, Cornelius T. Sullivan, Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., whom Mr. Churchill succeeded as President last February; Gen. George W. Wingate, William G. Willcox, and John Whalen. It is said that William Hartness was prevented by illness from signing the statement, but will not vote for Mr. Harrison. It is hoped to win over two other members. This would give the opposition sixteen votes to Mr. Churchill's thirty.

In their statement the anti-Churchill members say that in the interest of the schools they are compelled to nominate a candidate, but that they are actuated by no personal antagonism to Mr. Churchill On the contrary they appreciated the fact that he has worked hard and that some improvements in the school have been effected.

Mr. Churchill's administration, they say, has entirely failed to promote a spirit of mutual consideration and harmonious co-operation throughout the entire school system, and has been lacking in dignity, fairness, and respect for services, being characterized by a partisan and personal spirit.

They say that they are opposed to the contention that members of the Board of Education without technical training or experience should supervise and direct the details of educational policy. They say that Mr. Churchill has exhausted every device in an effort to promote some thousands of teachers who have not complied with the present requirements, and whose shadowy technical claim the courts at every step have consistently rejected. They say that he has striven to neutralize the provision in the by-laws of the board granting increased salaries to high school teachers for "superior merit only" by a legal change, which would give such increased salaries to all teachers not proved actually inefficient.

Mr. Harrison and Mr. Churchill occupy law offices in adjoining buildings on Wall Street.

Mayor Mitchel was asked yesterday whether he favored or was opposed to Mr. Churchill's re-election.

"I do not think," he replied, "that the Mayor should take sides in any contest in the board, which should elect its own officers uninfluenced. I have neither been for nor against Mr. Churchill as President."

Mr. Harrison said yesterday that he would be a candidate for the sake of principle, and that he had no wish or intention to indulge in personalities.

Mr. Churchill said:

"I deem it rather a compliment that after a year of labor the only criticism made is a series of generalizations and two statements without foundation."

Seal of the Manhattan Company Since 1799

Bank of the Manhattan Company

The Oldest State Bank in New York. The Largest Bank of its age in the United States

We want your account

Capital $2,050,000
Surplus $4,100,000

114 Years at 40 Wall Street

This Afternoon at 2:30
Continuing Tomorrow (Saturday)
Afternoon at the same hour

At The American Art Galleries

Madison Square South, New York.

Concluding Sessions of the Remarkable Collection of

Ancient Chinese Art

The Sale will be conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY, assisted by Mr. Otto Bernet, of

THE AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Mgrs.
6 East 23d Street, Madison Square South, New York

GIMBELS

The GIMBEL February Sale of Furniture

People are moving every day. There is no set time, as used to be the case, for moving into a new city apartment or country home.

All these new homes must be furnished, and there are many old ones to be brightened by new furniture, perhaps a single piece, perhaps an entire equipment.

For all these, the GIMBEL February Furniture Sale provides:

First—VARIETY

Over 2150 distinct *styles* are revealed by a rough count, ranging from a magnificent Imported Suite, to a little Table or white enameled Dresser for the Summer cottage. All of it, except for a small proportion of "show pieces," is chosen for its USEFULNESS, as well as for its beauty of design.

Second—QUANTITY

Over *half a million dollars' worth* of Furniture is on our floors as the Sale starts. There may be larger stocks, due to their excess of very costly pieces. But we are safe in saying, without fear of just contradiction, that this GIMBEL Furniture stock offers the best assortment to meet 99 per cent. of the demands for *good* Furniture, that can be found in New York today.

Third—QUALITY

The high level of excellence which we demand of all Furniture taken into the GIMBEL stock is so well understood that we can dismiss it with a word. Enough to say that, whatever price you wish to spend on newly furnishing, or refurnishing, your home, you will be sure of buying here the best the price will buy *anywhere*, and that no *poor* Furniture is tolerated at *any* price.

Fourth—SAVINGS

Twelve months in the year GIMBEL prices are moderate.

Twice a year, in February and August, we reduce these prices still further from 10 to 50 per cent., depending on whether the Furniture is in large groups, or single pieces; and whether in bread-and-butter or elaborate styles, with most of the reductions running from a quarter to a third.

Our regular stock, which is all in the Sale at the reduced prices, is increased by carefully selected purchases of desirable Furniture, that show the same savings.

Today and Tomorrow Are "Acquaintance Days" on which you are invited to look the Furniture over, COMPARE it as to quality and price with the furniture offered in other stores about town; and, finally, if you are assured that you want it, to reserve it for delivery to you after the formal opening of the Sale on Monday. An important feature of the preliminary display days is

The Furniture from the Ideal Home At Half Its Former Prices

$30,000 worth, comprising many of the most superb pieces in our stock, which have been on display in the various rooms of the Ideal Home, is now offered for $15,000. As many of the pieces and suites are unique, it is well to make your selections as early as possible.

Sixth, Seventh and Eighth Floors

Only Two Days More of the Stirring Low Prices on INNOVATION Wardrobe Trunks

Our selling of INNOVATION Trunks this week has far surpassed all previous records.

We bought 1100 Innovation Wardrobe Trunks, in the new 1914 models, and there are plenty left of each of the three styles in each of the three grades.

But our agreement with the makers permits us to offer them ONLY UNTIL SATURDAY at the extraordinarily low prices of the Sale. After that, the Trunks will be advanced to a higher price-level.

As these Trunks are the standard of luxury in traveling—never equaled in their convenience of arrangement or in their strength and lightness combined, people who intend buying Innovation Trunks should do so while this offering lasts—

INNOVATION Trunks, Hitherto $25, at $17
INNOVATION Trunks, Hitherto $45, at $28.50
INNOVATION Trunks, Hitherto $65, at $42.50

On Sale in the GIMBEL Trunk Store, Fifth Floor, and on the Rear Cross Aisle, Main Floor.

NOTE—GIMBELS is the only Store in Manhattan, except the Innovation Trunk Shop, that is duly authorized to distribute Innovation Trunks, and maintains always a complete stock.

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

J. B. GREENHUT, PRES.
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.

Greenhut's—

The Store of GENUINE Bargains

In these days of careless and exaggerated advertising, it is a comfort to buy in a store whose public announcements are absolutely truthful, and where merchandise is exactly as represented.

This strong, aggressive organization needs no subterfuge in presenting the bargains secured daily by the work and skill of its powerful force of buyers. It is for the weaker stores seeking to appear to have equal offerings, to make claims that cause disappointment.

At GREENHUT'S the bargains are GENUINE.

They MUST BE, else we would get stronger buyers—for what spot cash, knowledge of the market, shrewdness and highest merchandising skill can secure MUST come to GREENHUT'S.

THAT is the daily service that we must render to our public, else there would be no reason for our existence. This is why prices are always LOWER at GREENHUT'S.

MAIN BUILDING

Special Purchase and Sale of a Prominent Manufacturer's Entire Stock of Tourist

Leather Goods

The Special Prices Average Just About ½ Regular Selling Figures

FINE FITTED DRESSING CASES, MILITARY BRUSH SETS, MANICURE CASES, BRUSH SETS, TIE HOLDERS, GLOVE AND HANDKERCHIEF CASES, COLLAR BOXES, WORK BASKETS, MUSIC FOLDS AND ROLLS, GAME SETS, PLAYING CARD SETS, ETC.

The fittings in these cases and sets are of the finest real ebony, Persian ivory and fine ebonized backs. Long, high-grade bristles. Keen edged blades. Neatly put up in fine assorted leather cases which are richly silk-lined. Arranged for double-quick selling, today, into 7 special lots, at

49c 98c, $1.85, $2.85, $3.75, $5 and **$7.50**

(Regular selling prices range from $1 to $15.)

If You Are Not Already

A Charge Customer of The Big Store

we will make it easy for you to become one. Consult our Department of Accounts, Balcony, Main Building.

All charge purchases made up to store-closing time, tomorrow, will be entered on bills rendered March 1.

MAIN BUILDING

Thousands of Bargains For Women and Misses In Our

Annual Sale of Fashionable Skirts

This big "Big Store" event begins this morning with the biggest list of specials ever assembled for a similar occasion.

Immense varieties of fashionable styles and materials in complete size ranges for women and misses. Special showing of skirts for slender and extra stout figures.

Handsomest of the new styles for street and dress wear in

POPLINS, SERGES, SHEPHERD CHECKS, MATELASSES, PLAIDS, HONEYCOMBS, MIXTURES, BROADCLOTHS, BEDFORD CORDS, CORDUROYS, ETC.

Many advance spring models included.

Our orders for these skirts were placed with good manufacturers during the dull season, months ago—that's the only reason why we can sell, today,

Values to $4, at $1.95 | *Values to $5.50, at* $3.75 | *Values to $7, at* $4.50 | *Values to $9, at* $6.90

GREENHUT BUILDING

A Wonderful Sale of **Housefurnishings** *Values to $1.35; Choice, Today, at* **75c**

55c and 60c Printed Linoleums, today, a square yard..... 29c

MAIN BUILDING

Reliable Wines & Liquors

Specials for Today & Tomorrow

Burnett's Gins OLD TOM AND DRY—case, $5; ½-case, $4; bottle..... 69c

Sherwood Pure Rye 8 YEAR OLD. Received direct from the distillery; rare value; gallon..... $4.34 Full quart bottle..... $1.24

Ferrand's 3-Star Cognac Brandy Direct importation from France; choice, fruity quality; reg. price $1.50; this sale, at..... $1.34

Guinness's Stout—Bass's Ale "Benedict" bottling Guinness's famous stout; dozen bottles, $1.45; dozen splits..... $1 Royal Arms Bass's Ale; usually $1.30 dozen splits; here, at..... $1.05

California Wines PORT, SHERRY, TOKAY, ANGELICA, MUSCATEL. Queen Quality; gallon..... $2.15 Imperial brand; gallon..... $1.78 Puritan brand; gallon..... $1.38 Old Friars; gallon..... $1.05 Standard quality; gallon..... 84c

Old Crow Whisky Kentucky's finest distillation; sold nearly everywhere at $3.50 a gallon and $1 a quart; special, gallon, $2.48; full qt. bottle, 69c

QUEEN QUALITY BRANDY—bottle..... 84c

LIQUEUR—the famous imported "Para" liqueur; $2.50 bottle, $1.57; $1.50 bottle..... 82c

Wm. Jameson's 20-Year-Old Pot Still Irish Whisky Case..... $13.75 Bottle..... $1.24

Whiskies

	Gallon,	Bottle,
Hermitage rye	$5.95	$1.65
Treadmill rye	3.95	1.05
Royal Monogram	3.65	98c
Normandy rye	3.00	85c
Club House rye	2.64	74c
Monogram	2.40	65c

Appetizer Vino Chinato; imported appetizer and tonic wine; $1 bottle..... 68c

"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES OF SIXTH AVE.-18TH TO 19TH ST.
NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE

"Everybody's Going to THE BIG STORE"

Double S. H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

TALK WITH M'ANENY ON SUBWAY PLANS

Vital Problems Set Forth by Members of Forty-second Street Association.

GIVE VIEWS ON TIMES SQ.

Important Conference Arranged for To-day — Diagonal Crossing at Grand Central in Apparent Favor.

President McAneny of the Board of Aldermen received at his office yesterday a deputation from the Forty-second Street Association, which came to urge on him, as Chairman of the Transit Committee of the Board of Estimate, the necessity of three important matters—the necessity of providing for changes in the crosstown tracks of the Interborough subway at Times Square in order to permit of the continued uninterrupted operation of its present express service, the placing on the B. R. T. line of an express station at Times Square, and the advantages of the diagonal connection at the Grand Central Station.

Walter J. Salomon headede the delegation, and among those with him were ex-Park Commissioner Smith, representing the Grand Union Hotel interests; Warren Cruikshank, Paul B. Boden of the Hotel Manhattan, and William Hyland of the Hotel Belmont. After Mr. Salomon had set forth the views of the association President McAneny said that the initiative in all these matters lay with the Public Service Commission, and all that the Board of Estimate could do was to work with the commission and try to see that there was harmony between the two bodies.

As for the suggested changes in the Interborough tracks, Mr. McAneny said that he understood that both the Commissioners and their engineers unanimously were opposed to the plan put forward by George A. Harwood and supported by the New oYrk Central. These plans, he understood, would interfere with the Seventh Avenue express station of the Interborough, as already planned by the commission, and would necessitate extensive reconstruction work of the present subway as far north as Fiftieth Street

As it was unlikely that these modifications would be indorsed by the commission, he did not see why the Board of Estimate should hesitate at its meeting this morning to approve the contract for the construction of the Interborough's Seventh Avenue station at Forty-second Street, which was on the calendar.

With regard to the Times Square express station, Mr. McAneny was a good deal more sympathetic. While he pointed out again that all the Transit Committee of the Board could do was to advise, he thought that it might be legitimate to offer advice if examination enabled it to indorse the views of the association.

There was to be, he said, a discussion of Forty-second Street matters this afternoon between the Transit Committee and the commission, and he hoped that the model prepared by Henry G. Opdycke of a Times Square express station north of Forty-second Street would be put on view for purposes of comparison with the model Mr. Craven had made of his plan for a local station south of Forty-second Street.

In the discussion which followed it was pointed out to Mr. McAneny that to have frequent express stops on the B. R. T. line in the centre of the uptown business district of Broadway merely would be following the precedent set by stopping expresses at all stations in the financial district. Special stress was laid by members of the association on the importance of not permitting the decision on such a vital question to be influenced by the fact that if Times Square were to have an express station a delay would be caused through the necessity of preparing new plans.

In the matter of the diagonal connection at the Grand Central, Mr. McAneny felt that he could take a more direct attitude in that it involved the question of how much money should be spent there. The easements for the diagonal line, he said, would cost $2,500,000, and for the Fortieth Street line $1,200,000, and altogether the difference in cost between the routes would be $1,500,000 in favor of Fortieth Street.

Mr. Smith argued that since it would be possible to get to work more quickly on the diagonal connection than the Fortieth Street line, the saving of the interest on the sum already expended on the Lexington Avenue line should be balanced against this total. He estimated the daily interest at $5,000.

Mr. McAneny thought that $3,000 a day would be a better estimate and said that it also must be borne in mind that the diagonal connection would limit the Subway permanently to ten-car trains. On the other hand, the greater ease of transfer from the Subway to the Grand Central and the absence of sharp curves in the line must be considered in favor of the diagonel route.

The commission, Mr. McAneny said, stood three to two, if not four to one, for the diagonal line, and the commission's engineers were strongly for it. He promised that the Transit Committee of the Board of Estimate would consider its advantages very carefully before making a report.

To be Guardian of Hilton Grandsons

A petition to be appointed special guardian of Albert B. Hilton, Jr., and Vincent Hilton, grandsons of tht late Judge Henry Hilton, was filed in the Surrogates' Court yesterday by James H. Hicek. Heretofore the Bankers Trust Company had acted as their guardian.

SEND INVENTOR TO PRISON.

Bretton Designed an Aeroplane While Held in Queens County Jail.

Harry S. Bretton, 62 years old, inventor of an aerocar which cost $20,000 to build and is now at an aviation field near Richmond, L. I., is soon to be taken to Sing Sing from the ueens County Jail, in which he has spent more than two years awaiting a decision on objections to the five-year sentence to which his original sentence of life imprisonment as an habitual offender was commuted by the Appellate Court.

Bretton's transference to Sing Sing was ordered by Justice Crane when he learned on a visit to the Long Island City Jail that Bretton had been incarcerated there for such a period while the courts were passing on his sentence. In addition to this Justice Crane recommended yesterday to the Queens County Grand Jury that they inquire whether prisoners were being unlawfully detained in prison through neglect of prison officials.

Bretton was arested in 1909 on a charge that, after engaging Mathilde Rouax as a governess to take care of an imaginary invalid sister in Florida, he had robbed her of $50. Bretton pleaded guilty to grand larceny, and Judge Humphrey, taking cognizance of two previous convictions against him, sentenced him to a life term, which was commuted on appeal to five years. During part of the time since then while Bretton has been fighting the five years' sentence, he has been at liberty on bail of $5,000, furnished by Mrs. Maud Van Buren Holm, a wealthy resident of Edgemere, and has been trying to perfect his flying machine with the help of the American Safety Aero Corporation, composed of ex-Sheriff Herbert S. Harvey of Queens and others. They became interested in the model of the aerocar which Bretton designed while he was in the Queens County Jail.

Coggey to Appraise Hearn Estate.

John V. Coggey has been designated as transfer tax appraiser for the estate of the late George A. Hearn.

New York City
(All Boroughs)
Telephone Directory
Goes to Press
Thursday, February 5th

IF YOU arrange for telephone service on or before that date, your name will appear in the "most used and most useful book in New York."

Residents of apartment houses equipped with Private Branch Exchange Telephone Service may have their names listed in the Telephone Directory, in connection with the telephone number of the apartment house, for $3.00 a year.

Subscribers desiring any changes in their telephone equipment which might affect their present listings, are requested to notify us as early as possible, in order that such changes may appear in the new Directory.

Advertising Forms Close January 29th

Telephone, write or call at nearest Commercial Office.

MANHATTAN-BRONX

Address	Telephone No.	
15 Dey St.	Cortlandt	12000
130 Orchard St.	Orchard	12000
88 W. Houston St.	Spring	12000
23 E. 26th St.	Madison Sq.	12000
115 W. 28th St.	Greeley	12000
72 E. 42d St.	Murray Hill	12000
9 E. 59th St.	Plaza	12000
9087 Broadway	Riverside	12000
183 E. 194th St.	Harlem	12000
109 W. 125th St.	Morningside	12000
866 E. 180th St.	Melrose	12000
483 E. Tremont Ave.	Tremont	12000

BROOKLYN

Address	Telephone No.	
81 Willoughby St.	Main	12000
895 Ninth St.	South	12014
860 Nostrand Ave.	Bedford	12014
8110 Fifth Ave.	Sunset	12014
891 Flatbush Ave.	Flatbush	12014
922 Havemeyer St.	Williamsburg	12014
1000 Gates Ave	Bushwick	12014
JAMAICA		
9 Hardenbrook Ave.	Jamaica	12000
FLUSHING		
70 Main St.	Flushing	12014

LONG ISLAND CITY—Bridge Plaza North. Astoria 12014
FAR ROCKAWAY—Birdsall & Central Aves. Far Rockaway 12014
TOMPKINSVILLE—444 Tompkins Ave. Tompkinsville 12064
WEST NEW BRIGHTON—145 Columbia St. West Brighton 12064

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it's Del Monte
The Famous California Brand

that leads the world in public favor. *More Del Monte* canned fruits and vegetables are used in the American home *than any other brand.* The reason: Uniform, high quality and moderate prices.

Ask your grocer today for DEL MONTE

ASPARAGUS PEACHES CHERRIES
APRICOTS RAISINS HAWAIIAN PINEAPPLE

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley has given Del Monte canned fruits and vegetables a star rating for quality. The Westfield, Mass. Board of Health has certified to their purity

The U. S. Army and Navy Hospitals use the Del Monte canned fruits and vegetables

PACKED WHERE AND WHEN THEY RIPEN THE DAY THEY'RE PICKED.

Del Monte fruits are tree-ripened, then picked and canned in scrupulously sanitary canneries, in the localities where grown—not fruit lacking flavor because prematurely picked and then shipped across the continent in refrigerating cars.

California Fruit Canners Association
Largest Canners of Fruits and Vegetables in the World.
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA
NORTH & DALZELL, Agents.
111 HUDSON STREET, NEW YORK

The GRAND FAMILY of
KNABE PIANOS

consists of FIVE distinct types and sizes of Grand Pianos, *all* of the supreme quality of tone and action and of distinctive case construction, which have been known and recognized by the musical world for 76 years.

STYLE H
Mignonette Grand
Mahogany, $700

STYLE A
Mignon Grand
Rosewood or Ebonized, $750
Mahogany, $850

STYLE B
Small Parlor Grand
Rosewood or Ebonized, $850
Mahogany, $950

STYLE C
Parlor Concert Grand
Rosewood or Ebonized, $1050
Mahogany, $1150

STYLE D
Full Concert Grand, $1600

Convenient terms of payment
Your Piano taken in exchange

KNABE WAREROOMS
5th Ave., Cor. 39th St.

For dancing the Victrola takes the place of an orchestra.

Downtown
VICTOR Store
We have in stock every type of Victrola and the complete list of
—RECORDS—
PROMPT SERVICE EXPERT ADVICE
DEMONSTRATION BOOTHS
TERMS TO SUIT
IDEAL MUSIC CO.,
29 JOHN STREET,
Telephone: Cortlandt 1086 Between Broadway and Nassau St.

The newest Turkey Trots, Tangos, One Steps, Two Steps—all played loud and clear and in perfect dance time.
There are Victors and Victrolas in great variety of styles from $10 to $200—at all Victor dealers.
Victor Talking Machine Co.
Camden, N. J.

Victrola XVI, $200
Mahogany or oak

Information Invited
The New York Times offers a reward of $100.00 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any one who obtains money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement in The Times.

A Full Line of
VICTROLAS
$15 up to $200
Cash or
Easy Payments

Hockey Skate and Shoe Outfit $3.98
(Complete)
A1 quality, nickel-plated Skates.
Shoes of best grade leather.
1914 Ford Automobiles—Runabouts $500, Touring $550
I. DAVEGA, JR. 123-125 W. 125th St.
Bet. Lenox and 7th Aves.
Harlem's Leading Sporting Goods House. Open Every Evening Except Wed.

FAKERS
OF OLD MASTERS

It is generally known among art collectors that there are many counterfeit "old masters." There are pictures in the Louvre of Paris and the National Gallery of London which are in dispute as to which is the original and which the copy. In the days of Sir Joshua Reynolds there were organized picture pirates who stole famous originals and substituted copies. An article in The New York Times on Sunday reproduces evidence that Sir Joshua himself was in league with "fakers." The story may add interest to the little group of coffee house frequenters which included David Garrick and Samuel Johnson and Edmund Burke.

THIEVES
OF AUTOMOBILES

Insurance underwriters estimate that the motor cars stolen in this country last year were worth more than $2,000,000. It is estimated that the thefts of accessories in New York City alone exceed $1,000,000 a year. This whole subject has been written up for The New York Times and the article which will appear on Sunday should be read by every automobile owner in the country. The loot gathered by Jack Cade or Dick Turpin was beggar's pence in comparison.

SCULPTORS
And the Meunier Exhibition

Do you know that there is just now being shown in New York a collection of 150 splendid examples of the work of a man whose name is placed by most critics beside that of Rodin. This exhibition is absolutely free. Complete particulars and an interesting study of Meunier will be published in The New York Times on Sunday.

WORK
FOR THE UNEMPLOYED

This is the idea which is close to the heart of John A. Kingsbury, who has just been appointed Commissioner of Charities by Mayor Mitchel. Having served an apprenticeship in many hard-luck professions, Mr. Kingsbury has an appreciation of the great need of the "down and out" in a big city. His own life story is crowded with human interest.

Col. HARVEY
ON FOREIGN DIPLOMATS

Col. George Harvey's article on the Foreign Diplomats as appointed by President Wilson, which was written for a forthcoming number of The North American Review, will be published complete and by special arrangement in The New York Times on Sunday.

These are only a few of a score of interesting magazine features to be published on Sunday in

THE NEW YORK TIMES

Place Your Order with Your Newsdealer To-day.

Time and time again we have told you that

Weed Tire Chains

absolutely prevent skidding

and that no other device has ever been invented that takes their place - that if you "depend upon rubber alone" you are taking chances on your own life and are a serious menace to every road user.

Now read the following excerpt from The New York Evening World of January 26th written by Robert Edgren - Sporting Editor

IF it were not so serious a matter I might feel inclined to smile whenever I see an automobile tire advertisement that claims "absolutely non-skid" qualities for any rubber auto tire. There's no such thing as an "absolutely non-skid" tire. It seems to me almost criminal to pretend there is, and to induce people to depend upon the alleged factor of safety that doesn't exist. A week ago Friday night I passed the shattered wreck of an automobile on Ocean Parkway. It lay upside down in the road, near a tree it had skidded into. A workman with a lantern was prodding around in the wreckage.

"Only ten minutes ago," he said, "we heard this machine coming through the rain. The exhaust was wide open, from the noise. I saw the lights swing sideways across the road all of a sudden, and then there was a terrible crash. When we got here we found three men underneath. We got them to the hospital a couple of blocks down there."

"It doesn't seem possible anything could live through this," I remarked.

"Look under your feet," said the man, lowering his lantern. And I saw that even the heavy rain had not yet washed away a red puddle that stretched from the wreck to the gutter. I borrowed the lantern and curiously examined the wheels. Four brand new "absolutely non-skid" tires! Saturday night, in the rain, was another wreck under similar circumstances only a few blocks away.

Of course, the "non-skid" construction helps, but to state that it is an "absolute" prevention is only to invite reckless driving and accident and death.

Yours for Safety,

Weed Chain Tire Grip Co.,

New York City.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't. B. C. Franck, Sec'y. Address all communications

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THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX, Quarterly—Paper Cover per Copy, $1.50; per Year, $6.00; Full Cloth, per Copy, $2.00; per Year, $8.00.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, JAN. 30, 1914.

THE SINEWS OF PROSPERITY.

The preparations made for Armageddon are being turned to the purposes of peace and prosperity. Not since the era of new statistics has there been such a turning of swords into plowshares as just now. It is rare for the Bank of England to lower its rate in successive weeks. This month it has reduced its rate three times. Last week seven central banks lowered their rates. This week the Bank of France, the most stubborn of all, since it has to bear much of the burden of financing the world for either peace or war, has reduced its rate simultaneously with the Bank of England's third reduction. It would seem that the time has come when "nation shall not lift up sword "against nation, neither shall they "learn war any more."

Possibly that is too sanguine, but it is sure that there is on the record the strongest possible certification by the best possible authorities that the specific calamity which all feared has passed. The little Balkan war cost a billion and a quarter of dollars, or tenfold the loss of the San Francisco earthquake, not to mention over 300,000 casualties. How other nations were affected may be gauged by the fact that on the Berlin Boerse alone there were losses equal to Germany's receipts from France's indemnity. Even adding the similar losses of other nations, all together was child's play to what the world's bankers feared. The mere preparations for the death struggle led France and Germany to impose taxes on capital and to add income taxes, besides levying toll upon their manhood in the shape of a lengthened term of service with the colors.

The loosening of the purse strings of the nations simultaneously indicates the return of the lifeblood of commerce to its accustomed channels. The rise in consols alone is sufficient to reassure all the banks which had not marked them down to 70, while the rise above 76 yesterday makes all the banks which had marked them down to 75 feel rich again. The rise in the representative securities on which the British index number is based reaches hundreds of millions within a month. Every borrower is stronger, every lender is more liberal. It is the same in every nation. Tons of gold which were gathered for possible war are now available to support languishing trade. We have never recently been so depressed as Europe, and even at our worst we were better off than the hostile peoples and suspicious rulers "abroad."

What we have to do with abroad is sufficiently apparent from the figures published yesterday of our foreign merchandise credits, that is, the excess of our exports over imports of merchandise, of $692,127,531. That is the result of an excess of exports surpassing every record. There was a decrease of imports in the year which marked the reduction of the tariff that was to flood our markets and unhinge our price relations. The next highest record of excess of exports was $648,796,393 in 1900. In that year we imported an excess of gold, while last year we exported gold on balance. Why not? We had it to spare, and lent it to those who were buying our goods because their necessity compelled them to fill their war chests. If we want that gold, it cannot be kept against our wills, but there is every prospect that our new banking system will enable us to make so much better use of our still ample supplies that we could afford to let more goods and more gold go abroad together, so long as our customers' credit continues to improve according to the indications of the past few days. It might be different if they were insisting upon spending billions of gold instead of the single billion of the Balkan quarrel. In that case they could not buy for cash, and we should not wish to sell on open credits.

Often the passing of the crest of a hill can be told by the easing of the burden before the eye reveals that the climb is over. The relief of the money markets of the world while traders are still looking wearily ahead shows that the climb after cash has ceased. Now there will be easier progress on level ground. No one could measure the strains of war abroad or of politics here. Neither is to be so bad as was feared, for that was impossible. With reasonable credit men of affairs can calculate along economic lines, which are sometimes baffling, but which are calculable in some fashion. It was fear, not facts, which depressed Europe. Similarly, it was sentiment which held our activities in check. It may be a little early to ring the jingle bell, but the captains of industry have got the first signal, and it ought not to be long before the engineers get "Full speed ahead."

AN INEXCUSABLE BANK RUN.

The little run on the long-established Bank for Savings, one of the strongest fiduciary institutions in this city, indicates anew the need of some more effective means for the punishment of persons who maliciously or ignorantly circulate rumors which cause such runs. The report which prompted some hundreds of working people to withdraw their little savings from the safe custody of the bank was spread by word of mouth. Its origin has not been actually determined, but it was absolutely groundless, and there are times when the circulation of such a report, even in relation to a normally strong institution, might cause more trouble than a little extra work for the clerks.

The Bank for Savings, with its cash supply exceeding $3,500,000 and its assets amounting to nearly $108,000,000, could hardly be affected by any run likely to grow out of idle and baseless rumors, but, in the interest of all financial institutions and the public generally, its Directors should insist upon a thorough investigation of the cause of yesterday's run.

Trifling as the incident may seem to be in its relation to the day's history, and slight as its effect will be upon so many thousands of the bank's depositors, it is grave enough to warrant prompt and stern action. If conspirators have been engaged in a futile effort to damage the bank's repute there should be no hesitation in prosecuting them. The matter is worth all the trouble it may cause.

Meanwhile the officers of the bank have acted in the wisest way to assure the community of the perfect soundness of their institution, which, by the way, has not for a moment been doubted by any citizen of intelligence. They have invited an investigation of their affairs by the State Banking Department, the Inspectors of which announced yesterday that all the bank's securities are of the highest character, and they have made a plain and perfectly satisfactory statement to the public.

THE SCHOOL BOARD PRESIDENCY.

The principle presented in the difference in the Board of Education as to the re-election of President THOMAS W. CHURCHILL is an important one, and involves the present and future interests of the community to a very serious degree. It is the principle that the Board of Education should not undertake to guide and direct the educational policy of the city, especially the branch of it dealing with instruction, in detail, but should employ for that work experts whom it can and should trust. This principle is generally accepted in the best organized and most efficient educational systems of the country. It was unquestionably intended to apply to our own system. It has been modified and practically abandoned under the influence of elements that derived power from the unwieldy size of the board and from the exertions of organizations for the promotion of selfish interests.

We are far from accusing Mr. CHURCHILL of willfully pursuing a policy contrary to the good of the schools. He is a man of much mental acuteness and of force of character, and he is quite sincere in his belief that the board, under his guidance and control, can take good care of the schools and bring about needed improvements. He has a rooted distrust of certain of the experts in the system, and he is not without just ground for his criticism of some features of their conduct and administration. But the record of the board under his headship is unfortunately sufficient to establish the perils of departure from the sound principle we have cited. The statement of his opponents put out yesterday contains one instance of this which is characteristic and significant:

> Reversing the policy of years, Mr. CHURCHILL and his supporters have exhausted every device in an effort to promote some thousands of teachers who have not complied with the present requirements, and whose shadowy technical claim, dating from a period prior to the consolidation of Greater New York, the courts at every step have consistently rejected. Should this claim ever be confirmed, many unqualified teachers would be promoted, while the advancement of others who have passed a modern competitive examination would be indefinitely postponed.

The root of the difficulty in running the Board of Education with the powers and the aims which Mr. CHURCHILL approves is that true responsibility is almost impossible. A large board, with a varied range of functions for some of which its members are entirely unfitted by training or experience or study, falls a prey to the organized influence of self-seekers. It did so in this instance, and its members were induced to sanction action grossly opposed to public interest, as they never would have done in a matter where their knowledge was adequate and their sense of personal accountability awakened. It was action that the expert force of the board resisted, because they knew its real nature and inevitable effect and knew how severely and justly they would be blamed if they aided in it.

It is not at all impossible, as Mr. CHURCHILL maintains in his report, that his views are in some cases more intelligent than those of the experts. But that does not affect the general principle. If the experts are incompetent they should be changed. While they are retained they should be allowed and required to attend to their part of the work and held to such responsibility as the work demands, which is much greater, more definite and effectual than can ever be enforced upon the members of the Board of Education.

The gentleman whom the opposition have put in nomination against Mr. CHURCHILL is ROBERT L. HARRISON. He has had experience as teacher and college professor, has been a dozen years a member of the board, and Chairman for eleven years of the Committee on By-Laws and Legislation. It is highly significant that with this long experience and with his familiar knowledge of teaching he is a convinced opponent of the principle of absorption of all power by the board.

APPEALS IN POLICE CASES.

Speaking for Mayor MITCHEL, Mr. FRANK L. POLK declares that the Mayor is satisfied that Col. GOETHALS will accept the Police Commissionership upon the completion of the Panama Canal "if the legislation is obtained abolishing court review of "the Commissioner's action in dismissing policemen." THE TIMES prints elsewhere in this issue a letter from Gen. FRANCIS V. GREENE, who speaks with the authority of one of the very few me who have been successful Police Commissioners of this city. Gen. GREENE says that the impression is erroneous that the courts frequently reinstate dismissed policemen; that the real danger is that the Mayor will usurp all the powers and duties which the statute specifically confers upon the Commissioner.

We have obtained from the records of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, First Department, the following figures concerning the disposition of appeals from the decisions of the Police Commissioner of this city from 1909 to 1913, inclusive, which show that but four men have been reinstated and the fines of but two remitted in fifty-one cases appealed:

Year.	No. Cases Appealed.	Affirmed.	Officers Reinstated.	Fines Remitted.
1909	9	8	0	1
1910	3	3	0	0
1911	16	15	1	0
1912	6	5	1	0
1913	17	14	2	1
Totals	51	45	4	2

It is a fact that the law in terms makes the Police Commissioner supreme in this city, and it is notoriously true that every Mayor has usurped the authority of the Commissioner by virtue of his power of summary removal. Perhaps Gen. GREENE is right in thinking that this summary power should not be changed. A bad Mayor might appoint a bad Commissioner; a poor Mayor might appoint a bad or inefficient Commissioner, and if he were not removable except on charges and by a court review the Police Department would be in a sad state. At present, even an excellent appointment is overshadowed by the threatening power of the Mayor; any incoming Commissioner of Police knows that plots to sap his authority will forthwith be hatched by foes within and from without. If Col. GOETHALS merely wished to make the Commissionership substantial and to have a free hand, he should have made a fixed term his condition, a term protected by legal safeguards.

AGAIN ZABERN.

It is not surprising that the Civil Governor of Alsace with his associates should resign their offices on the heels of the final justification by the military courts of the conduct of Col. VON REUTER, with his associates, at Zabern. That action is apparently conclusive as to what the law is in Alsace. Under an army regulation issued in 1820 by the King of Prussia, fifty years before the creation of the German Empire, the military officers of that Empire, in whatever portion of it they may be stationed, are authorized and required to take the maintenance of order from the hands of the civil authorities, executive or legal, at their own discretion, and to establish martial law. Under such conditions there is obviously no function left for the civil government which self-respecting men could retain. In every possible phase of the matter, reasonable opinion in Alsace must be outraged.

The conduct of the military was in the last degree foolish, rash, arbitrary, needless, and ludicrous. The basis of the judgment of the military court which exculpated them is an aggravation of the original folly. The effect on the sentiment of the people, not only of Alsace, but of Germany, is irritating, as is shown by the action of the majority of the Reichstag and the resignation of the Governor. It does not diminish for the moment the tremendous popularity of the Emperor, as was shown on his birthday, but it imposes on that energetic ruler a task and a problem that may yet make it quite unnecessary for him to chop down the trees in the books of Sans Souci in order to reduce his flesh.

TASTEFUL SOUVENIRS.

In one of the theatres of this town yellow tickets are nightly distributed among the spectators. These are supposed to be counterparts of cards which the abandoned women of Russia are said to carry wherever they go, so that they may always be identified. The imitation cards are inscribed with the name of the heroine of the play, a description of her appearance, her age, race, and religion. The whole forms a charming and precious reminder, to be cherished, doubtless, for a lifetime, of an evening spent in one of those institutions of art in which we seek relief from the cares that infest the day, in which the imagination is supposed to be stirred and the noblest human impulses appealed to. Thus is "the "youngest of the sister arts, where "all their beauty blends," served in the enlightened twentieth century. Some hundreds of unmarried women and as many wives and mothers emerge from that abode of Thalia and Melpomene nightly bearing the yellow ticket; their escorts carry them, too, so that the supply shall not run short.

To the alert and purely commercial mind, doubtless, the souvenir seems expressive of a happy idea, an inspiration. It is certainly a unique advertisement. There is no other playhouse in which women are provided with such certificates to take home and show to the children. The modern drama of crime cannot get further over the footlights than this. But, doubtless, there are still a few persons who will object to the souvenirs and consider their distribution an exceedingly vulgar proceeding, an indication of feeble judgment and in violation of decency and good taste. Probably this is not a matter for police interference, but the cards bear the signature of an Inspector of Police; the place named in the date line, however, is Kiev. No person of even ordinary intelligence could infer that the passport is of American origin. We understand that the souvenirs have been hailed with joy by the jesters, who fancy they add to the gayety of the era in which we live.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Eugenics Well Explained.

Discussion of and action on "eugenics" would be more intelligent and profitable if both those who think they favor and those who think they oppose changes in established customs relating to marriage were to read an article on the subject prepared by Dr. L. F. BARKER for the Committee on Public Instruction of Maryland.

It begins with the statement that to eugenics properly defined—as by GALTON, for instance—opposition is practically unthinkable, but the pretensions and doings of many who profess to be exponents of eugenics are a wholly different matter, since every crank and fanatic with an imagined single remedy for all human ills calls himself a eugenist and clamors for the instant application by law of his panacea. Herein lies one group of what Dr. BARKER calls the dangers of eugenics, meaning thereby the dangers to eugenics. He recognizes, however, the existence of another group—that created by the hidebound conservatives whose idea of conservatism is to ignore the progress of events and changes in social conditions, and to resist every effort to harmonize the conduct of human affairs with an altered environment.

The profoundest of these alterations, according to Dr. BARKER, is that produced by the recent lowering of what he calls the "selective death rate" through our charities, our philanthropies, and our new medical resources. Thus we keep alive many who in a sterner and harsher age were eliminated by early death, and the support of these defectives and their progeny by the fit is a burden which in time will bring about a balancing selectiveness in the birth rate. This will be accomplished less, he thinks, by deliberate instruction and legal enactment than through the gradual attainment by more and more people of a realization of the situation and a consequent repugnance for socially and economically improper unions. Already no laws are needed to prevent the majority of us from contracting marriages with the obviously insane and the seriously diseased. Further enlightenment will increase this form of prevention and win favor for the means necessary to insure it.

To much of newspaper comment on eugenics Dr. BARKER applies the epithets of "superficial" and "wholly irresponsible." But not to all of it, thereby differing from some of our medical critics. Here is what he says in qualifying his reprehension:

> The subject receives, however, intelligent discussion from time to time in two of the better New York dailies—in THE NEW YORK TIMES, from the more radical viewpoint, and in The New York Evening Post, from the more conservative side.

He Doth Confess Too Much.

While reading the story of crime told by the boy SADAITYS, alias BURKE, the horrified astonishment at first created by the young fellow's cool confession of innumerable misdeeds, ranging from murder and arson down to petty theft, is mitigated by a growing suspicion of his veracity. His tale may include the truth and the whole of it, but does it meet the third requirement of the legal formula—that is, does he make no additions to it?

Vanity is by no means confined to the honest and virtuous—to those whose conduct and character give some justification for pride. The typical criminal is little apt to be ashamed of himself; on the contrary, it is more than usual, when it can be done safely, for him to exaggerate the number and size of his evil achievements, for thereby he acquires glory in the eyes of his associates and at least escapes the contempt of good citizens, which is so much harder to bear than their fear of indignation.

No doubt much of what BURKE says is true, but he would have had to be abnormally industrious to commit, in his brief career, all the crimes he confesses. And it is the incapacity for continuous work of any kind that constitutes no small part of what may be called the criminal diathesis. Rarely indeed do the professionally vicious undertake a new "job" until after spending in congenial dissipations the proceeds of the last one, and their periods of intense activity alternate with longer periods of lethargic rest.

BURKE is trying to save himself from well-deserved punishment by wholesale betrayals of his accomplices. There is no honor among thieves, in spite of the proverb, and an intelligence like his—the intelligence of the moral imbecile—would naturally suggest the saying of anything he thinks the detectives want him to say. His testimony, of course, is quite worthless except as it can be corroborated by better evidence than his. Almost certainly he is no Colossus of crime, but a boastful weakling who has been merely the ill-paid tool of brigands as much shrewder as they were more cautious than he.

Public and Private Remuneration.

In the announcement that ALFRED CRAVEN as Chief Engineer of the Public Service Commission is to receive a salary of $20,000 a year there is cause for surprise or wonder only because he gets this salary from other than private employers. No industrial or commercial corporation doing a business that involves interests anything like as large as those controlled by the commission would expect, or try, or even want, to get the service of a Chief Engineer for less than twice, if not three times, as much. Their Directors would seriously doubt the competency of one who offered to do the work for $20,000, and they would confidently seek profit from hiring a man who could earn more of their money.

That municipalities, States, and the nation overpay some of their employés is true, but, according to the standards of ordinary business, they much oftener underpay them, and not infrequently to our common detriment. We have the queer idea that a great deal of the public's business can be done well enough by men who give to it only a portion of their time, and in many instances we even demand that the giving of that portion be gratuitous. The real wonder is that the service thus secured is more than occasionally excellent, and sometimes of the very best kind.

The explanation of this good fortune lies, presumably, partly in the fact that there is a glamour about official position, and partly to the fact that with it go a special dignity and a special power that are a real though immaterial addition to a scanty salary.

Mr. CRAVEN, of course, stands so high in his profession that nothing invidious to him can be found or should be sought in these remarks. On the contrary, the Public Service Commission is to be congratulated on securing so cheaply a man so eminent.

THE SCHOOL SAVINGS PLAN.

System of Small Accounts Teaches Children Thrift.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the year 1885 the late J. H. Thiry of Long Island City introduced the school savings system in this country. At the convention of the Savings Bank Section of the American Bankers' Association, held a few years ago, the school savings idea was highly commended as a means of establishing thrift among the younger generation.

A number of the banks throughout the United States have adopted the school savings system, and the only reason why more have not taken kindly to the idea is due chiefly to the time and labor involved in handling these small accounts. The following statistics will give some idea of how the system is progressing:

State.	No. Scholars.	No. Depositors.	Deposits.
Maine	1,290	369	$1,662.75
New Hampshire	665	544	1,489.53
Vermont	993	143	791.43
Massachusetts	31,539	17,324	34,886.01
Rhode Island	2,171	780	2,839.09
Connecticut	7,081	3,957	24,049.37
New York	32,202	10,359	58,036.47
New Jersey	7,800	2,200	28,535.01
Pennsylvania	90,152	44,443	344,769.87
Indiana	6,000	1,847	1,489.03
Illinois	4,000	2,700	6,038.72
Michigan	18,844	6,832	65,963.70
Wisconsin	4,094	1,273	4,700.60
Minnesota	66,501	29,741	45,298.10
Iowa	Not given	6,668	35,346.56
Missouri	38,000	10,000	37,855.20
Delaware	404	258	3,059.73
Maryland	682	215	894.20
Dist. of Columbia	1,018	403	1,886.61
West Virginia	None	None	None
Alabama	205	120	34.10
Ohio	26,873	14,266	109,610.65
Nebraska	347	120	829.00
Kansas	906	268	318.99
Oklahoma	None	None	None
Washington	18,930	3,135	21,182.64
California	66,572	9,558	77,518.52
Alaska	85,502	12,693	98,696.26
Total	430,949	167,529	$908,480.47

(I am indebted to Mrs. Sara L. Oberholtzer of Philadelphia, successor to the late J. H. Thiry, for the above statistics.)

The Board of Education of New York City has for some time been considering the advisability of introducing the system in the public schools. There is one drawback, however, to having the children turn over their savings to the teachers. The saving habit is not impressed upon the youngster as though he or she called at the bank and opened an account.

The North Side Savings Bank of New York City opened a junior department about a year ago and has over fifteen hundred school accounts. The average amount of each account is 76 cents. Amounts of 10 cents and upward are accepted by this bank, and when $2 has been saved the amount is transferred and the child is given a regular passbook. The child can have as many school accounts as he or she desires, but cannot withdraw any of the funds on deposit to his or her credit in the junior department until $2 has been saved. ARTHUR A. EKIRCH,
Secretary North Side Savings Bank.
New York, Jan. 28, 1914.

Anagram Verses.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The answer to Allan Findlay's puzzle is as follows, with a rearrangement of the lines:

A *sutler* sat in his *ulster* gray,
Watching the moonbeams' *lustre* play
On a keg, that in the bushes lay,
And thus did he merrily sing:
Thou *lurest* the great, thou *rulest* the strong,
The *result* of great battles to thee doth belong.
Each leaf with its *rustle* took up the song:
John Barleycorn, my King.

L. M. EMERY.
New York, Jan. 28, 1914.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Speaking of anagrams, which of your readers will be the first to make one word out of "new door"? E. S. J.
New York, Jan. 28, 1914.

German Critic of Radium.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The "German Savant" who is reported in "Topics of the Times" as having pronounced against the use of radium in the cancer treatment is not the Prof. Ernst Schweninger who was physician to the late Prince Bismarck. Dr. Ernst Schweininger died some years ago. H. SHERWOOD NORRIS.
New York, Jan. 9, 1914.

GOETHALS'S CONDITION.

Gen. Greene Says Courts Rarely Reinstate Policemen.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to Mayor Mitchel's tender of the Police Commissionership to Col. Goethals, I would point out that the builder of the Panama Canal is under a misapprehension in specifying his condition of acceptance. The Charter of New York City gives the Commissioner of Police supreme power, but in recent years he has not exercised it.

The present law was passed in 1897 for the purpose of terminating the intolerable division of authority between a four-handed Police Commission and a uniformed Chief of Police having statutory powers independent of the commission. The intention was to concentrate all these powers in a single individual and hold him responsible by giving the Mayor power of summary removal. The law was administered according to its intent during Mayor Low's administration. It gives the Mayor no power over the police except the power of appointing and removing the Commissioner, but in recent years the Mayor has appointed and removed Deputy Commissioners, given orders in regard to the assignment, transfer, and promotion of members of the uniformed force, prescribed rules and regulations in regard to the discipline of the force, and the manner in which their duties shall be performed. In so doing he has usurped the powers and duties which the statute specifically confers upon the Commissioner. The result is a restoration of the divisions of responsibility which the law was specially intended to do away with. The uniformed force as well as the public have come to regard the Mayor as the real head of the police, and the Commissioner only a subordinate who may be overruled at any moment. And while the Mayor has interfered in the internal affairs of the Police Department, he could not possibly give enough time to it, in view of all his other duties, to run it properly. The result has been detrimental to the discipline of the force.

I doubt if the present law can be improved. It would be a terrible misfortune to have an incompetent or corrupt Commissioner who could only be removed by the slow process of trial on charges. Therefore the power of summary removal by the Mayor should not be changed. And as to the uniformed policeman, he is entitled to his day in court, and no law can successfully deprive him of it. An equity court will always hear him, and that is all the present law does for him.

There is an erroneous impression as to the number of reinstatements by the courts. I dismissed several hundred policemen, many of them of high rank, during the course of a single year. The great majority did not appeal, and in those cases where appeal was taken a majority were decided in favor of the Commissioner. Deputy Commissioner Gherardi Davis, who was Trial Commissioner, can give you some interesting statistics on this point. In recent years the power of the Commissioner has not been fully exercised, and comparatively few dismissals have been made.

In my judgment what the Police Department needs is not new laws but an enforcement of the present law by the Commissioner of sufficient force and ability to assert and maintain and exercise his statutory rights and powers. Col. Goethals is just such a man, and would make a great success in the Police Department if the Mayor did not remove him simply for doing what the law requires him to do. But I hope he will remain as Governor of the Canal Zone until everything is running smoothly there, and then be allowed to retire and engage in occupations where his consummate ability will bring him more rewards in thanks and emoluments than any man can ever gain in the Police Department. FRANCIS V. GREENE.
Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 28, 1914.

$700 ENOUGH.

Enables Students to Enjoy Both Necessaries and Luxuries.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Being a New Yorker and a college student, I have been interested in the discussion in THE TIMES as to the proper expense of a year in college. I see that "College Student" questions whether one may partake of the enjoyments of college life, as well as of its necessities, on an expenditure of $700 a year. However it may be in a city college, I can say from both experience and observation that it is both possible and customary in my own—a leading country—college.

In my own case, I have not been restricted in my expenses, but have taken part in whatever activities I chose, and my yearly expense has been just about $700 a year. Moreover, my various roommates have never during their entire course spent more than $500 to $600 a year, including all scholarship aid. While they have exercised some care as to their expenses they have not been pinched, but have had their full share of diversion, including fraternity membership, participation in the big football trip each year, and entertaining at junior prom. These are fair samples of the college as a whole. While many spend between $700 and $800 a year, only a few "sports" exceed the latter figure. I believe that the average of the whole college would be well below $700, and it certainly would be very slightly, if any, above that figure. SENIOR.
Hanover, N. H., Jan. 27, 1914.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The letter in your issue of to-day signed "College Student" compels our smiles. The confidence with which he classes the undergraduate body as "representatives of the public at large" and the positiveness with which he includes college annuals, teas, shows, pew rent, cigars, and a large number of other similar matters among the necessities without which college life has little or no flavor or desirability justify the hazard of a guess that he is yet to attain the dignity of an upper classman.

"College Student" needs a reminder that "the public at large" is composed of persons either possessed of inherited means or else engaged in occupations sufficiently remunerative to enable them—in some cases—to enjoy the small luxuries of which he speaks. Their means are not sufficient for this purpose, they go without these things because they must, and not all of those who follow this course find life utterly without flavor. Students, in most cases, have no means of their own, not yet having reached the time when they are earning their own livelihood, nor the time when they have inherited means from their parents. Until they have reached that time it is not a mark of a normal or healthy mind for them to treat as necessities things which those who have carved out for themselves an independent position may out of their surplus permit themselves to enjoy. COLUMBIA.
Redding Ridge, Conn., Jan. 27, 1914.

Stenographer Should Obey.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Replying to "G. L. C." of Newark re "A Stenographer's Duty," let me suggest to him that in a case like this he should be just like his typewriter, viz., a machine for the time being. This will obviate any difficulty, and his conscience need not prick him. In other cases, let him resume his original position, and be an individual, not a machine. SECRETARY.
Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 28, 1914.

Another Famous Goethals.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The name of Col. George W. Goethals, now so frequently before the public, brings back to my memory the Gen. Baron Goethals who was Secretary of War, or, as we call it over there, Ministre de la Guerre, in Belgium during the reign of Leopold the First.
JEAN DE SMET.
New York, Jan. 27, 1914.

CALLS JUDGE SPEER A CZAR.

Savannah Attorney Testifies That He Is "Judicially Corrupt."

SAVANNAH, Ga., Jan. 29.—When the Congressional inquiry into the conduct of Federal Judge Emory Speer was resumed to-day, W. W. Osborne, a Savannah attorney, was the first to testify.

"Judge Speer is a good lawyer," he said, "but he is a Czar as a Judge. He is unfair and is possessed of a colossal conceit which makes him crave the spotlight and if some one else happens to get into it, it greatly angers him."

Mr. Osborne told of a case in which he represented a client who was suing for damages for the death of her son. The suit was against the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad. The witness asserted that Judge Speer directed a finding against the railroad because of his antagonism for Gen. P. W. Meldrim, counsel for the road.

"My client," said the witness, "got a verdict for $5,000, but this did not prevent me from recognizing Judge Speer's prostitution of justice. Judge Speer is, in my opinion, judicially corrupt. It makes no difference whether you win your case or lose it; you cannot come out of Judge Speer's court feeling that it is a place of justice."

CONFER ON RUSSIAN TREATY

Marshall, Adler, and Elkus Call on President Wilson.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Louis Marshall, Dr. Cyrus Adler, and Abraham I. Elkus of New York conferred to-day with President Wilson about a new Russian treaty and the Jewish passport question. They declined to tell about their conference, saying that they were not at liberty to disclose its nature.

Recently Rabbi Stephen Wise called President Wilson's attention to many arguments on the question, and the President recently told callers that, while he was giving deep consideration to the matter, formal negotiations concerning a new commercial treaty with Russia would naturally await the arrival in St. Petersburg of Ambassador Pindell. The latter is expected in Washington soon for instructions, and it is presumed that the Administration will make him acquainted with its intentions concerning that and other questions affecting Russia.

INCOME TAX LAW TO STAND.

Underwood Will Not Consider Proposals to Amend It.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Representative Underwood of Alabama, Democratic leader of the House, in a statement to-day served notice that there would be no tinkering with the new tariff law at this session of Congress.

His declaration was called forth as the result of the introduction of bills in the House within the past few days which would repeal the "collection at the source" feature of the Income Tax act. "It is safe to say," Mr. Underwood asserts, "that no bills affecting the new tariff will have consideration at this session. The Income Tax law is a part of the new tariff law."

Representative Hull of Tennessee, author of the income tax law, said to-day that complaints of its administration were premature, and urged that criticisms be withheld until the law had been fully tested.

IN MEMORY OF McKINLEY.

President and Others Wear Red Carnations on His Birthday.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—This was the anniversary of William McKinley's birthday, and President Wilson wore a red carnation in memory of the late President. White House officials, Justices of the Supreme Court, Senators, Congressmen, and many others also wore Mr. McKinley's favorite flower.

Justice Day, a lifelong friend of Mr. McKinley, supplied the blossoms for the Supreme Court.

Paterson Wants Dr. E. M. Saunler.

WORCESTER, Mass., Jan. 29.—The Rev. Dr. Edward M. Saunler, pastor of Lincoln Square Baptist Church, has received a call to the pastorate of the Fourth Baptist Church in Paterson, N. J., at a salary of $2,500 a year. He is considering it.

Suffrage and Class Problems.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a sort of postscript to the admirable letter of "R," which you printed recently, may I suggest this problem in "classes," and ask some suffragist to decide the points? Here are two houses just alike in a row in a city street. No. 17 is owned by a man, John Smith, and is leased to a woman, Kate Jones; No. 19 is owned by a woman, Mary Brown, say, and is leased to a man, William Green. Now the problem is to divide these people into two classes. Would you say that the two women, landlord and tenant, Mrs. Brown and Mrs. Jones, were in one class, with similar interests, opposed to those of the two men who form another class, or would you class the two landlords together and the two tenants together? Suppose there were a question of higher rent or of repairs to be made, how would you sort out the interest? Suppose there were to be a new landlord and tenant law. Would the situation be changed if the women voted?

Another problem: When women vote, will a colored woman be likely to consider herself better represented by a white woman or a black man? H. F. L.
Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 27, 1914.

Highland Cheated of Fame.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The intercollegiate boat races are held on the Hudson River in front of Highland, Ulster County, N. Y., every Summer. The boat course is on the Highland Shore, and the boat crews are quartered on the Highland Shore and even in the Village of Highland. The observation train which runs on the West Shore Railroad following the boats over the course is on the Highland Shore. The bombs which announce the results of the race are fired from the Highland end of the big Poughkeepsie-Highland Bridge. The flags which are used as signals indicating the positions in which the boats finish float from the bridge and almost touch the Highland Shore.

Why is it that the course is not properly named? Poughkeepsie is a large city in comparison with the Village of Highland, but everything points to the fact that Highland is the correct geographical situation of the race, and all of the final preparations that are made to finish the race.

A HIGHLANDER.
Highland, Ulster County, N. Y., Jan. 27, 1914.

Unpronounceable Names.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"H. P. B." asks in your columns if any one knows of a name whose combination of letters is more odd than HRGHLLMRN. How is this: Mr. M. A. PRZYBYLWICZ. He is cashier of the Army National Bank at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas. R. D.
New Haven, Conn., Jan. 28, 1914.

UN MARIAGE ARRANGE.

A bride have I ta'en to my house,
A wife have I wedded for aye.
Neither fame nor beauty hath she,
And the name of my bride is Povertie.

She weareth not raiment fine,
But sombre and hodden gray—
She dwelleth not in a palace grand
And she boasteth nor servants nor gold nor land.

She loveth me well, I ween.
Oh! would that I loved her too!
Nor time nor striving can set me free,
For a deathless wife is Povertie.

My hand was pledged from my birth,
I had not to win or to woo,
But my word is given nor will be gainsaid—
Ah! luckless are they who are loveless wed!

MARY McMULLEN.

AMERICAN PICTURES AT THE LOTOS CLUB

Inness, Blakelock, Martin, and Wyant Represented in Late John H. Rhoades Collection.

C. M. DEWEY'S LANDSCAPES

Homer's "Forebodings," a Powerful Little Water Color—"Modernist" Exhibition at Montross Galleries.

At the Lotos Club one is admitted by invitation to an exhibition of American paintings from the collection formed by the late John Harsen Rhoades. There are Blakelocks and Martins and Wyants in the collection which attract attention as a matter of course. There are three pictures by George Inness, the most poetic of which is "The Brush-burners" with its gusty slim trees, its blown smoke, its fine sky, and the sentiment of a certain mood of weather suggested throughout.

A powerful little water color, by Winslow Homer, has the title "Forebodings." A couple of women, each with a child in her arms, stand on the seashore, a compact group straight and solid as a pillar, before them a sky and sea pallid with angry storm.

A larger oil picture by Homer is "The Gale," also an interpretation of the spirit of storm and a noble composition of lines to contradict the old and stupid notion of the artist's unconsidered realism.

The star of George Fuller differeth in glory from that of Winslow Homer, but to take his work from the sum of American achievement in art would be a distinct impoverishment. Fuller had theories and something like a schematic system of painting, but the public asks about results, and here is a picture that old Matthew Maris would applaud. A negro cabin full of mists and shadows in the corner by the fire a negro mammy, her long hands spread out on her knees, her head bent, an indistinct patch of darkness against the gray of the rough stone chimney. In the foreground a standing figure with wavering rhythms that suggest those indefinite and elusive regions where imagination can roam freely. Reality drags as little as possible at this imaginative conception of a common—or what was once a common—scene. The painter looked at the cabin and saw that it was good artistically, and he painted it without a hint of the bondage of slavery or the racial differences of feature between black and white, or the industries and occupations of a period, or anything beyond the boundaries of universal art that from the Yang-tse to the Mississippi lure the mind to quickening dreams.

A very interesting landscape is by Abbott Thayer, reminding us of that year in the Pennsylvania Academy when the public saw his landscapes and Whistler's lovely blue girl in the same room.

Two beautiful landscapes by Charles Melville Dewey reiterate his importance in the group by which American painting will be known to the long future. All that is gross and sordid is as far from this entrancing vision of "Sunrise" as from the "Good Friday" music of Parsifal. The sky is green and cool above the roofs of houses from the chimneys of which thin sprays of smoke are rising. Trees are delicately stirring in the morning freshness, the ground is still dark. The tissue of color is so closely woven that it is difficult to realize how many pure hues go to the making of that quiet tone.

"The Return of the Hayboats" is the other picture. No one who has ridden on one of those slow-moving barges with the movement of the tide will be insensitive to the artist's subtle realization of this almost imperceptible progress of the loaded boat, as well as the deep serenity of the sky and water on a still day.

Mr. Tryon's landscapes are in the same tradition of clos

MRS. FISH GIVES A BALL FOR 500

Pierrot and Pierrette Dance to Music by Neapolitan Players During Supper.

'HOME, SWEET HOME,' 2 A.M.

Dinner Hostesses Before Ball Include Mrs. Hamilton Fish, Mrs. G. J. Gould, and Mrs. H. S. Redmond.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish entertained last night with a ball at her town house, 25 East Seventy-eighth Street. The dance was preceded by a number of dinners and afterward the guests went to Mrs. Fish's, where they were joined by many others.

The house was decorated in yellow and green, smilax being arranged in ropes and garlands and yellow forsythia and other Spring blossoms giving the note of yellow.

Among the dinner hostesses before the dance were Mrs. Hamilton Fish, Mrs. Alfred Anson, who entertained twenty-two young people, friends of her daughter; Miss Alexandra Emery, Mrs. George J. Gould, Mrs. H. F. Fairfield Osborn, Mrs. Henry S. Redmond, who had many young married people dining with her at the Plaza, besides Mrs. Moses Taylor Campbell, Mrs. Charles B. Alexander, and Mrs. Cornelius C. Cuyler.

Mrs. Redmond had also among her guests Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Walker, Mr. and Mrs. James Lowell Putnam of Boston, Mr. and Mrs. J. Stewart Barney, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Pierrepont Perry, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mrs. Tailer Smith, and also the Misses Harriet Alexander, Lisa Suydam, Mimi Scott, Margaret Steward, Marjorie Curtis, Cecelia May, the Duchess de Chaulnes, also Count Raoul d'Adhemar, Louis Hosmer, Robert McKee, Henry F. Eldredge, Harry S. Black, Dr. John Freeman, Dr. G. B. Lee, E. J. Curley, George H. Warren, Jr.; Franklin Plummer, Frederick Juillard, Henry Richmond Taylor, and Preston Gibson.

Mr. and Mrs. Fish returned to their residence at 10, and shortly afterward the guests began arriving and were received by Mrs. Fish, who stood at the head of the stairs in the foyer on the second floor. All of the second floor was used for dancing, there being two orchestras. A buffet supper, which was served from small tables in the dining room and foyer on the first floor, began at midnight, and during the supper a Pierrot and Pierrette danced to music by four Neapolitan players. The supper was continuous. Shortly after 2 o'clock the orchestras played "Home, Sweet Home," and the ball was over.

This was the first ball Mrs. Fish has given at her town house in several years. The 500 guests invited included Mr. and Mrs. J. Insley Blair, Mr. and Mrs. Woodbury Blair, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. De Rham, 2d, Mr. and Mrs. Fairman R. Dick, Mr. and Mrs. Howard C. Dickinson, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Carolan, Mr. and Mrs. August Belmont, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Robert S. Brewster, Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Brewster, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur A. Burden, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Burden, Lord and Lady Decies, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Dalziel, Mr. and Mrs. B. Eustis, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Field, Mr. and Mrs. Paulding Fosdick, Mr. and Mrs. J. Gordon Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. W. Earl Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. J. Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., Mayor and Mrs. Mitchel, Mr. and Mrs. James B. Duke, the Prince and Princess Lucinge de Faucigny, Mr. and Mrs. J. Sergeant Cram, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Connfelt, Mr. and Mrs. Goelet Gallatin, Mr. and Mrs. R. Horace Gallatin, Mr. and Mrs. Julliard H. Gerard, Mr. and Mrs. Sumner Gerard, Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Gerry, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Goelet Gerry, Mr. and Mrs. Jay Gould, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Hadden, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hagarin Mr. and Mrs. Hall Hoppin, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Hoppin, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Hoffman, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. V. Hoffman, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Sanger, Mr. and Mrs. Norris Seiller, the Rev. Herbert Shipman and Mrs. Shipman, Mr. and Mrs. Lorillard Spencer, Mr. and Mrs. Willard D. Straight, the Count and Countess Széchényi, Dr. Preston Satterwhite and Mrs. Satterwhite, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Scott, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Iselin, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Iselin, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Oakley Rhinelander, and Mr. and Mrs. David Wagstaff.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Wagstaff, Mr. and Mrs. James Hazen Wadsworth, Mr. and Mrs. Reyne Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Forsyth Wickes, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene S. Willard, Mr. and Mrs. Lucius K. Wilmerding, Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wright, Mr. and Mrs. L. White, Mr. and Mrs. John Magee, Mr. and Mrs. N. L. McCready, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden L. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. Devereux Milburn, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Z. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Barrington Moore, Mr. and Mrs. William O. McCombs, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Peters, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Pierson, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. St. P. Stuyvesant Pillot, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Prentice, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Pulitzer, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. B. Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. Griswold A. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Henry G. Trevor, Mr. and Mrs. Archibald G. Thacher.

Also the Misses Civilise Alexander, Mary Pyne, Josephine Rives, Helen Rives, Julia Robbins, Lota Robinson, Marie L. Rodewald, Barbara Rutherfurd, Louise Scott, Maria de Barril, Emily Sloane, Elsie Stevens, Kathryn Steele, Margaret Stevens, Katherine Stewart, Adelaide Spofford, Marie Tailer, Eleanor Taylor, Ruth Twombly, Margaret and Louise Trevor, Anna Wright, Muriel Winthrop, Gabrielle Warren, Dorothy Anderton, Claire Bird, Veronica Frazier, Helen C. Frick, Mabel Gerry, Mary Hare, Carol Harriman, Charlotte Harding, Catharine Hamersley, Marion Hollins, Helen S. Hunt, Ruth King, Jean Morris, Eleanor and Edith Mortimer, Gertrude Mali, Elsie Nicoll, Josephine Osborn, Josephine Nicoll, Adelaide Cannon, Adele Colgate, Rose Dolan, Lucy Bigelow Dodge, Susan Fish Dresser, Julia Edey, Mary Cumnock, Caroline Colt, Maud Coster, Laura and Mary Canfield, Florence Blair, Marie Louise and Jeannie Emmet.

Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel, Lady Lister Kaye, Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, Mrs. A. Lanfear Norrie, Mrs. French Vanderbilt, Mrs. Williams A. M. Burden, Mrs. J. Lee Tailer, Mrs. Belmont Tiffany, Mrs. Linda Lee Thomas, and Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr.

Also Lord Alastair Innes-Ker, George M. Woolsey, John Postlethwaite, Percy R. Pyne, 2d, Moses Taylor Pyne, E. Coster Wilmerding, R. Thornton Wilson, Chalmers and Erskine Wood, J. Dunbar Wright, George Wagstaff, Lloyd Warren, J. W. White, Lispenard Stewart, W. R. Stewart, Jr., Cecil St. George, J. F. Talmadge, Roderick Terry, Jr., T. M. Robertson, Sidney J. Smith, George Jaham Scott, Richard Sedgewick, Sr., Arden M. Robbins, Phoenix Ingraham, Moncure Robinson, Henry, Sidney, and J. H. Ripley, F. Bayard and Reginald Rives, Harrison G. Rhoades, Newton Rae, W. B. Parsons, Jr., G. Lawrence Perkins, W. R. Stewart, Jr., Campbell Steward, and Rothesay Stuart-Wortle.

Also Francis and Maurice Roche, Burnet Ruggles, Davis Barnes, Raymond and Morgan Belmont, O. W. Bird, Jr., George Dixon, Jr., Crawford and F. M. Blagden, H. S. Black, J. L. and Robert P. Breese, Louis Bruguière, Col. Charles Page Bryan, Kenneth Budd, Lawrence and Charles Butler, E. R. Bacon, Hosmer Barrett, Count Gunter von Bernstorff, Dudley Carleton, Philip Carroll, E. G. Chadwick, L. S. Chanler, E. C. Cowdin, 2d, Bertram and F. H. Y. Cruger, Bayard, Fulton, and Suydam Cutting, Douglas Campbell, Elmendorf L. Carr, the Rev. H. B. Darlington, Etienne de Markowski, Sherman Day, Emlen Drayton, Stephen B. Elkins, H. C. Emmet, Jr., and Watson Emmet, F. T. Frelinghuysen, Richard Gambrill, A. E. Gallatin, Madison and De Forest Grant, John Clinton Gray, Jr., H. G. Gray, F. M. Gunther, G. J. Geer, Jr., Charles Hayden, Emmet and Donnell Harris, Erskine Hewitt, W. W. and F. B. Hoffman, Jr., and H. S. Hooper.

ACTRESS WEDS EARL'S SON.

The Hon. Angus McDonnell Husband of Henry R. Jones's Daughter.

OTTAWA, Jan. 29.—It became known here to-night that Hon. Angus McDonnell, second son of the Earl of Antrim, who is a guest at Government House, was married at All Souls' Church in Evanston, Ill., on Dec. 13 to Miss Ethelwyn Sylvia Arthur-Jones, second daughter of Henry Arthur-Jones, the English dramatist.

The marriage was to have been kept secret until Mrs. McDonnell completed her engagement with a theatrical company which is touring the West, but the news was confided to friends here by the bridegroom and leaked out.

The Hon. Angus McDonnell, who is a nephew of Earl Grey, former Governor General, has a fruit farm near Vancouver, B. C., where he resides.

SCULPTOR TO WED ARTIST.

Frederick Burt and Miss Mira Edgerly to Marry on Sunday.

The wedding of Miss Mira Edgerly, the painter, to Frederick Burt of this city will take place at 1 o'clock on Sunday at the home of Herbert L. Griggs, 4 East Eighty-sixth Street. Miss Edgerly recently returned from Ottawa, where she painted a portrait of Princess Patricia on ivory. She spent several years abroad and had studios in London, Paris and Cannes. When in New York she makes her home at the National Arts Club in Gramercy Park.

Mr. Burt is a sculptor, painter and writer.

NORRIS—GANNON.

The wedding of Miss Elizabeth Gannon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James F. Gannon of Jersey City, and William Norris, Jr., of this city, took place yesterday morning at 11 o'clock in St. Peter's Church, Jersey City, the Rev. Joseph A. Mulry officiating, assisted by the Rev. Hugh O'Donnell of Boston. After a short wedding trip in the South, Mr. and Mrs. Norris will live in New York.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. John Astor is booked to sail tomorrow for Europe on the George Washington for a short stay abroad.

Mrs. John H. Coster of 152 East Thirty-fifth Street is sailing Monday on the Rotterdam for Egypt and the Riviera, to be absent until next Autumn.

Mrs. Daniel S. Lamont of 2 West Fifty-third Street is giving a dinner tonight at her residence for Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry and Mrs. Barry, prior to their departure for the Philippines. A musicale will follow the dinner, with Leon Rennay and Signor Burgarella as the soloists.

Mrs. John Aspegren is giving a dinner and fancy dress dance at her residence, 4 East Eighty-sixth Street, to-night. She will give another dance in February.

Mrs. Carter C. Beggs of 22 West Fifty-seventh Street, with Mrs. T. Morris Carnegie, Jr., are at the Hotel Gotham for a short stay.

Mrs. George Clay Hollister and Miss Hollister are at the St. Regis for a few days.

J. Stevens Ulman is to give a large dinner at his residence, 24 East Eighty-first Street, on Tuesday evening, Feb. 3, for ex-Justice Morgan J. O'Brien.

Mrs. James Ransom Branch of Richmond, Va., who is at the Great Northern Hotel, will be joined to-morrow by Col. Branch and her daughter, Mrs. Thomas B. Snead (Miss Mary C. Branch.)

Mrs. Craige Lippincott and her daughter, Miss Josephine Lippincott, are at the Wolcott for the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Smith Fitch of 307 Garfield Place, Brooklyn, have sent out invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Miss Estelle Fitch, to Karl D. Pettit, which is to take place on Saturday evening, Feb. 14, in the First Reformed Church. A reception is to follow at the bride's home.

Mrs. William B. Anderton and Miss Dorothy Anderton gave yesterday the last of their Thursdays at home. They were assisted in receiving by Mrs. Louis Lispenard and Miss Pell and Josephine Wells.

Mrs. William Lee Ward of 127 West Seventieth Street will give a dance on Feb. 20 at the Marie Antionette for her débutante daughter, Miss Virginia Center Ward. Mrs. Wm. Lee and Miss Ward will begin this afternoon the last of their days in January.

Mrs. John C. Juhring will entertain at luncheon to-day at her apartment, 375 Park Avenue, for Miss Dorothy Anderton.

Mrs. Augustus Van Cleef Wiley was operated on a few days since by Dr. Joseph A. Blake in St. Luke's Hospital, is gaining in health.

Mr. and Mrs. Franklyn L. Hutton gave a dinner last night at 2 East Eightieth Street, which was followed by informal dancing.

Mrs. Raymond Sanford White has invitations out for a small dance on Feb. 18 for the Misses Dorothy Legg Howard and Pamela Sears at her residence, 10 East Sixty-third Street.

Mrs. J. Amory Haskell will give a theatre party and supper this evening for her daughter, Miss Mary Haskell.

Mrs. Henry Seligman, who has been giving a series of dinners, will entertain to-night with a dinner dance at 30 West Fifty-sixth Street.

Mrs. R. Horace Gallatin will entertain this evening with a dinner at her residence, 438 Madison Avenue.

Morris Kinney has invitations out for a dance at Sherry's this evening for his brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Harry La Montagne.

Mrs. John Meigs's talk on "The Boy" will take place this afternoon at the residence of Mrs. P. A. Valentine, 8 East Sixty-ninth Street. Admission is by invitation only.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Halsted Vander Poel will entertain at the Biltmore to-night with a dance.

New Saturday Evening Dances.

A new series of Saturday evening dances has been organized, the first of which will take place to-morrow night in the Winter garden atop the Hotel Astor. The patronesses are Mrs. Joseph Harriman, Mrs. Stuart Duncan, Mrs. Reginald Vanderbilt, Countess del Sera, Mrs. J. Gordon Douglas, Mrs. Sydney J. Colford, Jr., Mrs. Leonard M. Thomas, Mrs. Henry P. Perry, Mrs. E. Clarkson Potter, Mrs. Griswold Thompson, Mrs. Charles M. Oelrichs, and Miss Louise Scott. The assembly was formed by Mrs. Newton Adams, Philip Potter, and Hiram E. Foster.

Tango and Maxixe at Charity Ball.

An innovation of the annual Charity Ball, which is to be held on Thursday evening, Feb. 5, at the Waldorf-Astoria, will be the setting aside of the two smaller ballrooms for the dancing of the tango and maxixe. While these dances will not be prohibited in the two larger ballrooms, the exclusive use of the smaller ballrooms for them will serve to concentrate these latest expositions of dancing to one section. Many dinners are to be given by prominent hostesses preceding the ball.

Baron de Beville and Family Here.

Baron and Baroness de Beville and their son and daughter-in-law, Baron and Baroness Henri de Beville, of Brussels, Belgium, who arrived here on Wednesday, are at the Hotel Astor for a few days before starting on an extended tour of this country. The party occupies a suite of fifteen rooms and has fifty-six trunks.

Deny Gaynor Engagements.

At the home of Mrs. W. J. Gaynor, widow of Mayor Gaynor, denial was made last night of the reported engagements to marry of Norman Gaynor, the second son, and that of his sister, Miss Helen Gaynor, the third daughter of Mr. Gaynor.

CELESTINS
VICHY
(FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY)
NOTICE
Regarding SPLITS
SPLITS have now been placed on the market and should be asked for at all first-class Bars and Restaurants.
ASK FOR
CELESTINS

MILITANTS BESIEGE PRIMATE IN PALACE

Force the Archbishop of Canterbury to Receive a Protest on Forcible Feeding.

NOT SATISFIED BY REPLY

Wild Scenes at a Labor Meeting at Glasgow — Suffragettes Carried Out Kicking and Struggling.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The suffragettes' activity is increasing daily. To-day twenty members of the Women's Social and Political Union laid siege to Lambeth Palace, being determined to interview the Archbishop of Canterbury regarding the forcible feding question.

The Archbishop at first refused to see the women, but, finding that they were resolved to wait in the courtyard, he finally consented to receive one of them. She was, however, unable to obtain any expression of opinion from him. The only answer he would give was that the subject of forcible feeding would have his consideration.

There were wild scenes at a demonstration organized in connection with the Labor Party conference in St. Andrew's Hall, Glasgow, to-night, women interrupting the speakers and making a strenuous attempt to break up the meeting. The stewards were kept busy ejecting the women, who fought desperately and were carried out shoulder-high, kicking and struggling.

One woman tried to throw herself over a balcony.

LONDON, Jan. 29.—The band of militant suffragettes who besieged the Archbishop of Canterbury in Lambeth Palace to-day and eventually forced him to capitulate was headed by Mrs. Dacre-Fox. It took them over an hour to obtain admission to the old palace on the bank of the Thames. They declined to listen to any attempt on the part of the inmates to temporize, and finally, seeing the futility of trying to escape from his obdurate blockaders, the Archbishop allowed Mrs. Dacre-Fox to enter.

The Primate of the Church of England listened sympathetically to the suffragette's appeals, but he refused definitely to commit himself.

PHILHARMONIC CONCERT.

Tschaikowsky's 'Manfred' Played—Mme. Julia Culp Heard in Songs.

The Philharmonic Society's concert last evening in Carnegie Hall was given a deal of weight and seriousness by the fact that the programme began with Tschaikowsky's "Manfred" symphony, and was continued with Strauss's "Death and Transfiguration." Tschaikowsky has written little that is more profoundly gloomy and tragic in its prevailing mood than the "Manfred" symphony and even the movements that represent the fairy of the Alps appearing to Manfred and the "simple, free and peaceful life of the mountaineers" are not free from an underlying sentiment of a similar sort. The symphony was played quite in the vein of the composer's conception, with vehement passion and power, with great sonority and with free and elastic tempo. There was also a high degree of technical finish in the performance, and the complexities of rhythm that abound in it, especially in the second movement, were presented with exactitude. It was, on the whole, one of the finest performances of the Philharmonic, and reflected high credit on the orchestra and on Stransky, who conducted it with fervor and conviction. It is not a composition that is likely to gain an easy popularity, as is shown by its infrequent appearance on orchestral programmes, yet it aroused an unusual degree of enthusiasm among the audience last evening.

The orchestra also played Strauss's tone poem, "Death and Transfiguration," which is not calculated to project much geniality into the atmosphere created by the "Manfred" symphony, and Liszt's first Hungarian rhapsodie in its orchestral arrangement.

The soloist was Mme. Julia Culp. She did not depart from her own province of "Lieder" when singing with the orchestra. Her first numbers were Schubert's song, "Du bist die Ruh" and Wagner's "Träume," the accompaniments arranged for orchestra, the former by the indefatigable Weingartner, the latter by Felix Mottl. These she followed by a group of four by Hugo Wolf, "Verborgenheit," "In dem Schatten meiner Locken," "Tretel ein, hoher Krieger," and "Er ist's," with pianoforte accompaniment played by Mr. Coenraad V. Bos. Mme. Culp was in admirable voice, and her style in songs of this kind is hardly less than perfection. Into Schubert's "Du bist die Ruh" she put beneath an admirable simplicity of outline and intense fervor, rising to a superb climax, and in this, as in all that she does, the repose, the power of long and sustained phrasing, and the beautiful diction were unfailing.

Mr. and Mrs. Straus at Asheville.

Special to The New York Times.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Jan. 29.—Mr. and Mrs. Oscar S. Straus of New York arrived to-day to visit their son, Roger W. Straus, and his bride, who was Miss Gladys Guggenheim, at their cottage in Allendale Park.

Weather as clear and as warm as a perfect May day made every one live out doors to-day. The golf course was occupied from early until late and an unusual number of visitors took the drive over the roads of the Vanderbilt estate. Many on horseback followed the mountain trails this afternoon.

The tango tea at Battery Park this afternoon attracted a large number of visitors. The first of a series of Friday afternoon tea dances will be held tomorrow at Grove Park Inn and the regular Saturday evening dances will begin this week in the assembly room.

Carl Berger's New Ballroom.

Carl Berger of Newport has just completed the building of a new ballroom at 25 West Fifty-fifth Street which will accommodate about 200 persons. The dancing craze is taxing the capacity of every public ballroom in town, and the dancing fever is increasing rather than diminishing with the approach of Lent.

Movies for Union Square.

Next Monday will mark the passing of the historic Union Square Theatre as a regular playhouse for on that day it will be turned into a moving-picture resort where five performances will be given every day. The last Keith vaudeville show in the theatre will be given to-morrow night and the passing of the house from the vaudeville fold will be celebrated with many special features.

New York Banks' Glee Club Concert.

The New York Banks' Glee Club, H. R. Humphries, Conductor, will give its second concert of the season at Carnegie Hall on Thursday evening, Feb. 5, with the following programme: "The Sailors' Chorus," Parry; "The Dreamy Lake," Schumann; "The Close of Day," Nessler; "Ave Maria," (Mme. Hudson-Alexander, organ, violin, and harp,) Gounod; "Greeting to Spring," ("Blue, Danube,") Strauss; "Courtship," Thayer; "Gondelfahrt," Debois. The assisting artists will be Mme. Hudson-Alexander, soprano; Lois Huntington, violinist, and Señor Salvatore Stefano, harpist. Frank A. Vanderlip is President of the club.

Harold Content Recovering.

Assistant United States District Attorney Harold Content, who was operated on for appendicitis in Mount Sinai Hospital, is rapidly recovering.

THE "RING" CYCLE BEGUN.

"Das Rheingold" in the Special Series at the Metropolitan.

Wotan	Hermann Weil
Donner	Basil Ruysdael
Froh	Lambert Murphy
Loge	Carl Joern
Alberich	Otto Goritz
Mime	Albert Reiss
Fasolt	Herbert Witherspoon
Fafner	Carl Braun
Fricka	Olive Fremstad
Freia	Vera Curtis
Erda	Margarete Ober
Woglinde	Lenora Sparkes
Wellgunde	Bella Alten
Flosshilde	Margarete Ober

Conductor, Alfred Hertz.

Not for many years has there been so great an audience at a performance of "Das Rheingold" as there was yesterday afternoon at the Metropolitan Opera House, when the cycle of "Der Ring des Nibelungen" was begun there. Time was when the prelude of the trilogy was treated in a stepmotherly manner at the Metropolitan, and even since that time has passed, "Das Rheingold" has usually aroused less interest among the music-loving public than any of the other dramas of the cycle, and the difference has often been noticeable in the size of the audience. Yesterday, however, the house was completely filled, and this may naturally be taken as an indication that the public has arrived at the point of desiring to enjoy the cycle as a whole, as Wagner intended that it should be. There can be no increase of attendance as the subsequent members of the trilogy are produced because the house can hold no more people than it held yesterday.

The most striking feature of the performance was the disclosure of the new scenery that has been provided for "Das Rheingold," as for the whole of the "Ring." That for "Die Walküre" and "Siegfried" has already been shown at performances of those dramas in the regular subscription series. There is naturally no marked change in the designs of the new scenes. The fancy of the painter in the first one representing the depths of the Rhine had added a rank growth of aquatic plants at either side of the proscenium arch, extending all the way upward. The glimmering light and the suggestion of flowing waters are beautifully represented. The open space on the mountain heights with a view of the just-completed Walhalla is well depicted; the architectural features of Wotan's stronghold are, however, much less clearly shown than in the scene most recently used. Alberich's subterranean cavern differs in no essential particular from the old representation of it. There are, as before, elaborate arrangements for the transformations through effects of descending clouds and fogs; these are effective in their realism, and the changes were accurately made yesterday. But the rainbow is the only needs to have the kinks taken out of it.

Pains were expended not only on the scenic side of "Das Rheingold," but also upon the musical; and this, after all, is the more important. Mr. Hertz, who conducted it, presented a performance finished and well balanced at all points. The orchestral playing was smooth and euphonious, pulsing with dramatic life and expressing the significant musical values of the score. And it was more finely modulated in dynamics and better proportioned in its relation to the voices than sometimes has been.

There were some new singers in the cast. Mr. Jörn took the part of Loge, in which he is not a familiar figure. His impersonation is not one of the most successful, though it has praiseworthy qualities. Mr. Jörn makes the light-minded and ironical god verge at times perilously upon the farcical in some of his movements and gestures. Loge is not often a serious person; but he is hardly a farceur. Mme. Ober appeared in two parts, Flosshilde and Erda. In both her singing was beautiful, but Rabbi Sichel tells them that he will what there is as Flosshilde is mostly done for her by the machinists; but her beautiful contralto voice and admirable diction added notably to the value of the ensemble of the Rhine Daughters. Mr. Braun's Fafner was also to be praised.

Of the others Mme. Fremstad as Fricka gave a vividly outlined and characteristic representation. The high light was on Mr. Goritz's Alberich, a most familiar and one of the most excellent of Wagnerian impersonations. There was still something to be wished for in the voice and style of Mr. Well as Wotan, but he presents a proper appearance as the god.

There should be mention of the well considered and intelligent management of the swimming Rhine Maidens in the first scene. Their actions were more appropriately suited to the word than they have been on some occasions in the past.

"L'AMI FRITZ" ACTED.

French Amateurs Give Comedy on New Amsterdam Theatre Roof.

L'AMI FRITZ, a comedy in three acts, by Erckmann-Chatrian, with music by Henri Marechal. At the Aerial Theatre.

Fritz Kobus	Ernest Perrin
David Sichel	Mr. Wildenstein
Frederic	Mr. Schmitt
Hanezo	Mr. Puel
Christel	Mr. Gomez
Josenh	Mr. Bernhey
Un Faucheur	Mr. De Jonville
Suzel	Mme. Marchand
Catherine	Mme. Rescot Bey
Lisbeth	Mme. Danet
Une Faneuse	Mme. Wolf

"L'Ami Fritz," a comedy in three acts by Erckmann-Chatrian, which has been played here both in English and German, was presented in French last night by the amateur company of French residents of New York, members of the Cercle Dramatique of the Alliance Francaise, before a large and fashionable audience in the Aerial Theatre, on the roof of the New Amsterdam Theatre building. The professional actor in the company was Ernest Perrin, who appeared in the leading rôle of Fritz Kobus.

In the comedy Fritz Kobus is feasting with some friends, all of them gay, middle-aged bachelors like himself. An old rabbi, David Sichel, arrives and asks Fritz for a loan of 1,000f. to make up a dowry for a poor girl who is about to be married. The rabbi, who is a great matchmaker, tells Fritz that he ought to think of marrying, but the young man bets his best vineyard against nothing that he will never cease to be a bachelor. About this time Suzel, daughter of the manager of Fritz's farm, arrives, bringing her master flowers. Young Fritz takes an interest in the girl, and Rabbi Sichel immediately begins to play plans for a match.

The second act finds Fritz on his farm, where he has gone to spend a few days, which have run into weeks. He and Suzel are in love, but the young man is not yet willing to admit the fact.

The last act finds Fritz back at home a changed man. Finally, to the consternation of his friends, all confirmed bachelors, he asks Suzel to marry him and is accepted. His friends are stunned, but Rabbi Sichel tells them that he will take care of them and find wives for them all.

"L'Ami Fritz" will be repeated to-night and to-morrow night. The next performance of the Cercle Dramatique will not take place until the middle of March.

"Sorry, but I can't go"
Too weak and ill for the shopping trip, the theatre or the dance?
You need Wincarnis, the liquid food, composed of pure wine, extract of beef and extract of malt.
Just the elements needed to strengthen and build up your entire system.
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The Wine of Life
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DR. EDWARD P. FOWLER DEAD

Old New York Physician and Author of Several Medical Works.

Dr. Edward Payson Fowler, for more than fifty years a well-known physician in general practice in New York City, died of lobar pneumonia yesterday at his residence, 4,743 Boston Post Road, Pelham Manor. He developed the disease a week ago as the result of heart disease and old age. He was in his eightieth year. Dr. Fowler was born in Coshocton, N. Y. His father was Judge Horace Fowler of that town. Dr. Fowler graduated from the New York Medical College in 1855 and had served as visiting physician at Ward's Island and the Hahnemann Hospital. For the last three years he had been a consulting practitioner. For several years he lived at Nice.

Dr. Fowler is survived by his widow, a son, Edward Mumford Fowler, a real estate broker, of Santa Barbara, Cal., and two daughters, Mrs. Louise Fowler Gignoux of New York City and Miss Lee Philipse Fowler of Pelham Manor.

Dr. Fowler was the author of a number of medical works. He was a member of the New York Academy of Medicine, New York Neurological Society, and the Medical Society of the County of New York.

Dr. G. Lloyd Magruder.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Dr. G. Lloyd Magruder, former Dean of Georgetown University Medical School and one of its founders, died last night at the age of 65 years at the University Hospital. Dr. Magruder was born in this city, Nov. 1, 1848. He was a graduate of Georgetown University. Dr. Magruder was one of the originators of the Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital of Washington. He was a member of the staff of Providence Hospital and a member of the Board of Visitors of the Government Asylum for the Insane. Dr. Magruder interested himself with success in the campaign for pasteurized milk in Washington. He is survived by his wife, a daughter, Miss Pauline Magruder of New York, and a son, Lieut. L. Burns Magruder, U. S. A.

George William Sheldon.

George William Sheldon, author of several works of art, died on Wednesday at the age of 73 years at his residence in Summit, N. J. He was the eldest son of the late Rev. Dr. George Sheldon of Princeton, N. J. He was born in 1843 at Summerville, S. C. and was graduated from Princeton University in 1863. After being a tutor at Princeton and an instructor in Oriental languages in Union Theological Seminary Mr. Sheldon was art editor of The New York Evening Post for several years. From 1890 to 1900 he was literary advisor at London of the publishing firm of D. Appleton & Co. Among the books published by him are "American Painters," "Story of the Volunteer Fire Department of New York," "Hours with Art and Artists," "Artistic Homes," "Artistic Country Seats," "Recent Ideals of American Art," "Ideals of Life in France."

Viscount Knutsford.

Henry Thurstan Holland, First Viscount of Knutsford, who was for many years a prominent Conservative politician, died yesterday in London in his eighty-ninth year. He is succeeded by his son, Sydney George Holland, who was born in 1856. Viscount Knutsford was born on Aug. 3, 1825, and educated at Durham University and Trinity College, Cambridge. In 1849 he became a barrister of Inner Temple, and in 1882 a Bencher. He was made legal adviser to the Colonial Office in 1870, assistant Under Secretary in 1870, and retired in 1874, when he was elected to Parliament from Midhurst. He served from Midhurst until 1885, when he was elected from Hampstead. In 1888 he was raised to the peerage. Viscount Knutsford became Financial Secretary to the Treasury in 1885. From 1887 to 1892 he was Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Major John De Witt Klemyer.

Major John de Witt Klemyer, Forty-seventh Regiment, National Guard of New York, died in a sanitarium in Brooklyn yesterday followlng an operation. He was born in Brooklyn May 16, 1875. He joined Company C, Twenty-third Regiment of Brooklyn, in 1898, and became a Corporal three years later. He was appointed First Lieutenant of the Forty-seventh Regiment in November, 1902, a few months later he became Captain and in February, 1912, Major. Major Klemyer lived with his mother at 1,078 Dean Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. Jane M. Fiske.

Mrs. Jane M. Fiske, widow of Lyman Fiske, died yesterday at the residence of her son, Willard C. Fisk, 17 Bentley Avenue, Jersey City. Mrs. Fiske, whose maiden name was Durfee, was born in Southbridge, Mass., on Jan. 11, 1831. She left three sons. For many years Mrs. Fiske was widely interested in philanthropic and social work. She was a member of Sorosis, Daughters of the American Revolution, Women's Health Protective Association, Blue Anchor Society, and Women's Board of the Hahnemann Hospital.

Obituary Notes.

Capt. EMERSON GRIFFITH, U. S. A., retired, died at his home in Washington last night. He was a native of Pennsylvania and a graduate of the West Point Military Academy. Capt. Griffith served on the Oklahoma frontier and in the campaign against the Indians a quarter of a century ago. He was 66 years old.

WILLIAM A. RADFORD, widely known as an exposition expert, died yesterday while ascending a stairway at the Commercial Museum in Philadelphia, where he was engaged on work in connection with the coming Anglo-American Exposition at London. He was about 57 years old.

MAX BERGER, real estate operator, and organizer of the Brooklyn Hebrew Home for the Aged, died in the Jewish Hospital on Wednesday. He was 42 years old and lived at 543 Fourth Street, Brooklyn.

WALTER SCOTT HOUGH, said to have been the oldest manufacturing jeweler in active business, died in Providence, R. I., yesterday, aged 86 years.

WILLIAM J. ELLISON, for many years employed in the composing room of THE NEW YORK TIMES, died suddenly yesterday at his home, 537 East Twenty-seventh Street, Paterson, N. J., at the age of 69 years. He is survived by his wife.

LOUIS F. CANEY, the oldest resident of Tarrytown, N. Y., died there yesterday, aged 94 years. He was born in Wittenburg, Germany. Mr. Caney had lived in Tarrytown fifty years, for forty of which he had charge of the Lombard estate.

WILLIAM R. SESSIONS, 78 years old, formerly State Senator, died in Springfield, Mass., yesterday. He was born in South Wilbraham, now Hampden, of Colonial stock.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

PINCKNEY.—To Mr. and Mrs. James Henry Pinckney, New Hyde Park, L. I., a son.

Married.

CUNNINGHAM—LARKING.—Jan. 28, May Y. Larking to David Cunningham.
JOSEPH—CLAYTON.—Jan. 28, Virginia Clayton to Robert K. Joseph.
TOOLE—COREY.—Jan. 28, Marie E. Corey to Edward M. Toole.

Brooklyn.

FARRELL—QUINN.—Jan. 24, Ella Quinn to Charles Farrell.
KEISER—SCHOLES.—Jan. 28, Louise Scholes to Edwin F. Keiser, Jr.
SCHAPIRO—LEVIN.—Jan. 24, Bertha Levin to Samuel Schapiro.

Died.

BARRETT.—On Wednesday, Jan. 28, Isaac S. Barrett, in the 79th year of his age. Services at his late residence, 523 Throop Av., Brooklyn, Friday evening, Jan. 30, 8 o'clock.
BELDEN.—Mrs. Annie W. Van Dyke, suddenly, on Wednesday, Jan. 28, at the residence of her son, 700 East 4th St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Short services at 9:40 A. M. Friday, at the house. Funeral services at Princeton, N. J., Jan. 30, at 2 o'clock, First Presbyterian Church.
BELL.—On Wednesday, Jan. 28, 1914, A. MacDonald Bell, B. A., M. D., son of Ellen Strother and the late James Bell. Funeral services from the residence of his mother, 100 Scotland St., Orange, N. J., on Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.
BLUM.—An Tuesday, Jan. 27, at 11¼ East 70th St., Isabel Claire, beloved daughter of Charles and Mildred Blum, in the 15th year of her age. Funeral private on Friday morning at 9:30 o'clock.

Equitable Efficiency Engineers at your service
WE maintain a special corps of efficiency engineers whose object is to confer with tenants, prospective and assured, as to their space needs.
These efficiency engineers will, with your permission, study the nature of your business, map out its space requirements, and submit you an intelligent report as to how little space you can get along with.
We are not anxious to burden any Equitable ten

DAY'S NEWS IN BASEBALL --- CRESCENTS WIN AT HOCKEY --- GOLF --- BOXING --- BILLIARDS

BESCHER A HOLDOUT FOR MORE SALARY

New Giant Outfielder, However, Has No Intention of Deserting the Club.

That familiar and peculiar species of baseball individual, the "holdout," has made himself known in the office of the Giants. "Holdouts" have been rare this season, because of the Federal League. If a player has not been satisfied with his contract, all that he deemed it necessary to do was to let the Federal League know about it. The Giants' first "holdout" of the season happened to be the sort of a citizen who does not want to jump. He is "Bob" Bescher, who came to the Giants from Cincinnati in the Hartley-Herzog trade. He is not satisfied with his New York contract, but, unlike many of the players, he has put the question up to the club, and he has promised to report just the same and has confidence that the contract will be fixed up to his liking.

Bescher is the most valuable asset the Giants have nabbed in several seasons. With a second division club he was a sensation for several seasons, and great things are expected of him at the Polo Grounds during the coming Summer. Manager McGraw has been trying to get Bescher for the past three years.

Bescher is spending the Winter at his home in London, Ohio, and is very anxious to play with the New York team, as that has always been his ambition. Bescher has the honor of having led the National League in stealing bases for four years, 1909, 1910, 1911, and 1912. He came from the Central League, which also produced Max Carey of Pittsburgh, who led the National League in stolen bases last season.

Bescher's work fell off noticeably last season, and he stole only thirty-eight bases, but, with a club like the Giants, Bescher should prove a bright star. Bescher has notified the New York Club that they need not worry about his jumping to the Federals. He has promised to report at Marlin on time and is willing to wait until that time to settle the question. The New York club, however, will not let the question of Bescher's contract go unsettled long, and it is expected that one of the New York club officials will visit the player at his home in London and arrange terms which will be satisfactory.

Secretary Foster stated yesterday that a few changes have been made in the dates for exhibition games in the south. The first team will play Galveston on March 26 and 27, while the second team will play in Austin on March 26 and 27 and in San Antonio on March 28 and 29, instead of at Dallas, as was first announced.

The party of Giants will leave here on Feb. 20, and there will be a general round up of recuits at St. Louis, and the party expects to be in Marlin on Feb. 24. President Hempstead will be in the first to leave this city. He will go to Indianapolis for a few days and join the first squad at St. Louis. Secretary Foster also expects to go to Marlin. Scout Dick Kinsella will be in charge of the youngsters at camp, but Manager Benson and Coaches Mann and Cammitz, Philadelphia; Packard, Cincinnati, and Lange, a local man claimed by the Chicago Americans, will be the main reliance among his pitchers. Tinker, Beck, Kadering, Yeargin, of St. Joseph, and Zelder of the New York Americans compose the infield, and Wickland, who jumped from the Cincinnati Club last night, and Zwilling, claimed by the Boston Nationals, with several recruits, the outfield.

SALARY LIMIT $2,500.

New York State League Decides to Maintain Old Scale for Players.

WILKES-BARRE, Penn., Jan. 29.—The representatives of the New York State Baseball League were in session here until early to-day considering among other things the salary limit. It was finally decided to maintain the limit at $2,500. Each club is to post a forfeit of $500 to live up to the agreement.

The Eastern division of the league will begin the season on April 29 in the West, which means that Albany, Troy, Syracuse, and Utica will play a two-weeks series at Wilkes-Barre, Scranton, Elmira, and Binghamton before opening at home. Each club will be allowed the privilege of a children's day. On these days in New York State, the visiting club is to be paid $200 for being idle on a Saturday or Sunday, and in Pennsylvania $100. The league decided on a $75 guarantee for week day games, $100 for Sundays, and $30 in case of rain.

The schedule meeting is to be held later at Utica.

Cubs Nearly All in Line.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—The 1914 roster of the Chicago Cubs is nearly complete, according to Manager John Evers, who has returned home from a scouting trip through the South, where he signed three players for the coming season.

"I got Vaughan, Pierce, Lasch, and Phelan lined up, as was reported," said Evers. "I was not in Chattanooga, however, to see Jimmy Johnston. His name was not on my list, and I think he already is in line.

The Nationals to-day received the signed contract of Herman Bronkie, third baseman, who was drafted from the Toledo American Association Club. Charles Smith, the pitcher, reached town to-day and signed a one-year contract with the Cubs.

Federal Gets More Players.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 29.—Ned Hanlon has declined to accept the story that Swazina, the star first baseman of last year's Newarks, formerly of Pittsburgh; Hank Simon, catcher for the Pirates last season, and Catcher Jacklitsch of the Rochester team had been secured by the Baltimore Federals. Hanlon had been keeping the negotiations quiet and did not relish what he evidently considered a premature announcement. Barring an outfielder or two, the Baltimore Federal League team can now put a complete team in the field, and they have some spare backstops and infielders who could fill in in a pinch.

National League Bulletin.

John K. Tener, President of the National League of Professional Baseball Clubs, last night announced that the following contracts and release had been approved:

Contracts.—With Brooklyn—Edward M. Reulbach. With Chicago—Thomas J. Needham. With New York—Milton J. Stock. Davis Robertson, and J. J. Murray, 1914, 1915, 1916. With Pittsburgh—Max G. Carey, 1914, 1915; Alexander G. McCarthy, Bob Harmon, Martin J. O'Toole, and Edward E. Mensef.

Terms Accepted.—By Boston—Terms of George A. Davis, Jr.

Release.—By Cincinnati to Norfolk (Va.) League—Mark Stewart.

Baseball News in Brief.

MOBILE, Ala., Jan. 29.—The Cincinnati National League baseball team will train this Spring at Alexandria, La., and will not establish headquarters here, as reported.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 29.—Catcher Gonzales, the Cuban, has been signed for the coming season by the local club. Negotiations with Gonzales were opened recently when Business Manager Frank Bancroft visited Havana to get the signature of Outfielder Marsans to a contract.

CARTHAGE, Mo., Jan. 29.—Mark Hall, a pitcher for the Detroit American League team, announced here to-day that he had signed his contract with the Detroit club for the coming year at an increase in salary.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 29.—Only seven men, some of whom have declared their intention of forwarding their contracts soon, remain to be signed by the Providence team of the International Baseball League. Manager Donovan said to-day he had no fear that any of the seven would join the Federal League.

BOSTON, Jan. 29.—Hugh Bedient, a Red Sox pitcher of the last two seasons, who was said to have been approached by Federal League agents, sent his signed contract to the Boston American club to-day. Bedient expressed himself as "highly satisfied" with the terms.

Maturo Wins from Allen.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 29.—James Maturo of Denver last night won, 200 to 166, the first block of his 600-ball match for the world's championship at pocket billiards with Bennie Allen of Kansas City, present title holder. The best run of the night's play was made by Allen, who scored 35.

TINKER NAMES HIS TEAM.

Major League Players to Fill Nearly All Positions on Federal Nine.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—The signing of Fred Beck, formerly with several National League teams and last year with the Buffalo Internationals, to-day rounded out, in Manager Joe Tinker's opinion, a "big league team" for the Chicago Federals. Beck probably will be the first baseman with Reding, last year with the local Federals, his understudy.

Tinker's catchers so far as given out are Owens, Washington; Allen, a local player, and Mulvaney, Cincinnati, with Killifer still claimed. Pitchers Brenna, Brennan and Camnitz, Philadelphia; Packard, Cincinnati, and Lange, a local man claimed by the Chicago Americans, will be the main reliance among his pitchers. Tinker, Beck, Kadering, Yeargin, of St. Joseph, and Zelder of the New York Americans compose the infield, and Wickland, who jumped from the Cincinnati Club last night, and Zwilling, claimed by the Boston Nationals, with several recruits, the outfield.

Tommy Connelly, the American League umpire, was seriously injured a short time ago at his home in Natick, Mass. The umpire was chopping wood, which is his regular exercise in the Winter months. The axe slipped and he lacerated his left hand. For a time it was feared that it would be necessary to amputate some of his fingers, but the digits were saved.

President Charley Somers of the Cleveland Club gave out the information last night that the reason the Federals have not approached the Giants or Athletics was because they wanted to make the pennant race in each league a farce. By weakening the ah club, he says that the Feds hope that these two teams will win in their respective leagues so easily that the baseball public will lose interest. Manager Joe Birmingham stated yesterday that in spite of the Federals' raid on the Naps he expects to be up in the pennant race next Summer.

NEW FEDERAL THREAT.

Outlaws Will Raid Big Leagues Until They Are Taken Into Fold.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—War between the Federal League and organized baseball will continue until the latter receives the new circuit into its fold, according to Secretary Lloyd Rickart of the Federals. Rickart said to-day that the Federals would continue next year their raids on the players now with organized ball whose contracts expire at the end of this season.

There are enough of these to cripple the big leagues more seriously than the present raid will do if they jump, said the Secretary, while the Federal League believes itself safe from counter raids because its recently acquired stars are under contracts, mainly for three years. The situation at the end of the season will be such as to force recognition from the American and National Leagues, and as a third big league the Federal will operate on equal terms with the others in 1915, its promoters believe.

Manager Evers of the Chicago Nationals announced that a three-game series between the Cubs and the St. Louis Americans would take place at Tampa, March 4, 5, and 6 with a return engagement at St. Petersburg, Fla., later.

CRESCENTS DEFEAT IRISH AT HOCKEY

Winged Fist Players Break Down Before Fierce Attack and Lose, 4 Goals to 2.

The Crescent Athletic Club, after a rough contest with the Irish-American Athletic Club last night at St. Nicholas Rink, firmly intrenched itself in third place in the Amateur Hockey League championship by a score of 4 to 2. The contest marked the reappearance of Bobby Wall as goal tender for the New Mooners, after an absence of two years from hockey, and not a little of the victory of his team was due to his splendid defensive work before the net. He was called upon unexpectedly to substitute for Mills, who was unable to play, and he developed much of the unerring judgment that made him famous as a goal tender a few years ago. He turned aside shot after shot, and many of them difficult ones, but he received valuable assistance from Ballin and Brown, the back field, but his individual work entitled him to much of the credit.

The game at times was so rough that as many as half a dozen of the players were spread eagled on the ice simultaneously. This was noticeable in the second half, when penalties were inflicted with frequency. Kilgour, the Irish-American left wing, was the chief offender, and several of the Crescent players are nursing bad bruises as the result of his tripping and fierce cross-checking. So pronounced was the rough work that three players were warming the ring-side seats at one time in the second half, each man having been caught in a flagrant violation of the playing rules.

The defensive work was very close and compact for the first half, and it was only by a lucky shot from Scrimmage by Hallock that the Crescents secured a lead. During the early part of the contest both teams played an aggressive game, but sterling defensive tactics kept the puck outside of the net. During a scrimmage Dufresne left the front of the Irish-American net and Hallock found an opening through Kelly. With this goal scored the contest waged rough, and the Irish used every effort to equalize. Wall was ready for every attack, and the first half ended with the score 1 to 0 in favor of the Brooklyn team.

Wall's guardianship was airtight for the first ten minutes of the second half, when Harmon, after a clever dodging run, passed the puck to Bickmel, who tallied for the Irish. With the score even, the New Mooners rallied, and Martin once more put them into the lead by beating Kelly on a well-placed shot. This was the signal for renewed roughness, and McGrath was caught tripping. Hallock scarcely had the whistle blown when Cox was benched for two minutes for the same offense. Dufresne was not to be slighted, and after sending Shirreff sprawling half way across the rink he tried the same tactics with Reding, but got caught in the act. He made the third man off the ice, and then the Crescents bombarded Kelly with shot after shot. The Irish goal tender was proof against the attack for a time, but in the end a successful drive by Hallock, who shot a pretty goal after a long run down the side of the rink.

The Irish had several chances to add to their score, but the absence of combination work spoiled their efforts. During the final minute of play both teams rallied and scored, but the Crescents were always a trifle better than their opponents. The line-up and summary:

Irish-Americans.	Position.	Crescents.
Kelly	Goal	Wall
Dufresne	Point	Ballen
Garon	Cover point	Brown
McGrath	Rover	Hallock
Stickney	Centre	Martin
Kilgour	Left wing	Cox
Harmon	Right wing	Shirreff

Goals, First Half—First goal for Crescents by Hallock, in 13:07. Second Half—Second goal for Irish-Americans by Stickney, in 10:35; third goal for Crescents by Martin, in 10:58; fourth goal for Crescents by Hallock, in 12:53; fifth goal for Irish-Americans by, Stickney, in 14:42; sixth goal for Crescents by Shirreff, in 19:32.

Penalties—Kilgour, 2 minutes for cross-checking; Kilgour, 1 minute for loafing offside; McGrath, 2 minutes for tripping; Cox, 2 minutes for tripping; Dufresne, 2 minutes for slashing.

Referee—William Russell, Hockey Club; assistant referee, Bud Claffey, Wanderers. Goal Umpires—Frank Thompson, St. Nicholas, and Reginald Young, Hockey Club. Timekeepers—R. Condon, Wanderers, and E. J. O'Donnell, New York A. C. Time—Two 20 minute halves.

McLEAN WINS THREE RACES.

Champion Skater Takes All Except One Senior Event at Saranac.

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., Jan. 29.—Robert McLean of Chicago won three of the four senior events in the International outdoor skating races here to-day. Ed Horton of Saranac Lake took the remaining senior—the 220-yard hurdles.

In the final heat of the 440-yard contest W. H. Jackson of Montreal sustained a bad cut above the knee and had to withdraw from the other races. The ice was soft. Summary:

440 Yards, Senior—Won by McLean; Horton second; Lot Roe, Toronto, third. Time—51 seconds.

One Mile, Senior—Won by McLean; Roe second; A. J. Osicky, Cleveland, third. Time—4:08.

Two Miles, Senior—Won by McLean; Roe second; Jack Walker, Saranac Lake, third. Time—9:02.

220-Yard Hurdle, Senior—Won by Horton; Fred Robson, Toronto, second; H. Stephanson, Toronto, third. Time—30 seconds.

Boys of 18 and Under, One Mile—Won by Louis Fortune, Saranac Lake; G. Pasho, Saranac Lake, second; ——— St. Pierre, Montreal, third. Time—4:19 3-5.

Boys of 15 and Under, Half-Mile Novice—Won by Collins; Rodwell second; Wheeler third. Time—2:23 2-5.

Jones Wins Pinehurst Singles.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 29.—J. D. E. Jones, the Rhode Island champion, was the winner of the men's singles event of the fourth annual mid-Winter tennis championship to-day in a brilliant final round with H. A. McKinney, former Rhode Island champion, by the score of 6—2, 6—3, 6—1. The climax came in the second set, where McKinney made a fine recovery after a poor beginning. In the ninth game the score was brought to deuce eight times, Jones finally coaxing his opponent to the net and winning the deciding point on an overhead lob. Final rounds in men's doubles, mixed doubles, and women's singles will be played to-morrow, and play in women's doubles will start.

Winners with the Cue.

George Sutton, who is practicing at Daly's Academy for his coming championship match with Willie Hoppe, received his first setback yesterday when he was defeated by Calvin Demarest by the score of 250 to 207 in eleven innings. The winner had an average of 22 8-11 and a high run of 69. Sutton's high run was 88, with an average of 18 9-11. In the evening, however, the challenger displayed remarkable form, and in nine innings completed a string of 400 points while Demarest was gathering 211. Sutton made a high run of 268 and averaged 44 4-9 points. Demarest's best run was 112, with an average of 26⅔.

In the amateur handicap 18.2 balk line tournament at the Washington Heights Academy, 181st Street and Broadway, E. E. Watrous, scratch, defeated R. S. Mason (150) by the score of 100 to 97 in fifty-six innings. Watrous made a high run of 18 and averaged 3 45-56. Mason's highest run was 9, with an average of 1 42-55.

Clyde B. Terry, holder of the national title, easily defeated Claude R. Lewis last night in the amateur Class C 18.2 balk line billiard tournament at Keeney's Academy in Brooklyn, 200 to 154, in fifty innings, which gives him an average of four points. He had high runs of 27, 24, and 15. Lewis's highest runs were 17, 16, and 12, with an average of 3 4-50.

Albert G. Cutler of Boston, who is exhibiting his skill at the 14.1 balk line game at Dunn's Academy, 160th Street and Westchester Avenue, last night defeated Harry Stern by the score of 150 to 46 in thirteen innings. Cutler made high runs of 42 and 38 and averaged 11 7-13.

In the English billiard tournament at Doyle's Academy last night, Thomas Butler defeated George Hayman by a score of 500 to 206 in thirty innings. The winner made a high run of 43, while Hayman's best effort was 23. In the 18.2 balk line tourney for the Jenkins Cup, George Avery won from Nelson Mayo in twenty-six innings by a score of 125 to 106.

Freddie Welsh Whips Kelly.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 29.—Freddie Welsh, lightweight champion of England, defeated Leo Kelly of St. Louis after eight rounds of snappy boxing here to-night.

HARVARD WINS AT SQUASH.

Crimson Team Plays Through Inter-club Season Without Defeat.

By defeating Heights Casino 6 games to 1 Harvard won the interclub squash tennis championship yesterday on the Heights Casino courts in Brooklyn. The Harvard club was represented by its strongest team, and scored an easy victory. In the second half of the tourney between the Columbia and Princeton clubs on the Princeton courts the Tigers won by 4 games to 1.

A. J. Cordier, the handicap champion, was the only player on the Brooklyn team to win for his club. He defeated F. H. Davis in straight sets after a hard-fought match. Cordier swept the Harvard player off his feat in the first set, but in the second Davis made a strong rally and forced his opponent to 18—16 for a victory. George Whitney, the champion, lost one set to Charles M. Bull, Jr., the ranking tennis player.

Dr. A. Stillman, 2d, the former national champion, was extended to the limit to win from J. L. Lowe. The Brooklyn player captured the first set, but the effort appeared too much for him, and Stillman, by playing the sidewalls, won the next two and the match. The other three-set match was between E. S. Winston of the Harvard Club and George Abbott of the Heights Casino. The later won the first set, but failed to maintain his pace, while Winston improved, and defeated the Brooklyn player after an interesting struggle.

S. H. Bird saved the Princeton Club team from a shutout. He overwhelmed E. W. Putnam of Columbia in straight sets. The other four matches were one-sided affairs, Le Boutellier being the only player to make any showing. The summary:

HARVARD VERSUS HEIGHTS CASINO.

George Whitney, Harvard, defeated C. M. Bull, Jr., Heights Casino, 16—17, 15—9, 15—4; Dr. Alfred Stillman, 2d, Harvard, defeated J. L. Lowe, Heights Casino, 6—15, 15—2, 15—8; M. D. Whitman, Harvard, defeated J. H. Williams, Heights Casino, 15—5, 15—5; L. du Pont Irving, Harvard, defeated R. Goepel, Heights Casino, 15—2, 15—5; A. J. Cordier, Heights Casino, defeated F. H. Davis, Harvard, 15—4, 15—16; 15—8; Winston, Harvard, defeated George Abbott, Heights Casino, 10—15, 15—5, 15—6; A. W. Swann, Harvard, defeated R. E. T. Riggs, Heights Casino, 15—9, 15—7.

COLUMBIA VERSUS PRINCETON.

S. H. Bird, Princeton, defeated E. W. Putnam, Columbia, 15—3, 15—8; Lyle E. Mahan, Columbia, defeated W. M. McCoy, Princeton, 15—8, 15—8; F. S. Keeler, Columbia, defeated J. Taylor, Princeton, 14—4, 15—11; M. L. Cornell, Columbia, defeated H. Little, Princeton, 15—8, 15—8; Le Boutellier, Princeton, defeated P. L. Bulkeley, Columbia, 18—16, 15—4.

YALE FOOTBALL COACHES.

Pendleton, Marting, Wheeler, and Cornish to Assist Next Fall.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 29.—Yale's football staff of coaches was to-night announced bey Capt. Nelson Talbott of the eleven as follows: John Pendleton, guard; William Marting, centre; Nate Wheeler, quarter back, and Percy Cornish, quarter back. All played on the 1913 eleven.

With the resident coaches, Frank Hinckey and Dr. William Bull, this quartet will be present on Yale Field throughout the season. One of the four will be assigned to take charge of the freshman team. Pendleton is a Scientific School senior. The other three belong to the academic department. All four will be graduated next June.

Nine Football Games for Yale.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 29.—Yale's football schedule for next Fall, announced today, contains nine games, one less than last year. Holy Cross and Lafayette have been dropped and in their places will be University of Virginia and Notre Dame. Yale has never played the two latter colleges in football. Wesleyan was again invited to open the season, as has been customary for many years, but on the grounds that the game was too strenuous for an opening contest the Middletown collegians declined the invitation. With the exception of the game with Princeton at Princeton on the same will be played in New Haven. The schedule:

Sept. 26, University of Maine; Oct. 3, University of Virginia; Oct. 10, Lehigh; Oct. 17, Notre Dame; Oct. 24, Washington and Jefferson; Oct. 31, Colgate; Nov. 7, Brown; Nov. 14, Princeton; Nov. 21, Harvard.

High Schools Indoor Track Games.

The Public Schools Athletic League will conduct the eleventh annual high schools indoor track and field championship games at the Forty-seventh Regiment Armory, Brooklyn, to-morrow afternoon. A large entry has been received and sterling performances are expected in the various events. De Witt Clinton, Stuyvesant, Stuyvesant, and Erasmus Hall High Schools, known in scholastic circles as the "Big Four," have entered their complete track and field teams for the year's struggle for the city champion ship among these schools promises to be exciting from start to finish.

Tom Lennon of Curtis High School, the 220-yard junior national indoor champion, will have his work cut out for him in the 440-yard run. In this event he will meet Finley of Morris High School, who is considered by scholastic athletic experts as a "comer." He is a big, strong boy, with plenty of speed and a good finisher. He has been coached for this event by Jack Kelly, trainer of the Bronx Church House, who says he will outrun Lennon from start to finish. The Schoolboy Band of sixty pieces from Public School 21, Manhattan, will render a musical programme before and during the games.

NEWS OF THE CHESS BOARDS.

By drawing against Magnus Smith, former champion, A. Kupchik, the new champion of the Manhattan Chess Club, completed his schedule of games in the club's annual championship tournament yesterday without having incurred a single defeat during the entire course of the competition. His final score was ten points out of a possible eleven, comprising nine games won outright and two drawn. In addition to the draw with Smith, he also drew with J. L. Clark, Smith, J. Rosenthal, and Clark, all of whom have lost 2½ points, as well as G. E. Northrup, who has lost 3½, have chances to win the second prize. The scores to date:

Players.	Won.	Lost.
A. Kupchik	10	1
M. Smith	7½	2½
G. E. Northrup	6½	2½
J. Rosenthal	6½	2½
F. P. Baymon	5½	4½
Dr. G. F. Adair	5	5
O. Roething	5	5
J. L. Clark	3½	6½
G. J. Belhoff	3½	6½
W. M. P. Mitchell	2½	5½
L. Lichtenberg	2½	8½
W. Bowen	0	8

J. M. Lafferty, with 6 to 2, and M. J. Keys, with 5 to 2, are the leaders in the pending fourth-class tournament at the Manhattan Chess Club. Other good scores are: James Davey, 4½ to 2½; Arthur Hass, 4 to 2; S. Ullman, 4 to 3; the Rev. G. L. Newbold, 4 to 4, and Lester Keene, 3½ to 3½.

At the Progressive Chess club, there is a very close race for the club championship. A. Kupchik, by virtue of his recent success at the Manhattan Chess Club, is the favorite. He has already won five games straight, but so had Charles Jaffe. They are closely followed by O. Chajes and J. Bernstein, each of whom has scored 4½ to 1½.

No Class Offices for Athletes.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29.—Athletes will be prevented from holding class offices at the University of Chicago as the result of action taken yesterday by the student council. Members of the council said the action was taken "to prevent any student from being carried into an office through his popularity as an athlete."

WOMEN'S MET. GOLF AT ESSEX LINKS

Country Club Selected for District Championship Tournament May 25-29.

Somewhat of a surprise was sprung at the annual meeting of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association at the Hotel Biltmore yesterday when instead of the Plainfield Country Club being chosen as the scene of the women's metropolitan golf championship tournament, as had been expected, the links of the Essex County Country Club at West Orange was selected. However, the dates do not conflict with the metropolitan amateur championship at Englewood, May 20-23, for the time for the women's event is set at May 25 to 29.

Four clubs applied for the privilege of holding the event, Plainfield, North Jersey, Essex County and Montclair. Mrs. E. F. Sanford, former President of the association, spoke in behalf of Essex County, and when the matter came to a vote the Hutton Park course won easily. Essex County held the women's metropolitan in 1902 and 1908.

Conditions governing the tournament will be similar to those in vogue last year at Nassau, when Miss Marion Hollins won the title. On Monday, May 25, a qualifying round at eighteen holes medal play will be run off with the first match round the day following, with other rounds on successive days until the decisive test on Friday. Side attractions will be provided as usual, Tuesday afternoon an approaching and putting competition being carded, a medal play handicap for Wednesday afternoon, two ball foursomes for Thursday afternoon and mixed foursomes on a handicap basis for Friday afternoon.

Several one-day tournaments have already been arranged. At the meeting yesterday applications for such events were received from Essex County, Scarsdale, Apawamis, Montclair, Forest Hill, Fox Hills, Hollywood, and Hackensack. Among the early ones will be Fox Hills, which had no event of this kind last year, the time being May 18. Apawamis has been assigned June 8. Forest Hill will have Sept. 8 and Hollywood July 12. Many other clubs will offer their courses later in the season. There were sixteen of these open tournaments last season. There will be no team matches this year.

Three new members were admitted, Haworth Country Club, Knollwood Country Club, and Inwood Country Club, all of which probably will entertain the fair golfers before the season is done. There are now forty-five clubs in the association.

There was no opposition to the ticket of officers as presented by the Nominating Committee, Mrs. Myra D. Patterson of Englewood expressed her desire to retire, but the delegates would not grant her request, and as a result she was chosen President for the fifth time. Others were elected as follows:

Mrs. Francis E. Donohue, Montclair, Vice President; Mrs. Lawrence Swift, Knollwood, Secretary; Miss Eleanor N. Whitney, Morris County, Treasurer, and Miss Cass Schwarzwaelder, Mahopac; Mrs. Walter Merry, Ballerol, and Mrs. Percy Ingalls, Essex County, members of the Executive Committee.

The following delegates were present:

Mrs. W. J. Hencken, Greenwich; Mrs. C. F. Uebelacker, Hackensack; Mrs. Leibman and Mrs. Lloyd Winchester, Hollywood; Mrs. Weiner and Mrs. Joseph, Inwood; Mrs. Lawrence Swift and Mrs. Fairchild, Knollwood; Mrs. F. E. Donohue and Mrs. W. A. Loftus, Montclair; Miss Eleanor N. Whitney, Morris County; Mrs. Donald G. Geddes and Mrs. A. C. Sumner, Nassau; Miss Louise Graham, North Jersey; Mrs. Peck and Mrs. Fuller, Apawamis; Mrs. A. Cahn and Mrs. J. S. Bach, Century; Miss Ethel Mosle, Mrs. Mrs. F. B. Ryan, Cranford; Mrs. E. F. Sanford and Mrs. L. F. F. Wanner, Essex County; Mrs. M. D. Paterson and Miss Grace Farrelley, Englewood; Mrs. R. Salmon and Mrs. McCullough, Forest Hill; Miss G. Allaire and Mrs. Lester Ketcham, Fox Hills; Mrs. H. R. Stockton and Mrs. H. S. Avery, Plainfield; Mrs. Isaac Wyckoff and Mrs. A. Irving, Richmond County; Mrs. J. S. Irving, Scarsdale; Miss H. and Miss G. Alexander, Tuxedo.

Golfer Ouimet Leaves Pinehurst.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 29.—National Open Golf Champion Ouimet rounded out a full week here to-day and left for the North to-night. He announced his intention of returning for the fourteenth annual united North and South amateur championship, which starts March 27, and he will come a week or ten days in advance of the event to polish up for this supreme test of the Pinehurst season. This morning in a match with Frank Pressbrey of New York against Tewksbury and George C. Dutton of Boston Ouimet recorded 80, 84, 81 for 245, Tewksbury, 84, Pressbrey, and 87 for Dutton. The best ball card was 71 each, and the match was all square on the home green.

Cornell Minor Sports Schedules.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 29.—Three athletic schedules in the minor sports department were approved by the Cornell Committee on Student Affairs to-day. They included fencing, swimming, and wrestling.

Wrestling—Feb. 14, McGill in Ithaca; Feb. 20, Pennsylvania in Philadelphia; Feb. 21, Navy in Annapolis; Feb. 27, Columbia in New York; Feb. 28, Princeton in Princeton; March 7, Lehigh in Ithaca; March 13, Indians in Ithaca; March 27 and 28, Intercollegiates in Philadelphia.

Fencing—Feb. 27, Pennsylvania in Philadelphia; Feb. 28, Navy in Annapolis; March 13, Columbia in New York; March 28, semi-finals in Boston; April 10 and 11, finals in New York.

Swimming—Feb. 13, Harvard in Boston; Feb. 14, Brown in Providence.

Wormeke Wins Road Race.

J. Wormeke of the St. George Athletic Club crossed the finish line a winner last night in the three-mile road race of the Grace Athletic Club, in the good time of 16:55. Seventeen runners faced the starter, and all finished with the exception of L. Riesbi, a Grace A. C. athlete, who was forced to withdraw when he received a "stitch" in his side. The race was closely contested, and for the greater part of the distance H. Harris of the Sheridan A. C. held the lead. When within three blocks of the finish line however, Wormeke made a spurt and managed to beat his opponent to the tape. Harris was second in 17:20, while R. Esehamps, Knights of St. Anthony, who was third, was timed in 17:43.

Card for Empire's Next Show.

The card for next Friday night at the Empire A. C., 107th Street and Lexington Avenue, which first called for three heavyweight bouts, has been rearranged and only one of the original bouts now remains. That will bring together Battling Levinsky and Tom McMahon of Pittsburgh. The other two ten-round events will show Johnny Dundee vs. Johnny Lore, at 135 pounds ringside, and Young Brown of the east side vs. Freddie Hass.

Notes of the Boxers.

Johnny Howard of Bayonne has been substituted for Billy Grupp of St. Louis as the opponent of Bob McAllister at the Fairmont A. C. on Saturday night.

There will be forty-two rounds of boxing at the Olympic A. C. next Monday night. Johnny Daly and Young Ritchie are booked for a ten-round bout, and Young Monday of the east side will clash with Danny Burns of Harlem. Jimmy Dempsey of the Morningside A. C., the amateur welterweight champion, will make his professional debut against Willie Sherman.

FITZSIMMONS COMES BACK.

Veteran Boxer Easily Defeats Sweeney in Six-Round Bout.

Special to The New York Times.

WILLIAMSPORT, Penn., Jan. 29.—Bob Fitzsimmons, once heavyweight champion boxer, won over Knockout Sweeney of Cleveland in a six-round go to-night before the Williamsport Athletic Club.

Fitzsimmons had all the best of the fight, and was never in the slightest danger. In each round Fitzsimmons staggered Sweeney with rights, lefts, and uppercuts. The old boxer appeared as fresh as in his prime and finished the fight without even a sign of weariness. Sweeney seemed scared after the first round and covered up every time Fitzsimmons came at him, showing a poor fight and being hissed for not opening up. If he had opened up, however, Sweeney would not have lasted over one round.

In the third round, Fitz, had a nice chance for a knockout, and passed it by. Sweeney was unable to lay hands on his antagonist, who outgeneraled and outfought him. Again and again, Fitz showed his ability by turning aside punches which might have been dangerous, and taking them on his shoulder or moving his head and letting them slip by. In the last two rounds he sent in several heavy blows which all but won a knockout, and Sweeney was down for the count of from four to eight seconds five times.

Fitzsimmons just missed a knockout in the last round, but Sweeney clinched and stalled until the gong saved him. The veteran received a tremendous ovation.

TO REGULATE RACING.

Newest Bill in Maryland Legislature Provides for a Commission.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 29.—Contrary to expectations of the sporting fraternity, still more racing legislation was introduced in the Senate to-day. Yesterday Senator Williams of Cecil County introduced a measure to put the Havre de Grace track out of business. To-day Senator Hammond offered a bill providing for a State Racing Commission, which is to have supervision over all of the race tracks in the State. It wipes out none of the race courses. Its purpose is to regulate them.

So far as can be ascertained, Senator Williams's bill is the only measure of its kind to be introduced. Inquiry among the members of the Senate and House failed to unearth any more bills of the Williams variety.

Senator Holmes of Prince George's County said he had no intention of trying to have the Laurel track closed.

The same statement was made by Senator Watkins of Anne Arundel, in which county the Laurel track is situated. Both of these men said they did not propose to offer any legislation on the subject of race tracks.

Therefore, no matter what happens to Havre de Grace, the Pimlico and Laurel tracks are safe. The commission bill names as members of the State Racing Commission William P. Riggs of Baltimore, Richard A. Johnson of Howard County, and John Mitchell of Aberdeen.

The bill specifically exempts from its provisions trotting horses and races conducted by State, county, and other fairs, holding not more than one meet a year, and that meet not exceeding six days in length.

MOTOR BOAT SHOW PLANS.

Work of Transforming the Garden Into a Venice Starts.

The work of transforming Madison Square Garden into a Venice has begun and two gangs of men will work night and day to get the big pieces of canvas in position. There are about 38,000 square feet of canvas to be hung around the sides of the Garden and several thousand more feet of light silken material to make the sky for the interior. Then thousands of Venetian lanterns are to be suspended from the girders of the roof, and other small details have to be attended to before the Garden will be ready for the reception of visitors to the annual Motor Boat Show, which will open on Saturday afternoon.

On the main floor boats and engines will occupy all of the space except the aisles left for the visitors. The boats are of the usual description, and the motors range in size from the small three-quarter horse to the big 300 horse power six-cylinder affair and the huge crude oil motors which American engineers have perfected. Five of these motors will attract much attention from the time the show is opened, and they will be especially attractive to the representatives of the Navy Department, who are to attend the show on Saturday afternoon, when Assistant Secretary of the Navy Franklin Roosevelt will formally open the exhibition.

In the balcony will be small motors, ignition devices, batteries, carburetors, furnishings, life preservers, cushions, life buoys, anchors, and all sorts of small things that are necessary to the properly equipped yacht.

The concert hall and the assembly room will be devoted to the Educational Bureau, where Manager Huxtable of the Young Men's Christian Association will be able to answer any questions or furnish any information that a boat owner or prospective boat owner may ask.

An interesting schedule of lectures has been arranged. These lectures will be delivered each afternoon and evening during the week of the show. Dr. Street will talk about his yacht to Bermuda and about the New Jersey waterways. W. Nutting will tell about his trip in a motor boat along the Nova Scotia coast. Another lecture will be about a trip through the waterways of New York State and into Canadian waters. Pictures of different types of yachts are to be shown on the screen. There will be pictures of the best-known yacht clubs in the country, and Mr. Huxtable will explain all about the workings of the gasoline motor and about some of the troubles that a novice may experience, and will tell how to avoid them.

New York Tennis Club Officers.

At the annual meeting of the New York Lawn Tennis Club at the Beta Theta Pi Fraternity House in Gramercy Square officers were elected without opposition. The organization is one of the oldest tennis clubs in New York City, having been located for years at 128rd Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, which grounds were vacated in 1912 for its present quarters at Williamsbridge. The courts of the club will be put in excellent shape at the beginning of the outdoor season and many tournaments will be scheduled. The officers elected are as follows: President, L. H. Hill; Vice President, C. B. Winne; Secretary, E. S. Quimby; Treasurer, J. T. Brown; Captain, Wallace Krugler; First Lieutenant, R. F. Chapman; Second Lieutenant, R. W. Blair; Governors, D. A. Palmer and R. S. Conklin.

NEW BOXING STAR LOOMS UP IN RING

Charley Weinert Makes Fine Showing in Defeating George Ashe at the National.

Charley Weinert, the youthful light heavyweight of East Orange, N. J., who recently surprised local boxing followers by his showing against Battling Levinsky, outpointed George Ashe of Philadelphia in a ten-round bout at the National Sporting Club last night. The Jerseyite had the advantage of almost every round, and although Ashe put up a game exhibition and was always willing he could neither land effectively nor force the Jerseyite to slow up. At the finish Ashe's face bore strong testimony to the busy half hour which he spent in the ring with Weinert.

Weinert lacked the ring experience of the Quaker, but physically he had the better of every comparison and he was also a better boxer. The ringside weights were 160½ pounds for Weinert and 160¼ pounds for Ashe. Weinert was considerably taller than the Philadelphian, and he also had a much longer reach. As a boxer he made a most favorable impression, and if he improves through work he promises to cause much trouble among the white hopes. For a man of his size he is remarkably shifty on his feet, and at times last night he stepped around like a featherweight. He can also get quite a little speed out of his arms. On the defense he seemed a bit weak, or incapable of taking much punishment.

It was a left-hand jab that won the battle for Weinert and kept the Philadelphian from doing any effective work. Before the first round had gone a minute Ashe's head was bobbing back and forth under a steady stream of straight left jabs. Ashe, finding it impossible to stand off and box Weinert, because he could not reach the latter, tried to slow the Jerseyite up by infighting. He managed to land a few hard punches, but Weinert protected himself so well that Ashe could not land with any consistency.

SON WINS $90,638 SUIT FROM FATHER

Albert N. Stollwerck Forces German Chocolate Firm to Pay Money It Promised Him.

TOO AMERICAN FOR UNCLES

They Bade Him Run Plant Here on Mediaeval Lines and He Quit—So They Refused to Pay Notes.

Albert N. Stollwerck, son of Heinrich Stollwerck, head of the great chocolate firm of Stollwerck Brothers, won a verdict against the concern in the Supreme Court yesterday for $90,638. This is only one in a long series of suits against the firm, which began nearly five years ago, and grew out of its desire to establish here a manufactory only second in importance to the parent plant in Germany. In 1904 this new factory at Stamford, Conn., was ready for business. It cost $800,000, and Albert N. Stollwerck was placed in charge of it.

Under the old German fashion he was supposed to submit to constant dictation from home. His father is the owner of one of the biggest castles on the Rhine, and lives after the style of the feudal barons. His uncle, Ludwig, is an Imperial Counselor of Commerce and sometimes is received by the Emperor William. Another uncle, Carl, is also a man of large consequence in the business world, and a strict believer in patriarchal methods.

Soon after Albert had assumed management of the Stamford plant he adopted some modern American methods, and this brought orders to return to German customs. Friction grew rapidly and at last Albert said he would quit.

Then came the question of a settlement of the finances. Albert had a $117,300 interest in the business, and it was agreed that the firm should give him six notes for $12,500 each, making a total of $75,000, and pay him the other $42,000 in three years. There was also a trifle of $17,000 due Albert as his commission on the business done. This settlement was reached in November, 1908. H. A. Cuppy, once editor of Public Opinion, was then placed in charge of the Stamford plant. He had aided in disposing of its contracts for slot machines in the Subway and elevated stations for a good price to the Auto Sales Company, and so, in the opinion of the firm, he was a good business man.

Albert negotiated his notes at the Chatham National Bank, but when they came due the firm declined to pay them. It came out during the recent trial that this default was intentional, and was designed to hurt Albert's credit. It also came out that Albert had been required to undertake not to engage in the chocolate business again. Albert gave the bank sufficient collateral to cover the notes and the bank began suit on them. In each case it was successful and payment has had to be made.

Then, when the time for paying the $42,360 came, the Stollwerck firm again defaulted, so Albert sued for this amount and for the $17,000 due him on commissions, with interest and costs. Ludwig Stollwerck came here to defend the suit. He made a good witness, but his defense that Albert had violated his agreement by engaging in the chocolate business again got on the record only through the request of Loren W. Wood, Albert's counsel, who recognized that such an agreement was in restraint of trade and, therefore, illegal.

It was said yesterday that the firm of Stollwerck Brothers is on the eve of arranging a consolidation with the Wilbur Chocolate Manufacturing Company of Chicago. Its total sales in this country aggregate $2,000,000 a year. Albert is Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Brewery Chocolate Company of New Jersey, which is said to be very successful.

RURAL LOAN BANK BILL IN.

Provides Only for Long Term Loans on Farm Property.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Acting for the Rural Credits Commission, which traveled over Europe last Summer in its investigation, Senator Fletcher of Florida introduced a bill to-day to establish farm loan banks, and submitted the commission's report. The bill has been in President Wilson's hands since Dec. 10, and is understood to have his approval. It was referred to the Committee on Banking and Currency. As one of the measures urged by the President in his address to Congress, the bill is expected to pass this session.

The bill provides only for long-term farm loans. For short-term personal credit another measure is nearly completed.

The committee regrets that farm loans cannot be left entirely to the initiative of the States, but, in view of the long delay that would ensue before State Legislatures could be persuaded to act, provision is made for the issuance of Federal charters for farm banks, which can be formed by ten or more persons, run either on profit-making or co-operative lines. Limits on which loans may be made are limited to the country districts.

No stockholder of a co-operative bank can own more than 10 per cent. of the share capital. Dividends are limited to the prevailing interest rates of the community. All excess earnings are to be distributed pro rata among the patrons. For banks organized for profit, a fifty-year charter is provided.

BUSINESS LOOKS GOOD.

So Says Mr. Manchester, Who Has Been Buying in This City.

H. S. Manchester of Chicago, the buyer for the read-to-wear goods department of Marshall Field & Co., who is in the city staying at the Hotel Wolcott, said yesterday that he was placing larger orders for his department this year than last, and that the goods he was buying were already sold by his house.

"This certainly looks as if business conditions were improving," Mr. Manchester said in commenting upon the fact. "Our house supplies customers all over the country, and what I am buying now is to fill the demand made by them. They have ordered more than last year, so the outlook generally must be pretty good. The increased orders have not come from any particular region, either, but from all parts alike."

Mr. Manchester added, however, that conditions in the smaller towns and rural districts appeared to be better than in the large cities. This was due, he said, to the great numbers of men in the building trades out of employment in such centres as New York, Chicago, St. Louis and Philadelphia.

War Pictures for Jewish Charity.

Under the direction of the Council of Jewish Women of New York, moving-pictures of actual war scenes in Mexico will be shown for the first time next Monday night at Carnegie Hall. The proceeds of the entertainment will go into a fund being raised by the council for the relief of the women and children who have suffered as a result of the war in Mexico, and for the benefit of the department of immigrant aid of the Jewish charity. The pictures to be shown were taken for Count de Ressa, confidential envoy of the late President Madero to President Wilson, and will be accompanied by a lecture by the Count. Señor and Señora Madero, father and mother of the slain Mexican President, will occupy a box at the charity exhibition.

Clothiers to Hold Convention.

President William Goldman of the National Association of Clothiers was authorized at a recent meeting of the Board of Directors to appoint a committee of five, of which he is to be a member ex-officio, to meet at an early date to select subjects for papers to be read by the members at the eighteenth annual convention of the organization, which will be held in Atlantic City, June 1, 2, and 3. The President announced yesterday the following appointments to the committee referred to: Samuel Weill of Rochester, Leon Mann of New York, Alfred W. Stern of Chicago, Sigmund B. Sonneborn of Baltimore, and himself as President of the association.

SPEYER & CO. EXPLAIN.

Say They Were in Honor Bound to Help Frisco Out of Difficulties.

Speyer & Co., who were criticised in the Interstate Commerce Commission's report to the Senate on the ground that they should have known about the impoverished condition of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad Company when they took the last bond issue, addressed a reply yesterday to E. E. Clark, Chairman of the commission. Speyer & Co. say in part:

"You state in your report that 'the sale of securities to the investing public through the bankers at a time when every appearance indicated the insolvency of the issuing company invites and warrants condemnation of all those who assisted or participated in such sale.' We did assist and participate in the sale by the company, but we deny that our action in this respect 'invites or warrants condemnation.' You fail to state correctly the circumstances connected with the sale in question, and especially you are in error as to the dates when it was made.

"The fact is that the negotiations were commenced in December, 1912, but were not concluded until March 19, 1913, when the contract of sale was signed. Your report states the dates of sales as from April 24 to May 14. While deliveries and payments were made on those dates, the fact is that our obligation to take the bonds had been fixed two months before, and it is not true that at that time 'every appearance indicated insolvency.'

"The report goes on to say, 'The bankers should have been aware of the poverty of the Frisco, and its difficulties in obtaining funds.' This sentence amounts to an intimation that we were not aware of the general financial condition of the Frisco, &c., while the fact is that we were aware of it, and so was everybody who paid any attention to such matters.

"With such knowledge as we had, however, we were of the opinion then, and are of the opinion now, that we were not only justified, but in honor bound toward the company and its security holders not to leave it without assistance, but to try to see it through its financial difficulties, which in March were supposed to be only temporary. The company's officials expressed confidence that the proceeds of the sale consummated in March and the successful conclusion of other negotiations then pending would enable the company to avoid serious embarrassment.

"We believed then, and we believe now, that if these negotiations had not been affected by the abnormal condition of the money markets and the impairment of confidence generally which prevailed in the Spring of 1913, the company would have been able to meet its obligations. If a banking firm is to run the risk of being censured because it steps forward and gives financial assistance to a railroad corporation which faces a temporary crisis in its financial affairs, we submit that serious and unnecessary embarrassment may be often produced.

"Your report also refers in general terms to extravagant arrangements with bankers to whom large profits accrued in the purchase of bonds and subsequent sale of the same to the public. Our total profit on the $3,000,000 bonds transactions in March, 1913, amounted to three-quarters of 1 per cent., and on our loans we received interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum.

"That we have not made unreasonable profits will apear from the fact that during the nine years from March, 1905, to March, 1915, we bought from the company and resold, either directly or indirectly, an aggregate of $104,988,000 bonds and notes of the Frisco system, and our total profit in interest, commissions, and otherwise amounted to $1,842,366, or about 1¾ per cent. From this amount might justly be deducted the losses which we suffered on our holdings of Frisco shares and bonds at the time of the receivership."

GAVE JOBS FOR WHITMAN.

"The Judge and I Are Friends," He Told Boy to Whom He Gave Forged Order for Work.

Archie Epstein is 15 years old. For more than a year since the time when the Compulsory Education law first granted him exemption from attendance at school, he has been an A. D. T. messenger boy, and his work has brought him nearly every day to the Criminal Court Building.

Constant association with all of the criminal courts celebrities, from District Attorney Whitman to Max, the elevator man, removed whatever natural diffidence he might have had, and he gradually attained to that high degree of confidence which permitted him to call Lieut. Rayens and the other members of the Detective Bureau by their first names and to borrow matches from the reporters.

This is the story of how the boy's familiarity with the criminal courts got him into serious trouble—so serious that, had it not been for a sense of humor which few public men enjoy, he might have been in a dark prison cell instead of going his rounds as messenger.

Every night Epstein would meet his friends in Division Street and regale them with stories of the criminal courts. "Judge Whitman and I," he would say, "were talking about graft to-day. I guess he's got it on some of those fellows all right. I've got an awful drag with Whitman and Delehaunty and Warden Hanley and all of them. I could have any job I wanted, almost, from them."

"Well, if you don't want a job," said Joe Fein, also 15, one night, "why don't you get one for some of us. I've got a good job already, for $6 a week in a commission house, but I'd rather have one in the District Attorney's office."

"I'll get you a job if you want one," Epstein told him. "Meet me here to-morrow night."

The next night Epstein produced a very official looking paper. It was a sheet of the District Attorney's stationery with typewriting on it and having in one corner a large red seal. This is what was written on it:

Jan. 7, 1914.

Mr. Joseph Fein, 234 Division St.

Dear Sir: I Hereby Say That Mr. Joseph Fein Is To Be An Employe of The County of New York City As Assistant Clerk In The City Prison Of The County Of New York City, 101 Centere Street, New York City. I Certify That This Employment Permit Is Approved By District Attorney Charles S. Whitman At The Criminal Courts, 125 Centere Street. (Call At Jan. 12, 1914. No Fail.)

E. C. DELEHAUNTY,
Assistant District Attorney.

On Jan. 12 Joe Fein was at the District Attorney's office bright and early. Epstein had preceded him, though, and when he appeared gave him another letter, which said:

Take a Seven Day Vacation With Pay; Return 19. No Fail.

E. C. DELEHAUNTY,
Assistant District Attorney.

Proudly bearing the two letters, Feln went down to the commission house where he worked and resigned his job. "I might as well take the week off," he said. "I won't need the money." On Jan. 19 he went again to the District Attorney's office and exhibited the letter to Louis Hoffman, Mr. Whitman's confidential messenger, who told him that there was no "E. C. Delehaunty" in the office, although there was a James A. Delehanty. The matter was then called to the attention of Lloyd D. Willis, Judge Whitman's secretary, and an inquiry was started. Detectives Edward Rayens, Edmund Leigh, Joseph Russo, and Albert Thomas were called in to help clear up the case.

When the detectives heard Archie Epstein's name mentioned they nodded significantly. Louis Hoffman remembered that the messenger boy had asked him for a sheet of the office stationery and he had refused to give it to him. Mr. Willis sent for Epstein, who, it was found, had quit his job as messenger boy.

Confronted by Mr. Whitman and the others, Epstein confessed the whole thing. He had "swiped" the paper from one of the offices, he said. The detectives told him that it was a very serious matter, involving forgery, misrepresentation, and several other crimes. When they thought he had been sufficiently chastened they told him that he could go, if he would report to Detective Leigh every week until he had paid Fein the $6 pay Fein lost by giving up his job. Henry D. Sayer, the Chief Clerk, had succeeded in reinstating Fein at the commission house.

Yesterday Epsecin came in to see Detective Leigh, and, with just a touch of his old impudence, put down a dollar bill. "I got my messenger job back again," he said. "See you later, Eddie. So long."

INDICT ELEVEN MEN IN BANKRUPTCY CASE

Nine Merchants and Two Lawyers Charged with Conspiring to Conceal Firm's Assets.

THEY MOVED STOCK AWAY

Creditors Followed Vans from Stein Fur Store in Taxicabs When Goods Were Transferred.

On the charge of having conspired to conceal the assets of Jacob Stein & Sons, furriers, of 34 West Twenty-sixth Street, in violation of the criminal clauses of the bankruptcy law, eleven men, including two lawyers, were indicted yesterday by the Federal Grand Jury. Nine of them appeared yesterday and, through their counsel, John B. Stanchfield and Isaac H. Levy, offered pleas of not guilty and received permission to change their pleas within ten days.

The nine men who appeared were Jacob Stein and his son, Phelps Stein, members of the bankrupt firm; Henry N. Bonis, Samuel Bonis, Isaac Weinstein, and Samuel N. Samuels, of the firm of Bonis & Co.; Salomon Papert and Philip Fishkin, sons-in-law of Jacob Stein, and Alexander Bloch, a bankruptcy lawyer. Louis Malvin of the fur firm of Malvin & Co. and Henry F. Kuntz, another bankruptcy lawyer. The other two men indicted will appear to-day to plead. All the defendants who were in court yesterday were released on the same bail which they had given before Commissioner Shields.

The alleged concealment of the assets of Jacob Stein & Co., which amounted to $30,000, took place, it is asserted, after a meeting of the indicted men at the Hoffman House on the evening of Sunday, Jan. 11. Next morning the furs were carted away from the store in big vans, it is said. This took place before the creditors had filed a petition in bankruptcy, but they were on the watch for some such a move as this. Taxicabs also commissioned, and as each van left the Stein store it was followed. It is alleged that the goods were transported to the stores belonging to Louis Malvin & Co., and to Bonis & Co.

In the indictment it is charged that in furtherance of the conspiracy the defendants planned to put the firm in involuntary bankruptcy, and it is said that part of the stock was sold to Bonis & Co. for $9,603, and that Samuel Bonis and Isaac Weinstein made conflicting statements when examined before Commissioner Gilchrist.

Interest was aroused in this case when Judge Mayer sent for Jacob Stein, when he was under examination by Assistant District Attorneys Boyle and Sarfaty in the Federal Building. The old man was making a confession, the District Attorneys say, contrary to the wishes of his son. Mr. Levy brought the matter to the attention of Judge Mayer, who was sitting in the bankruptcy court, and he ordered that before Stein went on he should be advised by counsel assigned to him, and should have rest and food. Since then he has not returned to continue his statement.

The Federal Grand Jury is now considering the case of Jacques Samuels of the bankrupt firm of Joseph Samuels & Co., braids and embroidery. It is looking also into the bankruptcy of the Northern Leather Company of America. The President of this concern, Israel Doushkes, is said to be receiving messages from 20 Princess May Road, London, England.

A YEAR'S DRAWBACKS.

Hundreds of Thousands of Dollars Depend on Sugar Inquiry.

The Treasury Department yesterday made a start toward ending the deadlock existing for many months between the Government and refiners of sugar over the payment of drawback claims on sugar and syrup, which now amount, it was said, to hundreds of thousands of dollars. Charles S. Hamlin, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, appointed a commission to make a study of the books and papers of the American Sugar Refining Company, National Sugar Company, the Federal Refining Company, and other importers and converters of raw sugar, with a view to determining the amount of drawback which is allowed on the products of these concerns exported during the last twelve months.

The commission consists of Ernest R. Corkhill, the drawback expert of the Customs Division at Washington, more than Van Doren, special egent detailed to the office of Collector Malone, and A. V. Bolles of the Drawback Division of the Collector's office. It was said yesterday that the situation between the refiners and independent exporters on the one hand, and the Treasury Department on the other, had become so acute that Assistant Secretary Hamlin decided to attempt a settlement of the differences before he leaves his present place to become Controller of the Currency.

The differences between the Government and the refiners and exporters had its inception early last year, when the Treasury Department issued regulations specifying in great detail the information which refiners would thereafter be compelled to furnish the Customs authorities before drawback would be allowed. These regulations required a complete revelation of the most confidential and important details of each refiner's methods, and of the results obtained. The refiners have been outspoken in their rebellion against these demands.

Some go even further and assert that the Government, in compelling the refiners to prepare and file the figures and data specified by the regulations in question, is practically forcing refiners to choose between falsification of records, misrepresentation of facts and false swearing, or the loss of the drawback which the law entitles them to receive. They also regard the filing of the confidential information called for as decidedly hazardous to their individual interests, and some have expressed themselves as preferring to lose the drawback rather than disclose such vital information. The result is that the payment of drawbacks on sugar and syrup has been in large measure held up.

The New York members of the commission declined yesterday to make any statement regarding the character of the investigation, while the refiners also maintained silence. It was learned, however, that the books and records of the local refiners have been under investigation by them for some weeks.

TO HIT SELLERS' FRAUD.

Penalties for Oral Misrepresentation in Legislative Bill.

The measure to prevent or punish misrepresentation in the sale of goods, which passed both houses of the Legislature last year, but was vetoed with about fifty other bills by Gov. Sulzer, has again been introduced by the efforts of the United States Trade Mark Association. This bill had the support of the Merchants' Association as well as of the American Specialties Manufacturers, the National Wholesale Druggists, the Stove Manufacturers, the American Bottlers' Protective, and the National Confectioners' Associations.

Two purposes are kept in view in the proposed legislation. The first is to make oral misrepresentations a criminal offense the same as written ones are now. The other is to give a party aggrieved who has been injured by the misrepresentation the right to recover in a civil action a penalty of $100 for each offense.

The persons who would be affected, in the language of the proposed law, are those who "shall knowingly sell, offer or expose for sale any article of merchandise, and shall orally or by representation, name, or mark written or printed thereon or attached thereto or used in connection therewith, or by advertisement, or otherwise in any manner whatsoever make any false representation as to the person by whom such article of merchandise or the material thereof was made, or was in whole or in part produced, manufactured, finished, processed, treated, marketed, packed, bottled, or boxed."

If enacted into law, this bill would do for the State of New York exactly what a number of the business men wish done by the Federal Government, as stated before the Legislative Committee of the Merchants' Association at the hearing on Wednesday.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—4@4½ per cent. for the best names.

Wednesday—4@4½ per cent. for the best names.

Brokaws Elect Officers.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year at a meeting of the stockholders of the corporation of Brokaw Brothers yesterday: President, Howard C. Brokaw; Vice President, John H. Armstrong; Secretary, Frederick Pabst, and Treasurer, Harry B. Venn. Howard Brokaw succeeds his father, the late Isaac Vail Brokaw, as President, and Harry B. Venn, the new Treasurer, was formerly the cashier. Mr. Venn has been in the employ of the company for thirty-five years. These Directors were elected also: Howard C. Brokaw, John H. Armstrong, Frederick Pabst, Robert Y. Anderson, Edward M. Biggs, Edward Costello and Thomas B. King.

Working for Salesmen's Vote.

A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Associated Traveling Salesmen of New York will be held Monday afternoon at the Hotel St. Denis. At the meeting Mark Eisner, Assemblyman from the Seventeenth District of New York, will read the draft of his proposed bill to obtain for travelers the right to vote when away from home. It is understood that this bill will be introduced in the Legislature shortly. According to Leon Meyer of Cohn, Brown & Co., Mr. Eisner has suggested that other organizations, such as actors' associations, railroad mail clerks, traveling auditors, officers and men employed in the merchant marine service, and others whose occupations keep them away from home, lend this support to the movement.

Japanese Raw Silk Prices Jump.

Cables received here yesterday told of another small rise in the price of raw silks at Yokohama, which made a total advance in the last week of $7.50 to $10 per picul of 133 pounds. Arrivals from the interior continue light and, as stocks are now about 7,000 bales lower than at this time last year, there is little chance of lower prices on Japanese silks unless the buying movement comes to an abrupt halt. Celebration of the Chinese holidays has closed the markets in Canton and Shanghai. At Milan prices are firmly held under the influence of a good European demand and the fact that the prices on cocoons continue to advance. A good demand is in evidence in the New York market, both for spot and forward deliveries. Prices here reflect generally the conditions of the primary markets.

Printed Silks in High Favor.

Next to the talk that is being heard in the local silk market about taffetas, the most interesting comment of the moment concerns the posittion of printed silks. In the opinion of men who are regarded as well posted, this Spring will be the best all around print season that the silk industry has ever seen. Some of the novelties offered command prices that would have kept them out of all but the best stores a few seasons back, buyers generally seem anxious to get them and less willing to make price the main factor in determining a sale than has been the case for a long time. In other words, buyers who are in a position to spend money in a fairly free way are said to be willing to pay whatever is asked for a fabric which they really want. There is talk of design piracy on the part of some of the larger houses and comment on its trade-disturbing elements, but while the market may at some later time be debauched by this evil, there are as yet few signs of slaughtering prices resulting from unfair competition.

Ribbons and Spring Millinery.

The clause in the new tariff which prohibits the importation of aigrettes and several other feather effects common to the millinery trade is proving to be the ill wind that is blowing good to the ribbon trade. Both the manufacturers and wholesalers are doing good business in ribbons particularly suited for millinery garnitures, and the outlook for the balance of the season is said to be unusually bright. The business that is being done with the retailers has as yet not reached great proportions, but the demand from the millinery trade is said more than to offset any backwardness the retail buyers may show. From all accounts the best selling ribbons in the market range from six to ten inches in width, though the narrower widths have not been greatly neglected. Prices in the large majority of cases are representative of the true values of the goods offered. There is little heard of concessions aside from a willingness to shade on plain satin-faced goods or some other staple ribbon that is not in liberal demand, but which is in fairly heavy supply in certain quarters of the trade. The design trend in domestic goods is not greatly different from that outlined in this column a few days ago in a description of several foreign novelties.

Resolutions Against Two Bills.

The Board of Directors of the National Association of Clothiers adopted resolutions at a recent meeting opposing what are known as the "Fabric Adulteration Measures" introduced into the House of Representatives by Congressman Bartlett of the same State, entitled "A bill to make lawful certain agreements between employers and laborers and persons engaged in agriculture or horticulture, and to limit the issuing of injunctions, in certain cases, and for other purposes," because it is, in the opinion of the Directors, distinctly class legislation in that there are exempted from prosecution by the Federal Government certain classes named in the bill, by placing them in a class apart, free from all interference by the courts of the United States, no matter how serious may be the offense committed by the individuals in these classes. The Secretary has been directed to notify the various markets and the members of Congress of this action also.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The Princess Corset Company, 78 Fifth Avenue, is moving to larger quarters at 6 West Eighteenth Street.

The American Dry Goods Company, 70 Franklin Street, will after Feb. 1 be located at 79 Grand Street and 31 Mercer Street.

A. M. Candee, Advertising Manager of the National Enamaling and Stamping Company, Milwaukee, Wis., has been elected a Director of the Association of National Advertising Managers.

D. S. McKenney, who represents the William Whitman Company in the Southwest, returned to this city yesterday from a brief trip over his territory.

Charles Herman, formerly notion and fancy goods buyer with Berg Brothers, is now in the importing business on his own account at 27 East Twenty-first Street.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed in New York County.

Ark, Barnet, and Herman—A. Garmise, July 1, 1913, $265.

Same—S. Brinn et al., Oct. 24, 1913, $1,419.

Brooks, Harry C.—R. Hollander et al., Dec. 22, 1913, $250.

Colcord, Melvin V.—W. O. Badger, Jr., Oct. 13, 1908, $2,581.

Goldstein, Abraham S., and Morris Hirschs. Lavor, July 24, 1908, $164.

Jaffin, Nathan—Newark Varnish Co., July 30, 1913, $187.

Kraimin, Theodore—J. Feldman, Dec. 3, 1907, $1,150.

Kosmith & Constantine Co.—Tweedal Trading Co., Jan. 17, 1911, $1,428.

Mandel Construction Co.—E. Polak, Dec. 4, 1913, $229.

Speedway Construction Co., Frank Frankel, Jacob J. Frankel, F. T. Construction Co., and Wm. T. Hookey, Inc.—Security Bank of New York, Jan. 4, 1913, $888.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

WILLIAM NEADERTHAL & CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Neaderthal and William Plaplinger, doing business under the name of William Neaderthal & Co., manufacturers of furs at 44 West Twenty-eighth Street, by these creditors: S. Michael Cohen, $1,500; D. E. Herwits, $740, and E. S. Wheeler, $140. Liabilities are $40,000 and assets $25,000.

MOUNT VERNON SPECIALTY COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the Mount Vernon Specialty Company of Mount Vernon by these creditors: Rachel Levi, $4,356; W. G. Dawson & Co., Inc., $107, and William H. Brown, $40.

JULIUS BRAUNSTEIN, plumber, of 400 Manhattan Avenue, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $64,000 and no assets.

JOHN J. O'BRIEN, a policeman of 4,678 Park Avenue, Bronx, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $1,386 and no assets.

G. STANLEY NICCOLL, jeweler of Middletown, N. Y., has filed a petition, with liabilities of $1,558 and no assets.

FREDERICK DE ANGELIS.—Schedules of Frederick De Angelis, art glass manufacturer of Yonkers, show liabilities of $12,259 and assets of $5,850. Among the creditors are the Yonkers Bank, $3,000, secured by realty mortgage, and Jefferson De Angelis, comic opera singer, $5,637.

AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS' SUPPLY COMPANY.—Schedules of Frank & Kleitman, wholesale dealers in cotton goods at 87 Eldridge Street, under the trade style of the American Manufacturers' Supply Company, show liabilities of $13,823 and assets of $5,836. William Frank has individual assets of $2,735.

WERBA & LUESCHER.—Louis F. Werba and Mark Luescher, who composed the firm of Werba & Luescher, theatrical producers, of 1,529 Broadway, yesterday filed individual schedules on the petition filed against them on Oct. 21. Werba has liabilities of $196,871 and nominal assets of $158,184. Luescher has liabilities of $170,689 and nominal assets of $158,184.

UNION CONSTRUCTION AND WATERPROOFING CO.—Schedules of the Union Construction and Waterproofing Co. of 63 Gansevoort Street show liabilities of $4,368 and assets of $1,600.

B. COHEN & CO.—Schedules of B. Cohen & Co., manufacturers of cloaks and suits at 267 West Seventeenth Street, show liabilities of $2,197 and assets of $440.

SIMON RATKOWSKY.—Judge Mayer has appointed George R. Hall receiver for Simon Ratkowsky, dealer in cloaks and suits at 51 Division Street, with a bond of $250.

DOOLEY, SMITH & CO.—Judge Mayer has appointed Job E. Hedges and ex-Senator Edgar T. Brackett receivers for Dooley, Smith & Co., importers and exporters of 135 Front Street and San Juan, P. R., under a bond of $10,000, with authority to carry on the business twenty days. Liabilities are $185,000 and assets $100,000.

FREDERICK A. NEWFIELD & CO.—Judge Mayer has dismissed the petition filed on Oct. 17 against Frederick A. Newfield, trading as Frederick A. Newfield & Co., dealers in upper leather at 178 William Street and 32 Union Square. Mr. Newfield denied all the alleged acts of bankruptcy.

FRIEDMAN, HOBERMAN & WELTMAN.—Schedules of Isaac Hoberman, and Joseph Weltman, who composed the firm of Friedman, Hoberman & Weltman, manufacturers of furs at 80 University Place, have made an assignment to Nathan Glaser.

FUCHS, SALZBERG & RAPOPORT, manufacturers of furs on Sixth Avenue, who made an assignment on Jan. 8, had their property reassigned to them yesterday. They have made a settlement with creditors.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Anderson, Frederick W.—Austin, Nichols & Co., Inc., $206.
Bogard, Carrie M.—G. D. Sherman, $2,761.
Belle, Adele, or Adele Ritchie— E. M. B. Gen, $217.
Brauer, Elizabeth—M. Sussman, $340.
Brinley, Edward—T. Nevins, costs, $132.
Brown, Frederick—E. B. H. Meyers, $249.
Cornwell, Charles—Orange County Milk Co., $102.
Same—Same, $171.
Callaghan, Patrick O.—United Distillers' Co., $168.
Fund, Abraham D.—United Dressed Beef Co. of N. Y., $313.
Farr, John M.—M. Hort, costs, $117.
Griffin, Susan K.—J. M. Anderson, $8,615.
Greaner, Pauline—Cavour & Dean, $149.
Gillen, Patrick J.—Samuel Wild's Sons' Co., $174.
Goldberg, Israel—E. Finkel, $381.
Hermann, Geo. W.—Gibson Distilling Co., $333.
Gattell, Peter S.—D. A. Robie, $117.
Glatman, Moe, and Woolf Goldberg—T. D. Neelands, $536.
Gray, James A.—J. R. Clarke, $782.
Holmes, Frederick E., Basil Gordon, Moon & John Esteel—H. W. Fairfax, $149.
Hinabot, Marcelle—F. Constantineo, costs, $118.
Hawkes, Eva V. C., and Nedbold Morris—F. Ackerman, $11,620.
Isaacs, Phillip—S. B. Lilienstern, $136.
Juda, John—J. Gans, $808.
Jockel, Frederick W.—Slawson & Hobbs, $501.
Jones, William J., Jr.—N. Morris et al., $390.
James, Morgan T.—Lustbader Construction Co., $489.
Jones, Frederick H.—F. A. Richmond, $113.
Keep, Henry V.—Lincoln Trust Co., $1,834.
Kleinrock, Abraham D.—M. Jacob et al., $167.
Levison, Harry—Austin Nicholas & Co., Inc., $123.
Long, Nicholas, and Idalene C. Long—G. W. Conklin, $814.
Lieberman, Emanuel—O. J. Gude Co. of New York, $111.
Lustig, Louis and Lillian S.—E. B. Cahn, $606.
Latham, Ellis C.—National Park Bank of New York, $538.
Myerbach, Andrew—Goodyear Rubber Tire Co. of New York, $143.
Mosher, George A. and Bertha S.—C. E. Sayer, $167.
McNally, Edward B.—A. J. Raggi, $440.
Martin, Clinton S.—P. Braus, $385.
McClatchey, Thomas G.—B. Bondy, $123.
Menkes, John—New York Sample Furniture Co., $253.
McNamara, James L.—W. A. Eadle, $100.
Phelps, Leonard P.—J. W. Bell et al., $250.
Perry, John—W. E. Howard, $1,652.
Reynolds, Edward C.—Gray Realty and Development Co., $316.
Ruden, Harry—E. Aronson, $390.
Ross, Marion J., and Marco A. Sisti—J. H. Snell, $148.
Rifkin, Louis—G. L. Schoenbaum, $574.
Rogers, John F.—H. Scarborough, $132.
Rucker, Winfred L.—P. Blount, $420.
Richards, Nicholas V.—N. Y. and Eklyn Casket Co., $208.
Schmidt, Edmund P.—Paul Ruinart Champagne Co., $322.
Scavatto, Giuseppi—J. Krinsky, $818.
Spair, Phillip—J. Grabouski et al., $139.
Schiller, Samuel—W. J. Aamsnd, $682.
Telmach, Abraham J.—P. H. Brickelmaier et al., $288.
Tempkins, Edw. De V., Richard Furlong, and Furlong & Tompkins Co.—Harlem River Lumber and Woodworking Co., $1,558.
Timpson, Mary B.—Wertheim Realty Co., $312.
Usoskin, Edward—Funk & Wagnalls Co., $141.
Williams, Charles A.—L. Hertle, $142.
Wengenroth, August—Stollwerck Bros., Inc., $108.
Weiss, Maurice—J. Handwerger, $274.
Walton, L. Robert—V. Rosenberg, $100.
Atlantic Express Co.—W. C. Reeber et al., $105.
Appleton, Parker, Inc.—People's Trust Co., $283.
Crown Feature Film Co.—Metro. Lithographing Co., $299.
Class Journal Co.—Valveless Inner Tube Co., costs, $180.
Crown Feature Film Co.—U. S. Printing and Lithographing Co., $329.
City of New York—R. Meyers, $1,800.
Century Hotel Co.—Childs Co., $5,974.
Dearfield Candy Mfg. Co.—B. Sherman, $389.
Freeman & Hess Co., Inc.—S. J. Harding, $130.
F. C. Taylor Theatrical Enterprises—O. Heine, $206.
Knickerbocker Ice Co.—C. Cushman, $2,208.
Same—H. Cushman, $600.
Railway Traction Construction Co.—Same, $339.
Stone Valley Distilling Co.—Same, $125.
Sterling Hardware Co.—Same, $125.
Sterling Feder Equipment Co.—Same, $125.
Stepney Spare & Wheel Co.—Same, $125.
Standard Debenture Co.—Same, $232.
Spanish American Tile Co.—Same, $125.
Sawn Bananas Products Co.—Same, $125.
Stegmayer, Emanuel Brick Co.—Same, $447.
Longacre Theatre Co. & Frazee Theatre Corp.—Realty Adv. & Supply Co., $519.
Mercury Realty Co.—H. Gillman et al., $106.
N. Y. Central & H. R. R. R. Co.—E. P. Romer, $5,820.
Cleo Shock Absorber Co.—Standard Metal Spinning Co., $120.
Princess Realty Co.—L. Pellarano et al., $789.
Superior Glass Co.—T. W. Morris et al., $174.
T. S. Marvel Shipbuilding Co., Thomas S. Marvel & Henry A. Marvel—Froment & Co., $1,026.

In Bronx County.

Bloom, Fannie, and George Kobrick, (not summoned)—T. B. Jackson, $283.
Expanto Realty Co., Inc., and Alfonso Esposito—L. E. Gunset, $122.
Farmer, Alfred E.—J. F. Goger, $49.
Goldfarb, Felix—M. L. Liebowich, $137.
Helbreck, Regina—W. J. Broderick, $623.
Knipperman, Bernard—Peter H. Reilly & Bro. Co., $238.
Lamberti Construction Co. and Pasquale J. Lamberti—Trequis Door Co., $436.
Mazie, Louise M.—A. J. Kessel, Jr., $1,090.
Mulligan, Agnes K. M.—J. W. Osborne, $1,337.
Perry, John—W. E. Howard, $1,652.
Thome, Fred C.—B. C. Swift & Sons, $453.

Eagle Almanac for 1914 is Now Out.

The Eagle Almanac for 1914, published by The Brooklyn Eagle is now on the market. Its publication was delayed in order that it might include the latest national, State, and municipal appointments. The book, which has 700 pages, records therefore, all the recent changes in official life. It also includes street directories for Manhattan, Brooklyn, the Bronx, and Queens.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ABERDEEN.—A. & J. Rubel Co.; A. Rubel, Jr., notions, sporting goods, ready-to-wear; McAlpin.
ABERDEEN, S. D.—New York Store; S. Salinsky, ready to wear; 170 5th Av.
ABERDEEN—New York Store S. Salinsky; women's ready-to-wear; 170 5th Av.
ATLANTA—J. Regenstein & Co.; M. H. Regenstein, fancy goods; Aberdeen.
BALTIMORE—Jahn, Cohens Co.; A. M. Goldsmith, clothing; York.
BEAUMONT, Texas.—Rosenthal Dry Goods Co.; J. Rosenthal, notions; M. G. Muse, cloaks; 29 W. 32d.
BOSTON—W. Filene's Sons Co.; Mrs. M. L. Jackson, waists Miss Buckley, leather goods; 116 W. 32d.
CEDAR RAPIDS—C. Denecke; M. Mericek, crockery, toys; 320 Church.
CHICAGO—Chicago Mercantile Co.; T. J. Phelan, untrimmed hats; A. J. Trick, model hats; 621 B'way.
CHATTANOOGA—D. B. Loveman & Co.; W. M. Sparbore, general mdse; 148 W. 23d; Cumberland.
CHICAGO—Worl Emperium Millinery Co.; J. Candau, millinery; 621 B'way; Cumberland.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; J. C. Rogers, buttons, trimmings; 115 Worth.
CHICAGO—J. Ascher Co.; O. B. Tennis, flowers, feathers; 621 B'way.
CHICAGO—Siegel-Roebuck & Co.; A. F. Murkland, books, glassware; 438 B'way.
CLEVELAND—Root & McBride Co.; S. M. Bond, prints; 72 Leonard.
DALLAS—William Frank Bros.; C. C. Millington, toys; 19 E. 24th.
DEADWOOD, S. D.—I. Salinsky; ladies' ready to wear; 170 5th Av.
DEADWOOD, D.—I. Salinsky; women's ready-to-wear; 170 5th Av.
DENVER—Daniels & Fisher Stores Co.; J. Slaughter, linens, blankets; 71 West 23d.
DES MOINES—Wilkins Bros. Co.; F. B. Dallas, cloaks, suits, waists; 353 4th Av.
DETROIT—Crowley-Milner Co.; Mrs. Jenkins, cloaks, dresses; 20 W. 22d.
ELLENVILLE, N. Y.—Cox Brothers; F. B. Cox, furnishing goods; Grand.
FORT WORTH, Texas—Burton Dry Goods Co.; J. W. Wyse, notions, jewelry; 239 4 Av.; Collingwood.
FORT WORTH—

SERVICE

which is a real value to an investor is the kind of service our Statistical Department offers.

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71 Broadway New York

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of its class in this country INCREASED IN TWO YEARS its gross and net earnings about 30 and 25%, respectively, while its first mortgage bonds declined 10%, owing to the general depression.

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and offers excellent opportunities for enhancement in value,
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High Grade Municipal Bonds
Yielding from
4.15% to 4.75%
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices React Further — French Bank Rate Reduced to 3½%; English Rate at 3%.

Reaction continued on the Stock Exchange yesterday despite a good deal of excellent news. Much of this had its origin in Europe, where striking evidence was afforded of the improved state of the financial markets. Somewhat earlier than had generally been expected the Bank of France reduced its discount rate from 4 per cent. to 3½ per cent., a reduction which in any event would have probably been only a question of a short time in view of the sharp cut which was made yesterday in the rate of the Bank of England. That institution for the third time this month lowered its rate, on this occasion to 3 per cent. the lowest figure at which the English Bank rate has stood since August 1912.

A reduction in the open market rate in Paris to 3¼ per cent. and a drop at London to 2¼ per cent., with as low a rate as 2 per cent quoted for bills to arrive, were natural enough sequels to the simultaneous lowering of the French and English official rates. An abrupt advance in British consols which carried them up to 76¼, a full half per cent. above the highest price touched in 1913, and the successful flotation of the $100,000,000 issue of Prussian 4 per cent. bonds were among the other contributions which the day's European advices made to the favorable budget of financial news. Under the circumstances it was not surprising that Europe was a buyer of stocks here, and the foreign orders did in fact reach a considerable volume.

The explanation of the decline in stocks despite a considerable amount of good news, and notwithstanding the support which our market had from abroad, lay, no doubt, in the fact that profit taking induced by the recent advance had developed to a volume in which it fairly well balanced the public demand for stocks, and that this in turn encouraged professional selling. Yesterday's movement of prices was indeed in keeping with the tendency which was manifested in the market on Wednesday and to a less extent in the late trading of the previous day. Viewed in this light there was no direct connection between the news developments of the day and the course of Stock Exchange quotations. The previous advance had anticipated good news of the kind which is now coming to hand and this fact removed any apparent contradiction between current financial events outside of the Stock Exchange and the course of prices within.

Our own money market did not lack outward reflection of the continuance of conditions favoring lower rates. Some sixty and ninety day commercial bills were discounted at 3¾ per cent. and even as low as 3½ per cent. Under the conditions which now prevail we could without any trouble supply more gold to France. The indications were that Paris would now draw on London for gold, although another shipment from this side already tentatively arranged may be carried through.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Bertram H. Borden and Herbert Parsons have been elected Directors of the Mortgage-Bond Company.

Palen Nelson has been elected a member of the New York Stock Exchange, and S. L. Cromwell a member of the Committee on Admissions. These seats have been posted for transfer: Charles B. Ketcham to R. Tracy Faik, Thomas H. Kerr, deceased, to Edward A. Sierck; Frederick W. Brown to Walter H. Mickens.

To-morrow is the last day for the deposit of Minneapolis and St. Louis notes with Speyer & Co. for extension for two years at 6 per cent.

International Agricultural Company stockholders have elected John J. Watson, Jr., Vice President and Treasurer and J. R. Floyd Secretary and Assistant Treasurer, succeeding T. C. Meadows and John W. Fry.

Oscar Stiner has been elected Vice President and Director, and Maximilian Morgenthau, Jr., a Director of the East River National Bank.

Fisk & Robinson are offering Gulf & Ship Island Railroad Company first refunding and terminal 5s, to yield 5½ per cent.

Stuart H. Patterson, who is associated with the Guaranty Trust Company, has been elected a Director of the International Steam Pump Company.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ren'l.
On call	2	1½	1¾	1⅞
A year ago	3	2½	2½	3
Since Jan. 1	10	1½	..	..
Same period, 1913.	5	2¼	..	..

	60 days.	4 mos.	6 mos.
On time	2½@2¾	3@3¼	3½@3¾
Commercial paper (prime bills)	4	4¼@4½	..

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Clearings	$382,443,017	$23,910,863
Sub-Treasury debit balance		$468,109

Banks lost since Friday, $5,034,000.

Rates Abroad.

	Discount.	Money	Check on London.
Berlin	2½	1	20 m 46½ pf
Paris	3¼	2½	25 f 18 c
London	2¼@2½	1¼@1½	..

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

The range for demand sterling was:

	High	Low	Last
Yesterday	$4.8595	$4.8585	$4.8590
A year ago	4.8750	4.8740	4.8740
A year ago	4.8765	4.8750	4.8750
Since Jan. 1	4.8695	4.8595	..
Same period 1913..	4.8780	4.8570	.....

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

	Demand.	Cable.
London	$4.8590	$4.8615
Paris	5.18⅝–1.64	5.18¾+1-32
Berlin	.94 15-16	95–1.64
Switzerland	5.18⅜–1.64	5.18⅝+1-32
Holland	40.25	40.28
Belgium	5.21¼–1-64	5.21⅞–1-32

Bankers' Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.84	$4.83
Paris	5.21¼	5.22½–1-16
Berlin	94½–1-32	94 3-16

Commercial Time Bills.

	60 days.	90 days.
London	$4.8250	$4.8250
Paris	5.21⅞	5.23¼
Berlin	94⅜–1-32	94 1-16
Amsterdam	39.95	39.80

Domestic Rates.

Rates on New York were:

	Prem.		Prem.
Chicago	25c	San Francisco	50c
St. Louis	Par	Montreal	62½c
Boston	Par	St. Paul	15c

BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.

London, 26 9-16d per ounce, off 1-16d; New York, 57½c, off ⅛c.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s, March, 1963	104¾	104⅞	105	105¼
4½s, May, 1957	105¼	105½	105¼	105½
4½s, Nov., 1957	105	105½	105¼	105½
4½s, May, 1917	101½	102¼	101¾	..
4½s, Nov., 1917	101½	102¼	101¾	..
4½s, March, 1930-'60	101½	101¾	101½	102
4½s, March, 1962	100¼	100⅝	100¼	100⅝
4½s, Sept., 1960	100¼	100⅝	100¼	100⅝
4s, May, 1959	97½	97¾	97	97½
4s, Nov., 1958	97½	97¾	97	97½
4s, May, 1957	97½	97¾	97	97½
4s, Nov., 1956	95½	96¼	95½	96¼
4s, Nov., 1955	95¾	96¼	95½	96¼
4s, Nov., 1936	96	..	95½	..
4s, 1916-1919	98½	100	98½	100
3½s, Nov., 1961-5	85¾	86	85¾	86
3½s, May, 1954	85¾	86	85¾	86
3½s, 1950-1954	84¾	85¾	84¾	85¾

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Receipts and expenditures:

	Jan. 28.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,058,011	$20,626,850	$179,234,769
Int. rev. ord.	835,486	21,604,026	185,705,153
Corp. tax...	35,488	264,045	3,092,652
Miscellaneous	110,972	5,309,113	30,990,738
Total rec'ts..	2,039,968	47,824,035	398,988,315
Expenditures.	3,126,382	55,081,482	419,006,110
Deficit	1,086,414	7,257,447	20,612,794

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Dividend on Pressed Steel.

In view of the depressed conditions existing in the steel trade in recent weeks, and the absence of railroad buying as pointed out by trade authorities, announcement yesterday of the resumption of payments on Pressed Steel Car Company's common stock aroused a great deal of interest in the financial district. Pressed Steel common stock has not received a dividend since 1904, but the recent behavior of the stock indicated that some buyers at least suspected an early declaration. The board met late Wednesday afternoon and declared 3 per cent. for the common, to be distributed in four quarterly payments. The news brought about an advance of 3¼ points yesterday, carrying the price to a new high level for three years. The order placed by the Union Pacific a few weeks ago, for 5,000 cars was the first large contract placed by the railroads since last Summer, but the Pressed Steel Company has had a successful year, nevertheless. In a statement given out after the meeting it was said that "while net earnings for 1913, as will be shown by the annual report, would seem to indicate that a larger dividend might be declared on the common stock, the Directors felt that a conservative policy is the correct one to pursue."

***

A Wide Investment Demand.

Investment bankers say that the bond market has fallen into something of its old apathy, not for lack of buying power, but because there has been a scarcity of new offerings to whet the investor's appetite. There is said to be a very good demand for bonds at a slight concession from prevailing prices, or for any new issues offered on an attractive basis. The St. Paul management decided at a protracted meeting yesterday to replenish the treasury for expenditures by the sale of $10,000,000 of its 4½ per cent. bonds in its treasury. These were placed with Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and the National City Bank. The Consolidated Gas Company is expected to announce next week plans for taking up its notes maturing at the end of February.

***

Rumelys Find New Low Level.

Both of the M. Rumely issues established new low records yesterday, the common breaking to 11⅞ and the preferred to 28½. These prices compare with 14 for the common and 33 for the preferred, the lowest quotations made last year. At the end of the session the common stock had a net loss of 3½ points, and the preferred a loss of 6⅝. The sudden return to weakness in the stocks called attention to a protracted meeting of the recently formed noteholders' committee, which was in session most of the day at the United States Mortgage and Trust Company. The committee has asked holders of the two-year convertible notes, which fall due March 1, 1915, to agree voluntarily to an extension of three years. The purpose of this is to relieve the company of the necessity of providing for the maturity of $10,000,000 of obligations until it can get its readjustment completed. It is understood that bankers are willing to provide the company with working capital if it can get the notes dated ahead three years. The noteholders' committee would make no statement at the conclusion of the meeting.

A Successful Prussian Loan.

International bankers in this city were pleased yesterday by the receipt of cable messages announcing that the large issue of Prussian Treasury bonds offered in Berlin had been oversubscribed about ten times. Prussia had met with such poor success in other offerings of late that determined efforts were made to insure the success of this one. The total maount of bonds sold was $100,000,000, but of these the usual syndicate of banks took $10,000,000, leaving $90,000,000 for subscription at 97 per cent. The whole issue is divided into sixteen series of $6,250,000 each, and one series will be drawn for repayment each year at par. The first drawing will take place in October of this year, so that the holders of bonds of this series will get a premium of 3 per cent. within eight months.

Popularizing Government Bonds.

The Prussian authorities, in announcing the terms of the new issue, admitted practically the failure of the Imperial and Prussian funded issues of last Summer. They attributed the attitude of the public toward these offerings to its dislike of the falling prices of Government loans, a condition that has been world-wide. The Prussian State Bank, in announcing the new securities, called attention to the offsetting fact that Government bonds suffer in common with, but perhaps less than, other securities paying a fixed rate of interest. Nevertheless, it was realized that the situation must be taken into account to invite public support, and the new issue, while involving considerable sacrifices on the part of the treasury, was made in such a way as to protect the investor against a fall in price and to insure him a certain gain of 3 per cent. within an average period of eight years. Taking the gambling chance of the drawing into consideration, the bank calculated that yesterday's bonds would return the buyer 4½ per cent. To get the small investor interested, denominations as small as $25 were sold.

MUTUAL LIFE REPORT.

$63,757,992 Paid Out In 1913—$165,124,000 in New Insurance.

The Mutual Life of New York reports that in 1913 it paid to policy holders and their beneficiaries in death claims, matured endowments, and dividends, $63,757,992. This was nearly $1,250,000 for every week in the year. The payments exceeded the amount received directly from policy holders by $5,271,000.

For 1914 the company has appropriated $18,075,000 for dividends, or 32 per cent. of the premium income of last year. The new insurance paid for last year amounted to $165,124,000, an increase over the previous year of $8,056,554. Insurance in force at the close of the year was $1,598,468,000, a net gain of $47,678,000. The funds are kept so closely invested that at the end of 1913 the cash on hand was only $2,245,000, or about the average income for a week and a half.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con.	.02	Julia	.02
Andes	.03	Kentucky Con.	.04
Belcher	.40	Mexican	1.10
Best & Belcher	.05	Occidental Con.	.06
Caledonia	1.20	Ophir	.20
Challenge Con.	.10	Potosi	.01
Chollar	.02	Savage	.07
Confidence	.85	Sep. Belcher	.07
Con. Cal. & Va.	.16	Sierra Nevada	.07
Con. Imperial	.02	Union Con.	.09
Crown Point	.35	Utah Con.	.05
Gould & Curry	.03	Yellow Jacket	.38
Hale & Norcross	.07		

TONOPAH.

Jim Butler	.95	D'field Daisy	.03
McNamara	.11	D'field Bl. B.	.07
Midway	.40	Florence	.62
Mizpah Exten.	.39	G'field Con. M.	1.60
North Star	.41	G'field Merger	.13
Rescue Eula	.12	Jumbo Exten	.32
Tonopah Exten.	1.92½	Lone Star	.02
Tonopah Merger	.66	Silver Pick	.07
West End	1.47½	Vernal	.04
		Nevada Hills	.42
GOLDFIELD.		Round Mountain	.40
Atlanta	.18	MANHATTAN.	
Booth	.03	Manhattan Con.	.04
C. O. D.	.04	Man. Dig Four	.13
Comb. Fract.	.12		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid	Asked.
Dr. J'pot.	6¼	6¾	Jackpot	5½	6
Elkton	50½	51½	McKinney	56¾	60
El Paso	250	275	Old Gold	..	2¼
Findlay	..	..	Portland	103	105
Gold Dol.	5½	7	Vindicator	82	83½
Isabella	9¾	10¾	R. B. H.	3	4½

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Sharp Advances in Some of the Oil Shares the Particular Feature.

Advances of 25 points in Standard Oil of Indiana and of 14 points in Prairie Oil & Gas was the conspicuous feature of the Curb trading yesterday. Smaller changes occurred elsewhere in the group, with the advances and declines about evenly divided. In the industrial list United Cigar Stores was fairly active, but closed half a point lower. Willys Overland also lost that amount. Kelly Springfield Tire made a gain of two points.

Transactions reported were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Burns Bros.	50	50	50	50
400	Br.-Am. Tob.	23	23	22	23
100	B. M. T. new	23½	23½	23½	23¾
200	Houston Oil	16¾	16⅞	16¾	16⅞
75	Kel. Sp. Tire	57	59	57	59
450	Int. R. T. ctfs	10	10	9½	10
20	Man. Transit	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
500	Mar. of Am.	5¾	5¾	5¾	5⅞
200	Maxwell Mot.	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
110	M. M. 1st pf.	27¼	27¼	27¼	27½
100	M. M. 2d pf.	8½	8½	8½	8½
3,000	Mays Oil	20	24	20	24
410	P. Sm. & Rfg	2½	2⅝	2⅜	2½
2,500	Riker-Heg.	7⅝	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞
100	Tob. Prod. pf.	85½	85½	85½	85½
2,000	U. C. St. Co. of Am.	95⅞	95⅞	95	95
51	U. C. St. Co. of Am. pf.	114	114½	114	114½
100	Willys Over.	63	63	63	63

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

1,000	Anglo-Am. Oil, new	14⅞	15	14⅞	15
30	Atl. Refining	..	817	805	812
125	Buckeye P. L.	..	180	176	180
25	Continental Oil	..	227	225	227
14	Crescent P. L.	..	61	60	60
25	Indiana P. L.	..	143	143	143
475	Nat. Transit	..	46	44	45
150	N. Y. P. L.	..	129	126	127
200	Ohio Oil	..	159	157	158
20	Pierce Oil	..	91	91	91
175	Pris. O. & G.	..	473	455	469
120	South Penn O.	..	337	329	332
125	South. P. L.	..	255	252	253
165	St. Oil of Cal.	..	286	281	282
75	St. Oil of Ind.	..	500	470	493
24	St. Oil of Ky., new	..	230	225	229
250	St. O. of N. J.	..	427	418	421
100	St. O. of N. Y.	..	184	182	183
35	St. Oil of O.	..	375	375	375
40	Swan & F. Co	..	302	290	294
130	Union T. L.	..	98	96	97
75	Vacuum Oil	..	213	211	211
100	Washing. Oil	..	60	59	59

Note—Late Wednesday 3 shares South Penn Oil sold at 323.

RAILROAD.

200	Un. Pac. rts.	29¼	29¼	29¼	29¼

MINING STOCKS.

100	Atlanta	13	18	18	18
3,000	*Big Four	14	14	13	13
1,000	Bost. Mont.	6⅝	6¼	6⅛	6¼
1,000	Braden Cop.	7¾	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
8,000	Br. Col. Cop.	3¾	3⅞	3¼	3½
1,000	Buffalo M.	2	2	1⅞	1⅞
100	Butte-N. Y.	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
1,500	*Can. G. & S.	7	7	7	7
900	*Caribou Cob.	72	72	71	72
1,000	*C. O. D. Con.	4½	4½	4½	4½
500	C. M. C.	2 13-16	2 15-16	2 13-16	2 15-16
5,000	Crown Res.	1 13-16	1 13-16	1¾	1⅞
1,000	*Dia'f. B. B.	3½	3½	3½	3½
1,000	Dome M. Ltd.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
100	First N. C.	3 3-16	3 3-16	3 3-16	3 3-16
3,000	*Florence	70	70	61	61
500	Goldf. Con.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
200	Gr.-Can new	39	39	37½	39
1,000	*Greenwater	6½	7	6½	7
1,000	*Keene Won.	20	20	20	20
600	Kerr Lake	3	3	4⅞	4 15-16
100	La Rose Con.	..	1	1	1
		1 16-16	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16
3,000	M. Big Four	13	14	13	14
250	McKin.-Dar.	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16
1,000	MacNamara	11	11	11	11
200	*Nevada Hills	42	39	39	39
100	*New Utah B.	40	40	40	40
6,000	Nip. Mines Co.	7⅜	7⅝	7	7
2,000	*North Star	43	43	43	43
11,000	*Oro	15	15	13½	14
2,300	St. Sil.-Lead	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
500	Stewart	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
100	Tonopah Ex.	..	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16
7,400	*Ton.-J. Butler	96½	97	95½	95½
7,500	*Ton. Merger	68	70	67	68
100	Ton. Mining	7⅛	7¼	7⅛	7⅛
200	Ton. Mont.	1 3-16	1 7-32	1 3-16	1 7-32
625	Ton. of Nev.	7⅛	7⅛	7	7
200	Tularosa	9-16	9-16	9-16	9-16
1,250	*W. E. Cons.	1½	1 7-16	1½	1 9-16
1,500	*W. E. Exten.	3	4	2	4

BONDS.

$250,000	C. P. 6% n.	102⅜	102⅞	102⅜	102⅞
12,000	N.Y.C. 4½s, 1962	102⅜	102⅝	102 5-16	102 5-16
7,000	N.Y.C. 4½s, 1960	100½	102½	100⅜	100⅜

*Sell cents per share.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil	14⅜	15	14⅜	15¼
Atlantic Refining	808	813	800	210
Borne-Scrymser	300	315	300	315
Buckeye Pipe Line	179	181	179	181
Chesbrough Mfg.	675	685	675	685
Colonial Oil	120	130	120	130
Continental Oil	225	230	225	230
Crescent Pipe Line	58	61	60	63
Cumberland Pipe L.	65	70	65	70
Eureka Pipe Line	337	342	336	342
Galena-Signal Oil	180	182	182	185
Galena-Signal Oil pf.	135	140	135	140
Indiana Pipe Lines	145	146	142	145
National Transit	44	46	43	45
New York Transit	320	325	320	325
Northern Pipe Line	123	126	127	130
Ohio Oil	158	160	158	160
Prairie Oil & Gas	468	473	453	457
Solar Refining	360	370	360	375
Southern Pipe Line	251	254	253	256
South. Penn. Oil	335	338	328	332
S. W. Penn. Pipe L.	251	254	158	162
Standard Oil (Cal.)	281	284	284	286
Standard Oil (Cal) r'ts.	16	17	16½	17⅛
Standard Oil (Ind)	487	491	468	472
Standard Oil (Kan)	470	480	470	480
Standard Oil (Ky)	680	685	680	685
Standard Oil (N.Y.) new	225	230	225	230
Standard Oil (Neb.)	470	480	475	485
Standard Oil (N.J.)	421	423	418	420
Standard Oil (N.Y.)	183	185	182	184
Standard Oil (Ohio)	375	380	375	380
Swan & Finch	295	305	295	305
Union Tank Line	97	99	98	100
Vacuum Oil	211	214	213	216
Washington Oil	60	63	58	62
Waters-Pierce Oil	3,200	..	3,200	..

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Jan. 29. Bid.	Asked.	Jan. 28. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	147	152	145	150
American Cigar pf.	91	93	90	92
Am. Machine & Fdy.	75	85	75	85
British-American	23	23¼	23	23¼
British-Am., new	23	23½	23¼	23¾
Conley Foil	270	290	270	290
Johnson Tin & M.	175	190	175	190
J. S. Young	140	150	140	150
MacAndrews & F.	180	190	180	190
MacAndrews & F pf.	92	102	92	102
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	220	230	225	280
P. R.-Am. 6% scrip	125	135	125	135
R. J. Reynolds	250	260	245	255
R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip	102	103	100	102
Tobacco Products	85	86	85½	86½
United Cigar Stores	94½	95½	95½	95⅝
Un. Cigar Stores pf.	112	115	111	115

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Maturity.	Bid.	Asked.	Yld.
Amal. Copper..5	Mar.15,'15	100½	100⅝	4.45
Am. Locomo..5	July, 1915	99¼	100¼	4.80
Austrian Gov.4½	July '14-'15	99¼	100	4.50
B. & O. con..5	July, 1914	100½	100⅝	3.40
Boston & Me..5	Feb. 3,'14	95	99½	25.00
Boston & Me..6	June 2,'14	92	96	17.00
B'klyn R. T..5	July, 1918	98½	99¼	5.90
Chat. R. & L..5	June, 1915	96	97⅜	7.00
Ches. & Ohio.4½	June, 1914	100	100⅛	3.70
Chi. & W. I..5	Sep. 1915	99½	99⅝	5.15
Chi. El. Rys..5	July, 1914	97½	98¼	10.60
Con. Gas Co..6	Feb.25,'14	100	100¼	3.00
C. I. (M.)..6	May, 1917	95	97	7.00
Erie R. R....6	Apr. 8,'14	100¼	100⅜	3.25
Erie R. R....5	Oct., 1914	100⅜	100⅝	4.00
Erie R. R....5	Apr., 1919	98	99⅜	5.25
Gen. Elec.	April16,'14	3.75%	3.00%	
Gen. Motors..6	Oct., 1915	99⅝	100	6.00
Gen. Rubber..4½	July, 1915	98¾	99	5.25
Hock. Valley..5	Nov., 1914	100⅛	100⅜	3.00
Ill. Central..4½	July, 1914	100¼	100⅜	3.65
Int. & Gt. N.5	Aug., 1914	95¾	96¼	11.75
Int. Harvest..5	Feb.15,'15	100¼	100⅜	4.70
Lac. Steel...5	Mar.,	97	100	7.35
M. K. & T...5	Mar.15,'14	100	100¼	3.00
Mich. Cent..4½	Mar., 1914	100	100¼	3.00
Min. & St. L.6	Feb., 1914	99¾	100	6.00
M., K. & T...5	May, 1915	96½	97	8.00
Mo. Pacific..5	June, 1914	97	97⅛	13.75
M. T. & P...6	Apr., 1915	98½	100	6.00
N.Y.C. & H.R.4½	Mar., 1914	100	100¼	3.00
N.Y.C. & H.R.5	Apr. 21,'14	100¼	100⅜	3.00
N.Y.C. & H.R.5	Sep. 15,'14	100⅜	100⅝	4.00
N.Y.C.&H.R..5	Nov. 5,'14	100⅝	100⅞	4.10
N.Y.C.& H.R.4½	May, 1915	99½	99¾	4.70
N.Y.,N.H.&H.6	May 18,'14	99¾	99⅞	6.75
N.Y. Pacific..3	July 31,'14	100¼	101	4.95
Pac. G. & E..6	June 25,'14	100	100¼	4.80
Seaboard A.L.5	Mar., 1916	99¾	100	5.00
So. Pacific..5	June 15,'14	100⅛	100⅜	3.35
So. Railway..5	Feb., 1916	99½	99⅝	5.00
Sulz. & Sons..6	June, 1916	99⅞	100	6.00
State of Tenn.5	July, 1914	100¼	100⅜	3.90
U.S.S.R.&M..5	Aug., 1914	99½	99¾	4.60
Union Typew.5	Jan. 15,'16	97	98	6.00
United Fruit..6	May, 1917	101¾	102½	5.20
Utah Co.....6	Apr., 1917	99½	100¼	5.85
West. E. & M.6	Aug., 1915	101	101⅜	5.05
Western Md..5	July, 1915	95	95¼	6.15
W'st. Pow.6	July, 1915	97	98⅛	7.90

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

B. & O. eq. tr.	4½	Apr., 1914-23	4.60%	4.45%
C. & N.W. eq. tr.	4½	July, 1914-23	4.60%	4.45%
Erie eq. tr.	..5	Jan., 1914-23	5.05%	4.90%
H. Val. eq. tr.	6	Aug., 1914-23	5.00%	4.60%
Ill. C. eq. tr.	4½	Aug., 1914-23	4.80%	4.45%
N.Y.C.L. eq. tr.	4½	Jan., 1914-28	4.80%	4.65%
Penn. eq. tr.	4½	Apr., 1914-23	4.50%	4.40%
S. A. L. eq. tr.	6	Feb. 15,'14-22	5.05%	4.90%
So. Pac. eq. tr.	4½	Mar., 1914-23	4.60%	4.50%

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	A. C. Line of Conn.	256	256	256
15	Citizens' Bank	43	43	43
500	Fairmont Gas	26	25½	25½
137	Fidelity & Deposit	155	154½	155
745	Houston Oil ctfs.	17	16⅝	17
50	Norfolk Ry. & Light.	24¾	24¾	24¾
200	Penn. Water & Power.	68	68	68
205	United Ry. & Elec.	26¼	26	26

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,985	Alaska	23	22½	22½
50	Allouez	38	37½	37½
350	American Zinc	21	20⅜	20⅞
800	Ariz

WANTED
Central Trust Co.
R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.
R. J. Reynolds Scrip
Weyman & Bruton Scrip
United Cigar Stores Co. Pfd.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, JAN. 29, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales Jan. 29, 1914	459,792
Same day last year	678,570
Total year to date	9,191,018
Same period last year	8,280,637
Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change	71.56 —.52
Same day last year	77.30 +.58

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	72.99	Jan. 23	67.50	Jan. 3
Same period last year	79.10	Jan. 9	75.00	Jan. 17
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10
Range year 1912	85.83	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
22¼	22¾	200	Alaska Gold Mines	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	— ⅛
12¾	13	800	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	12⅞	13⅛	12⅞	13	— ⅛
75	75¼	26,175	Amalgamated Cop	75¼	75⅝	74⅞	74⅞	— ⅛
96	96	100	Am. Agri. Chem. pf	96	96	96	96	...
26¾	27	100	Am. Beet Sugar	26½	26½	26½	26½	— ⅛
33¼	33⅝	14,900	Am. Can	34	34⅛	33¼	33¼	— ⅝
94¾	95	600	Am. Can pf	95⅛	95⅞	94¾	94⅝	— ⅛
49¾	49⅞	1,500	Am. Car & Fdry	50	50⅜	49¾	49⅝	— ⅛
114½	116	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf	115	115	115	115	...
83	84½	18	Am. Coal Products	83¼	83¼	83¼	83¼	...
24¼	25	400	Am. Ice Securities	24¾	24¾	24½	24½	— ⅜
34½	33	3,700	Am. Locomotive	35⅞	36⅛	35	35	— ⅛
100⅜	101	200	Am. Locomotive pf	101¼	101⅝	101¼	101⅜	+ ⅛
49	50	400	Am. Malt pf	50	50	49½	49⅝	— ⅛
68⅝	68½	2,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref	70⅛	70¼	68¼	68¼	— ⅛
102½	103½	200	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	103⅞	103⅞	103	103	— 1
82	84	100	Am. Smelt. S. pf. B	84	84	84	84	— ⅛
163	167½	100	Am. Snuff	167¼	167¼	167⅓	167½	— ⅝
106½	108	400	Am. Sugar Refin	107¼	107¼	107	107	— ⅝
111	114	200	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	112⅞	112⅞	112⅛	112⅛	— ⅜
123⅜	123½	400	Am. Teleph. & Tel	123⅝	123⅝	123⅛	123⅜	— ⅜
246	247	400	Am. Tobacco	248½	248½	246¾	246¾	— 1⅜
104	104⅜	200	Am. Tob. pf., new	104⅝	104⅝	104½	104½	— ⅛
81	83	200	Am. Woolen pf	82½	82½	82	82	— 1
38⅜	38⅞	5,400	Anaconda Cop. Co	37⅛	37⅛	36⅝	36⅞	+ ⅛
42⅞	43⅛	100	Associated Oil	43	43	43	43	— ⅜
98⅞	99¼	2,900	Atch., Top. & S. F	99⅜	99⅜	99	99	— ⅜
122	123	570	Atlantic Coast Line	123	123	122	122	— 2
97⅝	97½	4,500	Baltimore & Ohio	97⅞	98	97¼	97¼	— ½
83	83½	100	Baltimore & O. pf	83⅝	83⅝	83⅜	83⅜	+ ⅛
...	...	5	Bank of Commerce	172	172	172	172	...
35	36	100	Bethlehem Steel	35½	35½	35½	35½	— 1⅜
76¾	77	300	Bethlehem Steel pf	78	78	77	77	— ⅞
90⅞	91	2,500	Brook. Rapid Tran	91¼	91¼	91	91	— ⅛
25¾	23	1,263	California Petrol'm	28	28	26	26	— 2
...	61¾	1,100	California Pet. pf	64	64	62	62¼	— 2½
218	213¾	16,200	Canadian Pacific	212½	213⅞	212¼	213¼	+ 2⅛
90	94	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	92	92	92	92	+ 1
27⅜	27½	600	Central Leather Co	28	28	27½	27½	— ⅛
96	97	200	Cent. Leather Co.pf	97	97	96¾	96¾	— ½
105	106	50	Cent. So. Am. Tel	105	105	105	105	— ⅜
66	66½	3,800	Chesapeake & Ohio	67⅛	67¼	65⅞	66⅛	— ⅜
13¾	14½	200	Chicago Gt. West'n	14	14	13⅝	13⅞	— ⅛
31½	32	500	Chi. Gt. West'n pf	32	32	31¼	31¾	— ⅛
104	104¼	4,020	Chi., Mil. & St. P	105¼	105¼	104	104	— 1⅛
140	141	100	Chi., M. & St. P.pf	140	140	140	140	— 1⅞
132	134	1,300	Chi. & Northwest n	138⅝	138⅝	132½	132½	— 1⅞
40⅜	41	3,500	Chino Copper	41¼	41½	40⅜	40⅝	— ⅞
67	69	50	C., C., C. & St. L.pf	67	67	67	67	— ⅛
31½	32	800	Col. Fuel & Iron	32½	32½	31¾	31¾	— ⅛
61	62	100	Col. & South. 1st pf	61	61	61	61	— 1
135	135½	1,025	Consolidated Gas	136	136	135½	135½	— ⅜
12¼	12⅜	3,300	Corn Products Ref	12⅜	12⅝	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
70	71½	500	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	72	72	71	71	— ⅛
...	...	43	Corn Exchange Bk	211½	211½	211	211	— 1
96¼	96½	200	Deere & Co. pf	96¾	96¾	96½	96½	— 1⅛
17½	18	400	Distillers' Secur	18	18	17⅞	17⅞	...
10⅝	12	200	Dul., S. S. & A. pf	11	11	11	11	...
30⅝	30¾	13,100	Erie	31½	31½	30½	30⅝	— ⅛
48⅞	48½	1,100	Erie 1st pf	48⅞	48⅞	48¼	48¼	— ⅜
38⅜	38¾	300	Erie 2d pf	39⅜	39⅜	38⅝	38⅝	— ⅜
42	44	100	Federal M. & S. pf	42	42	42	42	— 1
175	180	20	General Chemical	177½	177½	177¼	177½	— 1
143½	146	1,400	General Electric	146½	147	146	146	— 1
45¼	47¼	200	General Motors	46⅞	46⅞	46	46	...
84¼	85½	200	General Motors pf	85⅝	85⅝	85¾	85⅝	+ ⅛
21¾	22⅜	700	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	22¾	22⅞	22	22	— ⅛
86	87	100	Goodrich pf.	87	87	87	87	— ⅛
128	128⅜	2,100	Great Northern pf	128¼	128⅝	128	128	— ⅜
36¾	37	1,400	G. N. certs.ore prop	37⅛	37½	36¾	36¾	— ⅛
49⅝	50	600	Guggenheim Explor	50	50⅜	49⅝	49⅝	— ⅛
112½	113	100	Illinois Central	113	113	112¾	112¾	— 1⅛
16⅜	16½	300	Inspiration Copper	16⅜	16⅝	16⅛	16½	+ ⅛
15⅝	15⅞	1,400	Inter.-Met. v. tr.cts	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
61⅞	61¾	1,170	Inter.-Met. pf	61⅞	61¾	61¼	61¼	— ⅛
8	9¼	100	Int. Agricultural	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	— 1
103	103¼	100	Int. Harvester Corp	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	— ⅜
9	9½	200	Int. Paper	9¾	9¾	9½	9½	— ⅛
26¾	27	100	Kan. City Southern	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	— ⅛
19⅞	21	100	Lake Erie & W. pf	20	20	20	20	— ⅛
153⅜	154	4,100	Lehigh Valley	154½	154½	153⅝	153⅝	— ⅛
116	117	100	Liggett & Myers pf	118	118	118	118	— ⅜
85⅝	90	100	Loose-Wiles Bis	85	85	85	85	— 1
164	175	100	Lorillard, (P.) Co	170	170	170	170	...
188¼	189	100	Louis. & Nash	188⅝	188⅝	188⅝	188⅝	— ⅝
65½	66¾	25	May Dept. Stores	65½	65½	65½	65¾	...
62	63	2,800	Mex. Petroleum	65	65	62	62¾	— 1⅜
24	24¼	1,800	Miami Copper	24¼	24¼	24	24	— ⅛
129¾	130¾	500	M., St. P. & S. S. M	130⅝	130⅝	130	130	— ⅛
28	29½	600	Mo., Kan. & Texas	29¼	29¼	28	28¼	— ⅛
27½	27⅝	3,800	Mo. Pacific	27⅞	28⅛	27½	27⅝	+ ⅛
138	140	100	Nash., C. & S. L	140	140	140	140	— 2
131¼	132½	550	Nat. Biscuit Co	133½	133½	132½	132½	— 1½
12½	13	200	Nat. En. & St. Co	13	13	13	13	...
49¾	51	200	Nat. Lead Co	50	50	50	50	— ½
107	110	100	Nat. Lead Co. pf	108¼	108¼	108¼	108¼	+ 2¼
11⅜	12⅝	800	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛
16	16½	300	Nevada Con. Cop	16½	16½	16½	16½	— ⅛
94½	94½	2,400	N. Y. Central	94½	94½	94⅛	94½	— ⅛
73⅝	74	4,400	N. Y., N. H. & H	74⅛	74⅝	73¾	74	— ⅛
20	23¾	700	N. Y., Ont. & W	20	20½	20	20¼	— ⅛
104½	104⅝	2,500	Norf. & Western	104⅝	104⅞	104⅝	104⅝	...
85½	90	50	Norf. & West. pf	88½	88½	88½	88½	...
62	65	160	Nor. Ohio T. & L	64⅝	65	64⅝	65	...
114½	114⅝	3,535	Northern Pacific	115¼	115¾	114⅝	114⅝	— ⅛
25½	26	200	Pacific Mail	26¼	26¼	26	26	— ⅛
29	30½	200	Pacific T. & T	30¼	30¼	30	30	— ⅛
114	114¾	3,700	Penn. R. R.	114⅜	114⅝	114	114	— ⅛
122	122½	1,300	People's Gas, Chi	123	123	122½	122½	— ⅛
21¾	21⅝	500	Pitts. Coal	22¼	22¾	21	21¼	— ⅜
90	90⅝	950	Pitts. Coal pf	91½	91⅞	91	91	...
38⅜	38¾	6,120	Pressed Steel Car	39¼	39¼	38¾	38¾	— ⅛
103	104	100	Pressed St. C. pf	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	+ ⅜
158	160	220	Pullman Co.	158½	158½	158	158	— 1
30	31	400	Railway Steel Sp	30⅞	30⅞	30⅜	30⅝	+ ⅛
18⅝	19	500	Ray Con. Copper	19	19	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅛
168	168½	79,200	Reading	169¼	169¾	168	168	— 1⅛
87	88	200	Reading 1st pf	88	88	88	88	+ ⅛
25	25¼	1,000	Rep. Iron & Steel	25⅝	25⅝	25¼	25¼	— ⅛
87½	88½	200	Rep. Iron & S. pf	89¼	89½	88⅝	88⅝	— ½
13½	13⅝	6,800	Rock Island Co.	14	14¼	13⅝	13⅝	...
20¼	20⅝	4,700	Rock Island Co. pf	21¼	21¼	20⅝	20⅝	...
11½	11⅞	4,500	Rumely, (M.,) Co	15⅝	15⅝	11⅝	12	— 3½
28½	29	1,480	Rumely,(M.,) Co. pf	33	33	28½	28½	— 6⅝
3½	4¼	100	St. L. & San Fran	4	4	4	4	— ⅛
8	8½	100	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	8½	8¼	8¼	8¼	— ⅛
64	66	500	St. L. Southw. pf	65	65	64	64	— 1½
52½	52⅝	1,800	Seab. Air Line pf	53	53	52¼	52½	— ⅜
191	192	450	Sears, Roeb. & Co	193	193	191½	191½	— 2
96⅞	97	26,900	Southern Pacific	97⅞	98¼	96¾	97	— ⅛
...	...	465	So. Pac. t. r. 1st pf	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	— ⅛
...	...	300	So. Pac. t. r. 1st pd	101¼	101¼	101½	101½	— 1½
26	26½	1,900	So. Ry. ext	26¼	26⅝	26	26	— ⅛
82½	82¾	400	So. Ry. pf. ext	83	83	82¾	82¾	— ⅛
34¼	34⅝	430	Tennessee Copper	34⅝	34⅝	34¼	34⅜	— ⅛
143¾	144½	850	Texas Co	145¾	145¾	143⅝	143⅝	— 1⅝
14½	15½	100	Texas & Pacific	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	+ ⅛
90	100	100	Tex Pacific L. T	99	99	99	99	+ 8
41½	41¾	2,150	Third Avenue	42⅜	42⅜	41¼	41¼	— 1¼
6	6¼	1,100	Union B. & P. Co	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	...
160⅜	161⅞	32,900	Union Pacific	161¼	161¼	160⅝	161	— ⅛
84½	85	100	Union Pacific pf	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝	— ⅛
42¾	43	200	United Rys. Inv. pf	43⅜	43⅝	43¼	43¼	+ ⅛
11¾	13½	50	U. S. C. I. P. & F	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	...
55	56	500	U. S. R. & Imp. Co	56½	56½	55½	55½	— 1
50	50½	800	U. S. Rubber	50¼	50¼	50	50	— ¼
64¾	64½	99,485	U. S. Steel	65¼	65½	64¾	64½	— 1⅛
111¾	111⅞	700	U. S. Steel pf	112¾	112¾	111¾	111¾	— 1⅛
53⅜	54	5,500	Utah Copper	54¾	54¾	53⅝	54	+ ⅛
31½	32	700	Va.-Car. Chem	32	32½	31½	31½	— ⅛
3	3½	200	Wabash	3½	3½	3½	3½	— ⅛
9	9¾	900	Wabash pf	10⅜	10⅜	9	9	— 2
63¼	63⅜	200	West. Union Tel	63½	63½	63½	63½	— ¼
69¼	69½	2,700	Westingh. E. & M	70	70	69	69	— 1
20½	23	300	W. & L. E. 1st pf	20½	21	20½	21	+ 1½
9	10	10	W. & L. E. 2d pf	9	9	9	9	...
98½	99	800	Woolw. (F. W.,) Co	99	99	98¾	98¾	— 1¼
115	116	200	Woolworth pf	116	116	116	116	+ ½

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Jan. 29, 1914	$2,908,500
Same day last year	2,745,000
Total year to date	81,951,900
Same period last year	51,982,000
Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change	89.09 —.10
Same day last year	92.13 +.08

	High.		Low.	
This year's range to date	89.36	Jan. 27	86.40	Jan. 3
Same period last year	92.31	Jan. 10	91.86	Jan. 2
Range year 1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18

Panama 3s, reg 10,000 101½
U S 2s, coupon 500 102½
Jap Govt 4½s, sterling loan 6,000 89½
2d Series 500 88
1,000 88½
N Y State 4s, 1961 10,000 100
1962 1,000 100
N Y State 4½s, when issued 154,000 107¾
N Y Canal 4½s, when issued 40,000 107¾
Va 6s def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs 2,000 59
N Y City 4s, 1957 13,000 97⅜
N Y City 4s, 1958 2,000 97
N Y City 4s, 1959 1,000 97¼
5,000 97½
N Y City 3½s, 1954 3,000 85⅜
N Y City 4½s, 1960 1,000 101¼
8,000 101¼
N Y City 4½s, Nov, 1957 1,000s10f 103⅜
2,000 103⅝
1,000 105½
N Y City 4½s, 1963 40,000 105
24,000 104⅞
Adams Exp 4s 500 78½
500 78¼
500 78⅛
1,000 80¼
2,000 80⅜
Alb & Susq 3½s 5,000 86½
Am Agl Chem conv 5s 1,000 100⅜
6,000 101
Am Cotton Oil 5s 15,000 91⅝
1,000 91½
Am Ice Secur 6s 25,000 81
1,000 81½
Am Sm Secur 6s 2,000 104⅞
Am T & T cv 4s 1,000 97¼
1,000 96¾
Am T & T col 4s 17,000 89¼
13,000 89¼
Am T & T conv 4½s 7,000 98⅞
4,000 99
500 99
Am Wr Paper 5s 1,000 75
Ann Arbor 1st 4s 5,000 72
Armour & Co 4½s 11,000 92½
Atch, Top & S Fe gen 4s 1,000 95
500 95½
500 95¾
2,000 95
500 95
2,000 95
adj 4s, stpd 28,000 87½
conv 4s, 1955 18,000 99
1,000 98¾
conv 4s, 1960 1,000 99
5,000 98¾
6,000 98½
At, Top & S F 5s 1,000 101⅝
Atl & Birm 4s 2,000 85½
Atl Coast L 4s 1,000 93½
2,000 94
Atl Coast L, L & N col 4s 7,000 93⅞
7,000 93¾
14,000 94
10,000 93⅝
Balt & Ohio prior lien 3½s 4,000 91½
gold 4s 5,000 94⅜
7,000 94⅝
1,000 94¾
3,000 94⅞
conv 4½s 10,000 98⅞
5,000 99¼
2,000 99¼
500 99½
500 99¼
1,000 99⅜
5,000 99⅜
S W Div 3½s 5,000 90⅞
5,000 90⅝
Beth Steel 5s 1,000 98
Beth Steel 1st & ref 5s 10,000 84⅝
10,000 84½
B'klyn R T 5s, 1915 5,000 98⅞
2,000 99
11,000 98⅞
ref conv 4s 41,000 90⅜
B'klyn Un Elev 1st 5s 3,000 101¼
Can So con 5s, 1,000 103⅝
10,000 103½
Cent Leather 6s 4,000 98¼
5,000 98⅝
1,000 98½
Cent Pac gtd 4s 3,000 98½
5,000s20f 93¼
16,000 93¼
10,000 93¼
25,000 93
Ches & O con 5s 6,000 108½
Ches & O conv 4½s 5,000 84
1,000 83½
5,000 83⅜
3,000 83¾
Chic & Alton 3s 3,000 66
Chic & Alt 3½s 10,000 65½
C, B & Q gen 4s 2,000 92⅜
4,000 92½
7,000 92⅜
Chic, Bur & Qy joint 4s 1,000 97
30,000 96⅜
1,000 96½
5,000 96⅝
20,000 96⅝
1,000 97
Ill Div 3½s 5,000 84⅞
Chic Gt W 4s 1,000 73⅝
1,000 73½
1,000 73¾
4,000 73⅞
6,000 73⅞
3,000 73¾
C, M & St P 4s, 1934 8,000 89¾
Chi, M & St P 5 4½s 1,000 103⅛
5,000 103⅝
1,000 103¾
conv 4½s 11,000 102⅝
10,000 102½
500 102⅝
1,000 103½
500 102⅝
10,000 102⅝
4,000 102½
500 103
4,000 102½
Dubuque 4s 1,000 108¼
Chi, M & St P Term 5s 1,000 100¼
Chi, R I & P gen 4s 1,000 87½
5,000 87¾
5,000 86½
Chi, R I & P Ry ref 4s 1,000 78⅝
8,000 78⅝
1,000s20f 78⅜
5,000 78½
deb 5s 8,000 73⅞
8,000 74
1,000 78⅞
1,000 74
1,000 73⅜
10,000 74
C, R I & P RR 4s 14,000 49
5,000 48⅞
51,000 49
3,000 49¼
1,000 49
1,000 49½
4,000 49½
15,000 49⅝
2,000 49⅜
2,000 49½
25,000 49½
2,000 49⅝
25,000 49⅝
1,000 49½
3,000 49⅜
11,000 49½
6,000 49⅝
1,000 49½
10,000 49½
1,000 49½
10,000 49½
26,000 49
3,000 49½
4,000 49
Chi, St P, M & O deb 5s 5,000 102½
Chi & West Ind 4s 10,000 84½
C, C. C & St L, St L Div 4s 1,000 83½
Col & So 1st 4s 1,000 92¼
Col & So ref & ext 4½s 4,000 93
Del & Hudson deb 4s, 1916 25,000 98⅞
Del & Hudson 1st & ref 4s 6,000 95¼
Den & R G 1st & ref 5s 1,000 72½
1,000 72⅝
3,000 72⅜
Det Edison 5s 2,000 102
Det Unit Ry con 4½s 1,000 75
3,000 75¼
2,000 75½
3,000 75¼
Det River Tunnel 4½s 10,000 96¼
Dist Sec Corp 5s 3,000 85¼
10,000 85
Du P de N Pow 4½s 10,000 88⅝
Erie 1st gen 4s 2,000 75⅝
5,000 75⅝
1,000 75⅝
Erie cv 4s, Series A 31,000 75⅝
Erie cv 4s, Series B 1,000 74½
Ft W & D C 1st 6s 2,000 107
Gen Elec deb 6s 10,000 104
Gen Motors 6s 2,000 99⅞
1,000 108
Granby Con conv 8s Series A 17,000 100
1,000 99⅜
8,000 100
Green Bay & West deb ctfs B 20,000 13
H & Tex C gen 4s 1,000 95½
Hudson Man. N Y & Jersey 1st 5s 2,000 91
2,000 90¾
7,000 91
Hudson & M 1st & ref 5s, Ser A 3,000 91¼
5,000 90¾
10,000 90¼
10,000 90
2,000 90¼
5,000 90
Ill Steel 4½s 10,000 88
10,000 87⅞
Ind Steel 5s 12,000 101
Insp Con Copper conv 6s 5,000 100¼
Inter Met 4½s 5,000 78½
4,000 78⅝
1,000 78½
6,000 78⅝
9,000 78¼
Int Rap Tr 1st & ref 5s 12,000 93⅝
5,000 93⅝
13,000 93⅝
Internat Nav 5s 1,000 76
Kan City Ter 4s 5,000 94½
Kings Co Elev 4s 5,000 83
stamped gtd 2,000 83
Lack Steel 5s, 1915 2,000 97
5,000 96¾
1923 1,000 96
1,000 96½
1950 6,000 78
Laclede Gas Lt of St L 1st 5s 4,000 101⅜
Laclede Gas Lt of St L ref & ext 5s 2,000 99½
L S & M So 4s, 1928 2,000 92⅝
3,000 92¾
1931 1,000 91½
1,000 91⅝
Lehigh Val of N Y gtd 4½s 10,000 100⅝
Ligg & M 5s 4,000 99⅜
1,000 99⅝
Long Isld ref 4s 1,000 90¼
Lorill Co 5s 1,000 99¾
Louis & N unified 4s 8,000 95⅜
10,000 c 96
Louis & N. Atl, R & Cin 4s 11,000 89¾
5,000 89¾
20,000 89½
Louis & Nash & M & M 4½s 1,000 100
Minn & St L 1st & ref 4s 2,000 58½
Mo, K & T 1st 4s 1,000 91½
Mo, K & T 2d 4s 1,000 77
Mo, K & T ext 5s 1,000 97
Mo Pac 1st con 6s 8,000 104⅝
Mo Pac conv 5s 1,000 77
Mo Pac 4s 1,000 65
Nassau Elec R R 4s 2,000 77½
Natl Tube 5s 1,000 99¼
N Y Cent gen 3½s 3,000 84
deb 4s, 1934 1,000 88
L S col 3½s 4,000 81
1,000 81¼
N Y G, E L H & P pur money 4s 8,000 86½
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s 1,000 117⅜
1,000 117
N Y, N H & H conv 3½s 3,000 74
N Y, N H & H non-conv deb 4s, 1956 1,000 80
N Y, Ont & W ref 4s 3,000 86¾
N Y Rys ref 4s 1,000 78⅜
1,000 78¼
3,000 78⅜
5,000 78¼
5,000 78⅛
25,000 78
adj 5s 11,000 60¼
29,000 60¼
5,000 60¼
7,000 60⅛
23,000 60
4,000 60⅛
51,000 60
N Y Tel 4½s 2,000 93
N Y, Westchester & Boston 4½s 5,000 81⅜
Norf So 1st ref 5s, Ser A 1,000 96⅜
Norf & W cv 4½s 4,000 104½
Norf & W div 4s 7,000 91
Nor Pac 4s 5,000 94½
Nor Pac gen 3s 10,000s20f 68
Ore R & N con 4s 10,000 93
Ore S L 1st 6s 1,000 110¼
Ore S L 1st con 5s 3,000 107⅜
Ore S L gtd ref 4s 8,000 92½
Ore-Wash R R & N 1st & ref 4s 2,000 90¼
Oswego & R 2d 5s 1,000 100
Pac T & T 5s 1,000 98⅝
9,000 98½
Penn conv 3½s 19,000 98⅝
1,000 98⅞
31,000 98⅝
Penn 4s, 1948 5,000 100½
People's G & C of Chi ref 5s 10,000 99⅜
20,000 99⅝
Pac & E 1st 4s 8,000 84
Pitts, C, C & St L gtd 4½s, Ser A 1,000 101⅜
Pub Serv Corp skg fd 5s 10,000 91
Reading gen 4s 2,000 94⅜
5,000 94⅝
Ry Steel Spring Int Co 1st 5s 8,000 91⅞
Ray Con 1st 6s 3,000 109
1,000 94⅜
Rep Iron & Steel skg fd 5s, 1940 5,000 92
Rio Gde W 1st 4s 1,000 82
2,000 82½
1,000 82
8,000 85
St L, Iron M & So gen 5s 1,000 c 104½
St L, I M & So, Elyer & G 4s 2,000 80
St L & S F R R ref 4s 15,000 76½
13,000 76
St L & S F R gen 5s 1,000 c 52⅞
tr co ctfs 15,000 52⅞
St L & S F Ry gen 5s 1,000 101
St L S W 1st 4s 1,000 86⅜
con 4s 2,000 77
St L Tran 5s 1,000 68
San An & A P 4s 1,000 83¼
10,000 82½
Seab'd A L ref 4s 10,000 76
adjustment 5s 33,000 79½
1,000 79¾
7,000 79½
28,000 79
1,000 79¼
So Bell T & T 1st 5s 17,000 99
So Pac conv 4s 3,000 91⅜
6,000 91¾
29,000 91⅞
10,000 91⅝
4,000 91⅞
So Pac 1st ref 4s 22,000 92½
2

POLLOCK OUTLINES PRIVATE BANK BILL

Size of Deposits to be Limited and Bankers to be Held Personally Responsible.

SIEGEL CASHIER TESTIFIES

W. H. Porter Draws Distinction Between Big Banking Houses and Small Private Bankers.

William H. Porter, a member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. and formerly President of the Chemical National Bank, told the Senate Banking Committee yesterday that there was a decided distinction between the class of private banks in which the poor deposit their savings and those of the character of his firm. Mr. Porter had been called as a witness in the investigation that the committee is making as a result of the failure of the Siegel stores and bank, with a view to legislation putting them under the supervision of the State Banking Department.

Mr. Porter pointed out that the banks maintained by the department stores or by small bankers on the east side were practically savings banks, while no such functions were performed by the big houses in Wall Street.

Daniel P. Hays, counsel for the committee, asked Mr. Porter to describe the character of the business done by J. P. Morgan & Co.

"We do a general banking and loan business," he replied, "deal in foreign exchange, issue letters of credit, and sell railroad and other bonds. We have not done much underwriting—that is, not in recent years. The purchase and sale of railroad bonds is our principal business."

Mr. Porter explained that the deposits of J. P. Morgan & Co. were mainly those of large corporations, and such individual accounts as they had were of wealthy persons who utilized them for investment purposes. The firm, he said, paid 2 per cent. interest on ordinary deposits and 3 per cent. on time deposits subject to ninety days' notice of withdrawal. He was unable to state off hand the total amount of deposits. The statement filed by the firm with the Pujo Committee in 1912 showed deposits at that time of about $162,000,000.

"What is the average minimum account you carry?" asked Mr. Hays.

No Accounts Below $5,000.

"We have few accounts, I should say, that ever fall below $5,000. A man might have an account with us of $100,000, and on a certain day he might withdraw all but $5,000 of this. The following day he might complete his deals and deposit $250,000. From $5,000 to $10,000 would be the minimum of our accounts. We could not afford to handle accounts of less than $5,000."

Mr. Hays asked if Mr. Porter thought that firms like J. P. Morgan & Co. should be exempt from the supervision that was proposed for private banks. Mr. Porter said he did, and added:

"Firms like ours are not doing business with the class of depositors your committee is seeking to protect. I have been in the banking business for thirty-five years and have had much opportunity to observe conditions in the real private banking business. It is an honorable business, established for many years. There was a time when people preferred to deposit their money with private bankers rather than with incorporated banks, because of the limited liability of the latter. The private banker has established a reputation depending upon his integrity, and should be permitted to continue his business unhindered. Because a few dishonest men become private bankers is no reason why legitimate private bankers should be subject to legislation that would hamper the proper conduct of their business."

Mr. Porter was asked what he meant by "real" bankers, and explained that he referred to firms like J. P. Morgan & Co., Kuhn, Loeb & Co., J. & W. Seligman & Co., Brown Brothers, and a dozen or more others as distinguished from private banks which are actually intended for savings purposes.

Mr. Porter said that he believed the plan under contemplation by the committee for remedying existing evils would be effective. Private bankers, he said, who paid interest on deposits of less than $1,000, and who displayed banking signs on their places of business should be subject to the same supervision as the State banks, although they should not be made to comply with the same requirements.

After the hearing adjourned, Senator Pollock, Chairman of the committee, said he had very definite ideas as to the bill that should be introduced.

"There will be a line of demarcation," he said, "because I don't feel that we should restrict the actions of any of the reputable big business houses which are nominally private bankers. It is the less intelligent depositor who must be protected, and although there will be some restrictions placed on the big bankers, the bill will be made to cover all of the operations of the smaller ones.

"We will place a limit on the size of the deposits and fix a uniform rate of interest. Aside from this we will require that a private banker be responsible personally to a fixed extent. I am quite sure that the bill will be ready for presentation by the end of next week."

Statements Went to Vogel.

Some of the phases of the Siegel failure also were gone over with Frank L. Champion, for nine years cashier of the Siegel Bank. He said that eight years ago Frank E. Vogel, to whom a daily statement of the bank's affairs was made, gave instruction that Mr. Siegel should not be permitted to see any of these statements, and that rarely, if ever, did he have access to any of them. When Mr. Vogel happened to be away the statements were sent to his Secretary, and not to Mr. Siegel. He knew no reason for these instructions beyond the fact that Mr. Vogel was the financial member of the firm and Mr. Siegel the mercantile member.

"The deposits in the Siegel bank," said Mr. Champion, "were distributed among various banks subject to the check of Mr. Siegel or Mr. Vogel. Sometimes we received currency from depositors and paid it over to the various stores. We loaned in a year $1,400,000 to the Simpson Crawford store. When we delivered currency to the different stores we received checks covering the amount, or were instructed to charge it to the stores. John R. Butler, the manager of the Simpson Crawford store, borrowed $6,500 on a note without collateral. During the last week of the bank's existence an envelope containing stock to secure loans made to the stores and deposits on hand was delivered to me.

"The employes of the bank had no intimation of its failure until we were told by the attorneys for Henry Siegel on the night of the crash. For a week before the failure the deposits received were segregated by the instructions of Mr. Siegel, and at 5 o'clock on Dec. 29 I was instructed to give the cash to the receiver.

"There had been some uneasiness among the depositors for six months before the failure. At various times inquiries were made by them, and those who asked me I told not to worry because I believed the bank was on a solid foundation. The withdrawals in December were $100,000, about twice as much as in previous years. Some time before the failure we heard that Mr. Siegel was seeking an extension of credit. The last deposit of currency in other banks was made five months before the failure. Thereafter we used the cash in the bank to meet withdrawals."

William J. Dougherty, who had been assistant cashier, told of delivering various sums to the Siegel stores ranging from $5,000 to $30,000.

Another witness yesterday was Jacob Gimbel of the department store firm and Gimbel Brothers, bankers. He said the Gimbel bank was conducted on such a basis that it was able to pay off every depositor at any time. The deposits were invested in liquid securities, or intrusted to large banks in this city and Philadelphia. Interest was allowed on all deposits of more than a month's standing, and the deposits amounted to about $350,000. Mr. Gimbel said that he was altogether in favor of having the private banks put under the supervision of the State Banking Department.

Jacob Markel of Markel Brothers said his firm had been in business as private bankers and agents for steamship tickets since 1881, and for some time before that under another name. It had deposits of $290,000 on which it paid 4 per cent. interest, handled foreign exchange, and issued letters of credit. Its patrons were of the working class, he said.

He objected to the present law requiring the deposit of 20 per cent. of the deposits with the State Controller or with a surety company in order to obtain the bond required to be filed, inasmuch as it reduced the amount of working capital. The large private bankers, he said, were not required to do this, and he felt that it was a discrimination, and that the provision was unnecessary in any case. Supervision by the Banking Department, he thought, would be all that was needed to protect depositors.

It has not been decided whether further sessions shall be held by the committee. The hearing was held in the chamber of the Board of Aldermen.

INVESTMENTS

$10.....5% Bonds
$100.....6% Bonds
$200.....7% Bond Shares

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The Preferred Stock of the
American Public Utilities Co.
Will net nearly 8%
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Dividends Paid Quarterly.
Write for Earnings Statement.
Kelsey, Brewer & Co.,
Mich. Trust Bldg., Grand Rapids, Mich.

COLUMBIA KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
CAPITAL $2,000,000
SURPLUS $7,000,000

CHARTERED 1864
UNION TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK
80 *BROADWAY.*
Fifth Ave. & 58th St. Fifth Ave. & 60th St
Capital & Surplus $8,300,000.
Allows Interest on Deposits.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.
The Franklin Society 4½%
26th year. Under supervision New York Banking Department. Shares of $10 or more opened on or before January 31st earn from Feb. 1st. Begin now or write for Booklet A. 38 Park Row, New York City.

Notice of Issue and Sale of Warrants

Notice is hereby given of the intention of the Board of Public Instruction for St. Lucie County, Florida, to issue interest-bearing coupon warrants in the aggregate sum of $75,000.00, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on July 1st and January 1st of each year. Said warrants will be dated January 1st, 1914, and will be payable fifteen years after date. One of said warrants will be for $5,000.00, 10 for $1,000 each and 120 for $500 each. Said warrants will be issued for the purpose of constructing and equipping a Public High School Building for the County of St. Lucie, located at Fort Pierce Florida. Said warrants will be issued and sold to the highest bidder for cash at 2 o'clock P. M., on February 3d, 1914. All bids must be accompanied by certified check for $500.00.

For further information, address J. W. Hedge, Secretary Board Public Instruction, Fort Pierce, Florida.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(c) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

H. J. Lucke of N. Y. C. admitted to practice.

214—City of Blackwell, plff. in error, vs. City of Newkirk, et al. Submitted.

226—W. H. Garland, plff. in error, vs. State of Wash'n. Submitted.

227—S. Cov. & Cln. St. Ry Co., plff. in error, vs. Covington et al. Passed, to be restored to the call.

152—Diamond Coal & Coke Co., appel., vs. the U. S. A. Argument continued.

213—S. Schuyler et al., appel., vs. C. E. Littlefield, &c. Argument commenced.

215—Atl. Transport Co. of W. Va., petnr., vs. F. Imbrovek, and 216—Same vs. Maryland to the use of Mary Szcesek, widow, &c. Argument commenced.

Day call for Jan. 30—Nos. 215 (and 216,) 217, 223, 224, 225, 228, 229, 230, 231, and 232.

DISTRICT COURT—Ray, J. (Jury.)
Case on, Cauble<Central Vt. RR.

DISTRICT COURT—Hunt, J. (Equity.)
Case on, Hennessy<Wine Growers. No day calendar.

DISTRICT COURT—Motion calendar. Lacombe, J.

De Lorde<Mgrs Prod. In re McKinnon.
Reinthal & Newman<Shackman.
Same<Same.
Powers<Taft & Pierce
Tannor<C of Ga Ry.
US<Ziegfeld.
Gardner Crusher Co<Allis-Chalmers.
Same<Same.
Dutch W I Mail<Merritt & Chapman.
USACB of NY, NBA.
Crown Cork & Seal Co<Gutman.
Oehring<Gordam.
Schofflacher<Raspe.
Hall<Eastern SS.
Vanblarcom<Strong.
Siegel Stores<Simpson-Crawford.
Keley-Mason<Hangar.
Olsen<CNY.
Mercer<Catherine T. McKinnon<Alab Sec.
Leszcevicz<Holbrook.
Bird Archer Co<Ryder Chappell & Co<Fields.
Noble<Hard & Wood.
Soden<Bates.
Lovell-McConnell<Miller.
Same<Elliott Ramey.
Same<Nat Auto Sup.
Same<Zeisler.
Same<NY Auto Sup.
Same<35% Auto Sup.
Same<Crane & Wag.
Same<Am Auto Sup.
Same<A. T. & S F Ry.
In re F P Glaessel.
In re NY R E Sec.
In re I Himles.
Nathan<Meyer.
Hupfel<Am Surety.
Boston Cond Milk, &c<Sanitary Can.
Schaffert<Erie RR.
Cingecgrana<PennRR.
Schutte<Linder Mach.
Steiff<Gimbel Bros.
Steiff<Strauss.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR.
Fleming<CNY. Packard Co<same.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—Part I.—Giegerich, J.

Litigated motions.
Nichel<CNY.
Schoenmann<Lausser.
N Y Art Pub Co<Master Mind.
Henry Press.
Zimmerman<Zim'man.
Chapman<Nugent.
In re CNY (McG Av).
Laland<Rubin.
Pierrepont<West Elec.
Greenfield<Greenfield.
Preston<Barrich Pub.
Schook<Wilson.
In re Brown (Be Voe).
Gluck<Halleb.
F'klin Un 23<Berry.
Lichtenstein<Borowsk.
Kohn<Cohen.
Rinkewich<W'ster Co.
In re Gt. N. Trad.
Neptune Bathing<NY C. &c.
Lurie<Lurie.
Stabile<Annex Homes.
McDonald<Stern.
Finstone<Gumbinner.
Wacker<Brown Rity & Com.
W A Thomas Co<Rosenbaum.
Same<Spergel.
Sokal<Am Civil Eng.
Evans<Rubber Goods.
Trauner<Bernfeld.
Globe R Bread<Adel.
Master Amus Co<Master Mind.
Scimeca<Sariano.
Wolff<Gillroy.
Lelgh<Mut Bk Man.
Micalino<CNY.
In re Reutler (St Lawrence Av.
In re Turley (Central Brew Co.
Vignola<NY & BD Ex
Francis Co<McKay.
Lewey<Lewey.
In re Camp (Pleasant Av.)
Triangle Waist<Essk Waist.
Baeder<Reed.
Chapman<Nugent.
Jacobson<Jacobson.
Ermen<Thomas.
Hallahan<Hallahan.
Same<same.
Smith<Nuoffler.
Same<Leary.
Thompson<Chasis.
US Trust<Daniel.
O'Gorman<Duval Co.
Keel<Jolson Gifford.
Carmichael<C'michael.
In re Dayton (E 175th St.)
Buchanan<Buchanan.
Brown<Arb & Bast'n.
In re Brook Av.
Edgerton<Palmer.
Kleinman<Kleinman.
Veal<Veal.
Willis<Hot. Le Marq.
Crowe<Mattes.
Copeland<Copeland.
N J T Guar & T Co<Mohr.
Britton<Humphrys.
Taylor Packing<Bolit.
Goddard<Marvel Bak.
In re Gt Trading.
In re Coxe<(Massey).
Weiss<Sonnenschein.
Bachman<Little.
Nichols<Hunt.
Sargent<Sargent.
Greenberg<Levy.
Bastian Bros<Hast'gs.
Stern & Sons<Egner.
Dean<Dean.
Carby Com Co<Gill'm.
Hogan<Hogan.
Wittman<Meng.
La Chicotte<O'Keeffe.
Martucci<Baker.
Siegel<Lebelowsky.
Harris<Gt E Casualty.
Van Brunt<Shaar.
Mueller<North Assn.
In re CNY (N Riv &c).
Kuhn<Kuhn.
Fawcett<Seiff.
Pagliaro<Reid & P. Const.
In re Tiemeyer (Kaufman.)
G'wich Sav Bk<Gersp.
Hudson Iron<Clark.
Pressure Lighting Co<Fensterer.
Pascocello<Nat Chain.
St'd Dist Co<Sturm.
Tafel<Tafel.
Dreyfus<Bulsb & Sons.
Bornstein<Faden.
Pardee<Int'state Auto.
Van Tuyl<Schwab.
Steger & Sons Piano<Mus Courier.
Levine<Essex & L Co.
In re Peiser.
In re Clark.
Martin<G Ringler Co.
Stein<Whitman.
Spinelli<Spinelli.
Dickerson<Sheehy.
Cahn<Morris.
Sherman<De Ryther.
Cosmos Film<Cohen.
Witt<Austro Am SS Co.
Luts<Golden.
People<Milshlak.
Klug<Klug.

PART II.—Seabury, J. Ex parte business.

PART III.—Newburger, J.—Motions.

Undefended divorces:
Wallace<Wallace.
Gozman<Gozman.
Schuhriemen<Schuhrliemen.
Holt<Holt.
Evans<Evans.
Fero<Fero.
Drane<Drane.
Petrillo<Petrillo.
Berkowitz<Berkowitz.
Malin<Malin.
Towner<Stecher.
Branze<Branze.
Widmer<Widmer.
Preferred causes:
Public Bank<London.
Morales<Morales.
Alescio<Alescio.
Bede<Bede.
Sokoloff<Sokoloff.
Flun<Flun.
Smith<Smith.
Lawson<Lawson.
Leon<Leon.
Buchert<Buchert.
Wagner<Wagner.
Harris<Harris.
Meyer<Meyer.
Mullard<Harper.

General calendar:
Orth<Laesche.
Klein<Metz.
Adler<Wilner.
Lesch<Lesch.
Tucker Co<Tucker.
Hannahs<Hammond Type.
Norman<Federal M&S.
Hughes<Stoutenburgh.
Katz<Katz.
Cerussi<Whisten.
Oliver<Calvert.
Doeiger<Tomasulo.
Same<Altschul.
Squires<S. Fitz & Co.
Lebuncy<Carnegie Tr.
Schmid<Neuberger.
Cavallo<Cavallo.
Ashley<Excel Sav Bk.
Darmstadt<Browning.

PART IV., case on; PART V., adjourned for the term; PART VI., case on; PART VII., case on; PART VIII., case on.

PART I. (Criminal Calendar)—Davis, J.

Motion: Anthony Deisco (2.)
Trial calendar: Hans Schmidt.
Case on.

PART II.—Erlanger, J.

Brauer<Lawrence.
Van Vorst<Strong.
Haney<U. V SS Co.
Evans<Smylie.
City Bk of Bayonne<Tollner.
Oatman<Sisson.
Equitable Trust Co<In re CNY (McG Av).
Elfenbein<Knespal.
Bradley<Bowery S Bk.
Case on.

PART III.—Amend. J.

Motions.
Am Vit Conduit<Tower Bros.
Nat F'proof'g Co<same.
Camp Co<same.
Day calendar.
Dayton<3d Av RR.
Felberbaum<UnionRy.
Katz<Fishman.
Gilman<Jones.
Harrison<NY C. &c.
Canto<42d St, &c, RR
Brandik<Smith.
Case on.

PART IV.—Cohalan, S.

Libster<Lewis.
Bagley<CNY.
Cogilo<Bradley Const Co.
Bohanon<Hastings.
Waters<Hay Fdy & Iron Works.
Grasso<Smith Met Bed Co.
Calabrisoto<Postal Tr Service, Inc.
Donohue<NY Ry.
Oehler<Hamburg-Am.
Blum<Hart.
W. Rupp<Steiner.
J. Rupp<same.
Carforte<Ocean C'ster.
Scherer<Int R T.
O'Connor<NY Rys.
Maurice<Winslow.
Gilesman<Richmd Lt & RR.
Clear.

PART V.—Dugro, J.

Case on—Allen<Henry
Case on—Vicchio<Linch

No day calendar.

PART VI.—Gavegan, J.

Sandell<Panama Ry.
Kaskekvitch<Pittsburgh Con Co.
Leonard<Block.
McCaffrey<Haring.
Rella<Cascio.
Murnen<Renard Co.
Zucker<Weisberg.
Petrilla<Rosander.
Fiske<Hatf.
Gottlieb<City Court.
Cribbins<CNY.
Case on.

PART VII.—Delany, J.

Case on—De Carvalho<Brunner.

No day calendar.

PART VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART IX.—Ford, J.

Kenney<Campbell.
Case on.

PART X.—Hasbrouck, J.

Mackey<Dooling.
Case on.

TRIAL TERM—PART XI—Goff, J.

Fagan<Bradley Const. Co.
Alpert<Morris.
Wolkowitz<Blecher Bros.
Loftus<CNY.
Giordano<East Brew.
Case on.

PART XII.—Hendrick, J.

Inquest: Zimmer<Frank<NY, W, &c, RR.
McGetrick<NY Rys.
Shafer<Falke.
Same<same.
McKeon<Sherman.
Same<same.
Freund.
Campo<Gilman.
Schulman<Goldberg.
Gerderick<NY Ry.
Williams<Herald.
Saverese<A T Skerry.
Clear.

PART XIII.—Page, J.

Case on: Cassel<CNY. No day calendar.

PART XIV.—Philbin, J.

Motions at 2 P. M.:
Dowse<NY Yacht, &c.
Gargiulo<Al. &c. Dist.
Maddock<Hartman.
No day calendar.

PART XV.—Whitaker, J.

Inquest—Joseph<De Mauriac.
Cook<Roth.
Scott & Fowler Co.<Wright.
NY St'm<Bradley Con
Tanenblatt<Hamilton Fire Ins. Co.
Case on.

PART XVI.—Donnelly, J.

Case on—Bluemer<Burton, No Day Calendar.

PART XVII.—Pendleton, J.

Case on—Praelzer<Bach Fur. No Day Calendar.

PART XVIII.—Platzek, J.

Augenblick<Israel.
Rogg<Peristein.
Wright<Scott & Fowl.
Cont A Pav<CNY.
Same<same.
Same<same.
Kelly<CNY.
Shay<D, L & W RR.
Dill & Collins Co<Morrisson.
Audit Co of NY<Palm & Singer Mfg.
Richter<Kimmerle.
Seligman<Friedlander.
Paltrowitz<Am Ins, Newark.
Same<Royal Ex Assur
Same<Ger-Am Ins.
Same<Hamburg Brem Fire Ins.
Same—Prus Nat Ins.
Same<Royal Ins.
Rathers<Miller.
Murray Hill Hotel<McDonald.
Guggenheim<Heinze.
Thompson Bros<Phips.
Schlattman<Rodgers.
Goldstein<Roth.
Geyer<Wagner.
Enke<C I & B RR.
Enke<same.
Sajgo<same.
Samuels Co<Austin F Ins.
Same<N Bruns Fire Ins.
Same<Br Am Assur.
Same<Agric'l Ins.
Fairfax<Kline R & I. Case on.

SURROGATES' COURT.

CHAMBERS.—Fowler, S.

Motion calendar.
Solomon Norwalk, A. Kostevitch, Lawrence Odell, Antonio Marcione, Kari Beran, David H. Wilson, Mary F. Tone, A. Kostevitch, William J. Soles, William Rosenthal, James D. Leary, Henry Guttmann, Joel Flax, Louis Plotnick, Mary M. Holmes, Domenica Iaricel, Margaret McNeill, Paolo Viso, Isidor Goldman, Henry P. Doremus, James D. Leary, Mary Walsh, Reuben H. Weaver, S. S. Hirschfeld, Anna Lynch, Isabella E. Kelley, Ida Laguna, Evelyn J. Daly, Gladys M. Daly, Margaret Behr, &c. Bridget Reilly, &c. James S. Morgan, J. O. Von Schmid, Patrick Partlin, Edward Rafter, Hannehen Scheuer, Valentine Cook, Daniel O'Brien, William G. Walter, Joseph Seldenberg, Margaret Millburn, Anna M. T. Blakeman, Jonas Friedland, Mary Fail, Robert Brundrett, Thomas L. Williams, D. E. Van Valkenburgh, W. F. Hildebrand.
Emma A. Hopkins, Johanna R Linsly, Henrietta A. Webb, Dora Topper, Gustav Stau, Paolo Dottore, James L. Perry, Albert Baumann, J. O. Farrington, Harry T. Davis, Paul Carmien, Frank Work, Agatha Mabel, Adolph T. Walter, Bertha Strauss, Andrew J. Phillips, Thomas McMullen, Christina C. Masten, Elizabeth Bennenger, Mary McNamara, Jacob Jacobson, William B. Cutting, Caroline A. Sherman, Theodore Schumacher, William E. Walters, John Mayer, Mary H. Agnew, Gerson Hyman, Caroline Studley, Theodore Schumacher, Thomas Quinn, Thomas Quinn, Sarah Bell, Sarah Bell, George H. Morgan. Wills for probate.
A. E. Wetherstrand, William Travers, Joseph Vesely, Henry Schroeder, John Fox, James Mastin, Henry Benson, Henry Bearhard, David E. Sicher, Phillippina Hoffman, Eliza A Bauham, Wilhelmina Birchall, Cora E. Fredrich, Leonard Cohn, John Fox.
TRIAL TERM.—Cohalan, S. Contested will: Victor M Osborne (2.)

City Court.

PART I.—Schmuck, J.

Gresner<Healey.
Levy<Lawrence.
Seaman<Savoy Hold.
Rafferty<Conroy Bros.
Sedulsky<Ward Bread.
Holtz<Auerbach.
Foyle<Felber Eng W.
La C Auto<Jdorf Auto Same<same.
Wallace<Kestler.
Carpenter<Fraumann.
Sulzbacher<Elec B P.
Dowd<Int R T.
Wilmerding<Baes.
Dutch<Ward.
Rosen<Tremont I W.
Tahl<Leuey.
Harris<US Gr Lodge.
Burns Bros<Burstein.
Williams<Hegeman.
Wear<Koehler.
Hecht<Usita Rity Co.
Feldstein<Sturtz.
Herman Grace Co<Harde R.
Badstettros<Ross
Burke<New Eng Nav.
Reynolds<Levy.
Berkowitz<Gerkin.
Booker<O. Daniels.
Murphy<Linch.
McCarthy<same.
Butler<N Y Edison.
Jonap<H. H. Stephens T.
Stoltz<Ft. Wash C.
Levine<Faer.
O'Neill<Lee.
Pearlman<Levy.
Mullaney<Merrill.
Beler<Colbert
Halle<Goldstone.
Cohen<Kurz.
Hoffman<NY Rys.
Meikel<same.
Duffy<same.
Zakian<Shamie.
Davenport<Whitridge.
Bohrich<Kane.
Walpin<same.
Cohen<Siegel.
Tofts<Littlefield.
Murphy Lumber<Lang Con.
Magaldi Co<Armannio
Birkimora<Rosdof Co.
Hecht<Usita Rity Co.
Oldmer<Goldenburg.
Jacoby<Silverman.
Kammel<Dreyfus.
Tomaszewski<Murray.
Martin<Hillard
Fuchs<Hamel.
Epstein<Stengler.
Thompson<Pitts.
Finkelstein<Selwitz.
Simon<Int R T.
Same<same.
Case on.

PART II.—Green, J.

Warnick<Am A News.
Fishbein<Define Raincoat Co.
Plush<Horowitz.
Kushner<Cohn.
Freedman<P. S. Purchasing & D. Assn.
Jaro<Harris.
Bronson<Berryman.
Breslin<Gladstone.
Universal M T Co<Ayres.
Wallace<Bunn.
Brown<Levinson.
Same<Same.
Bloch<Adrian.
Clear.
Brown<Levinson.
Kobre<Edelstein.
Same<Same.
Remick<I I Baron Co.
Paley<Evans.
Prout<Gotham Const.
Same<Same.
Brown<Levinson.
Strauss<Morris P Est.
Cowen<Cronin.
Jonas<Charlton.
Hillman<Park Av.
Hochman<Becker.
Nat Surety Co<Helm.
Randle<Keystone Mat.
Realty Service Co<Hansen.
Clear.

PART III., case on; Part IV., case on; Part V., clear; Part VI., clear; Part VII., case on; Part VIII., case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—In re Siegel—Richard J. Keating, Toner v. Toney—Percival H. Gregory. Seabury, J.—McLure v. Ionic R. & C. Co.—William Steele Grey. Marsh v. Robinson—John H. Rogan.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Seabury, J.—Shelford Estates v. Maurice Martens—John Z. Lowe, Jr. Anne Kaplan v. Max Sulken—E. Crosby Kindelberger.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part III.—Trials—Scudder, J.—Issues of law.

Missimer<Johnson.
George<Johnson.
Greene<Karp.
Sweeney<U E R R.
Bertani<Flamler.
Sugerman<Sugerman.
Barr<Hitchings et al.
Issues of fact.
Noonan<Wallace.
Gordon<Gordon.
Setteducati<Setteducati.
Ellman<Slater.
Seiler<McGregor.
Green<Graf.
Oestreich<Oestreich.
Baumann<Baumann.
Trommer<Trommer.
McDermott<CNY.
Neal<Neal.
Ithell<Malone.
Bail<Garvey.
Moore.
Burnett<Burnett.
Heaveihan<Blyman.
Cavanagh<Cavanagh.
Manfre<Manfre.
Hawley<Benetson.
Rel Firep't D<CNY.
U S Trust<Kohl.
Welsman<Welsman.

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day.

Jung<Boerum.
Stemm<Stemm.
Anderson<Dodd.
Bklyn Stirrified Tile<Howden.
Felino<Felino.
Young<Stiegler.
Landes<Fitzgerald.
Drake<Dime Sav Bk.
Poehner<S'dale Rity.
Rutzay<Schneider.
Miller<Basem.
Chateauneuf<Chateauneuf.
Bassler<Sergovard.
Woodworth<De Moya.
Singer<Shames.
Holler<Holler, &c.
Wright<Wright.
Parshelsky Bros<Isl View.
Schaefer<Busse.
Brunguone<Brunguone
Hartman<Hartman.
Stark<Stark.
Hemmingway<Craven.
Davis<Seaward.
Gold<Guttenberg.
Rudd<Krummenacker.
Rosenberg<Walkowitz
Wiesner<Tredel.
Hottenstein<Hottenstein.
Schnibbe<Hauch Mfg.
Jerome Rity<B'klin Bk
Kane<Kane.
Morgan<Morgan.
Siegel Cont<Goldfarb.
McGarry<McGarry.

Highest No. reached, 705.

SPECIAL TERM.—Scudder, J. Litigated motions.

In re Skillman Av, (Cava.)
In re same, (Labriola.)
In re same, (Spiezir.)
In re Skillman Av, (Vanetta.)
Cassidy<Ryan et al.
Harris<Mayer.
In re Union St.
Pines<Pidull et al.
Wisnlewsky<Smith.
Reser<Roser.
Burns<Moran & ano.
Westphal<Feldmark.
Rowland<AbGoldRity.
Gair<Anthony.
Simmons<Callaghan & ano.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

The grain markets showed strength in the early trading, but developed an easier tone at the close, wheat declining ⅛ to ¼c. and corn ⅝ to ¾c. Oats were net unchanged to ⅛c. lower. Cotton closed steady at a net decline of 3 to 10 points. Provisions and cottonseed Oil were firm.

WHEAT.

The domestic situation in the wheat market was more in favor of holders and prices early in the day were firmer, advancing about ⅝c and making new high records for the movement. Receipts at interior points were smaller, and it was said that the country was not selling freely. The cash demand was not active, but Minneapolis reported a fair trade and The Northwestern Miller said that flour sales during the past week had increased as a result of the firmness in wheat. The demand at no time was aggressive, and late in the day prices were easier, declining ⅝ to ¾c from the top and closing at a net loss of ⅛ to ¼c.

A Southwestern authority said that Kansas mills have the usual stock of wheat on hand and that the crop prospects are still favorable, as the crop is in a better position to stand freezing weather than it was earlier in the season. In the local cash market No. 2 red Winter wheat was quoted at $1.01½, elevator; No. 2 hard Winter, 99½c, cost, insurance, freight, to arrive; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.06, free on board; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.01⅝, free on board.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	$1.00⅝	$1.00 5-16	$1.00 5-16	$1.00⅝	99¼
July	....	....	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛

CHICAGO PRICES.

May	94¼	93⅛	93⅝	93⅞	93⅛
July	89⅝	89	89⅛	89¼	90⅜

CORN.

The corn market was feverish, owing to aggressive operations on the selling side by large operators, who led the advance on Wednesday, and on account of conflicting reports from the Argentina regarding the crop there. At one time the active positions were ¾c. above the previous close, but late in the day the market was easy, closing at net losses of ⅝ to ¾c. Argentina was still offering corn here, and notwithstanding predictions of smaller receipts it was estimated that Chicago will have 265 cars to-day. In the local cash market No. 3 yellow corn was quoted at 71¾c. c. i. f. to arrive.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	63⅜	63	63¾	....	....
May	67⅛	66⅞	66⅞	67⅛	51⅛
July	66⅜	65⅝	65⅞	66⅜	52⅜

OATS.

A very steady undertone prevailed in the oats market, but after showing gains of ⅜c early on buying by commission houses, prices gave way late, in sympathy with corn, and closed net unchanged to ⅛c lower. The local cash market was quiet; standard white quoted at 44½c to 45c; No. 2, 45c to 45⅛c; No. 3, 44c to 44½c; No. 4, 43½c to 44c; ordinary clipped white, 44c to 46c; fancy clipped white, 45c to 47c, all elevator.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Oats—May	40⅜	39⅞	39⅞	40	33⅛
July	40	39½	39⅝	39⅝	34

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was moderately active and prices were firmer on scattered buying by commission houses as well as by packers, and influenced by smaller receipts of live hogs, although the hog market was only about steady. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 22,000, estimated for Friday 15,000; Kansas City received 5,000 and Omaha 9,800.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—January	10.82	10.75	10.80	10.72	....
May	11.20	11.10	11.20	11.07	10.25
Ribs—January	11.32	11.22	11.32	11.22	....
May	11.67	11.60	11.65	11.57	10.27
Pork—January	....	....	21.50	21.40	....
May	21.72	21.60	21.67	21.55	19.17

COTTONSEED OIL.

Trading in the cottonseed oil market was inactive, but the undertone was steadier, and final prices were 5 to 8 points net higher. The upturn in lard had a stimulating influence. Tenders on February contracts were not as large as expected, amounting to only about 1,700 barrels.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	....	....	7.05@7.20	7.00
January	....	....	....@....	7.00
February	....	....	7.12@7.20	7.07
March	7.20	7.14	7.21@7.22	7.15
April	....	....	7.28@7.35	7.22
May	7.39	7.34	7.39@7.40	7.33
June	....	....	7.48@7.54	7.40
July	7.59	7.51	7.59@7.60	7.51
August	....	....	7.71@7.73	7.63
September	7.70	7.69	7.75@7.73	....

COTTON.

The cotton market was lower yesterday under scattering liquidation, which seemed to be mostly inspired by report of slackening spot demand in the South. The market closed steady at a net decline of 3 to 10 points, active positions being generally 7 to 8 points lower.

The market showed a fairly steady tone at the start. After opening steady at a decline of 2 points to an advance of 1 point, prices sold about 4 to 6 points net higher, on a scattering demand, which may have been encouraged by continued full spot sales in the English market, fairly steady cables, and talk of favorable general trade prospects. Houses with Liverpool connections were sellers on the advance, however, while there was also considerable selling from local and Southern sources, under which prices soon weakened. The foreign selling tapered off after the close of English market, but only slight rallies occurred, and the market reached the lowest level in the late trading.

Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were unchanged to ⅛c. lower, and smaller sales were reported in several of the leading centres.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 5 points lower, at 12.85 for middling uplland; sales, 763 bales; delivered on contract, 1,200 bales.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	12.26	12.15	12.16@12.17	12.22
February	....	....	12.18@12.20	12.24
March	12.49	12.37	12.37@12.39	12.44
April	....	....	12.23@12.25	12.30
May	12.28	12.16	12.17@12.18	12.24
June	12.21	12.21	12.12@12.15	12.19
July	12.24	12.10	12.11@12.12	12.18
August	12.00	11.86	11.87@11.88	11.97
September	....	....	11.55@11.56	11.58
October	11.58	11.50	11.50@11.52	11.54

COFFEE.

The upturn of yesterday was due largely to firmness in Europe, where the Havre market closed at

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The principal portion of the disturbance of Wednesday night has moved to Northern Ontario after sending an offshoot to the West Gulf States. Rains and snows, mostly rains, occurred over a narrow portion of the country from Texas to the Lake region, but there was little other precipitation of consequence.

Another disturbance has appeared over the Canadian Far Northwest, and pressure is falling rapidly over the Northwest generally, with another decided rise in temperature to much above normal conditions.

The cold wave has extended some distance to the eastward, and to-night covers the district from the West Gulf States through the Lake region.

Further east abnormally high temperatures continue, and in some places they are the highest recorded for any January. There will be rain Friday in Tennessee and the East Gulf States, and local snows in Kentucky, followed by fair weather Saturday.

There will also be snows and rains, mostly snows, from the lower Lake region eastward, followed by generally fair weather Saturday.

Elsewhere the weather will be generally fair Friday and Saturday, except over the north districts west of the Rocky Mountains, where there will be rains. It will be much colder Friday in the Gulf States, the Ohio Valley, and the Lake region, and on Friday night or Saturday in the Atlantic States. It will be warmer Friday over the western half of the country, and warmer Saturday in the upper Lake region, the Central Valleys, and the West Gulf States.

Winds for Friday and Saturday: North Atlantic Coast will be brisk south and southwest; middle Atlantic Coast moderate south to west; South Atlantic Coast moderate and mostly south, except east on the Florida Coast.

FORECASTS TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York—Rain or snow in north, local rain in interior of south portion Friday; fair in extreme south portion, colder in west and north portions. Saturday, much colder and generally fair; moderate to brisk southwest to west winds.

Southern New England—Local rains Friday. Saturday, fair, much colder; brisk southwest to west winds.

New Jersey—Fair Friday; colder in west. Saturday, fair, much colder; moderate southwest to west winds.

Western New York—Rain or snow and much colder Friday. Saturday, colder in east, cloudy; brisk west winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair in south, unsettled in north Friday; colder by night. Saturday, fair, much colder, with west winds.

Northern New England—Rain or snow Friday; colder in Vermont. Saturday, much colder and generally fair; brisk southwest to west winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	29	44	4 P. M.	36	44
6 A. M.	29	41	6 P. M.	38	48
9 A. M.	29	42	9 P. M.	39	46
12 M.	33	43	11 P. M.	37	46

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 44; for the corresponding date last year it was 34; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 40; at 8 P. M. it was 47. Maximum temperature, 48 degrees at 6 P. M.; minimum, 39 degrees at 7 A. M. Humidity, 87 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 86 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.47 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.25 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A.M.	Loss.
1:20—412 E. 6 St., Benj. Nagel	None
2:00—1,798 3 Av., A. Harris	Slight
5:30—1,938 Lex. Av., Mary Delaney	$150
9:30—278 Henry St., Jos. Rothman	Slight
9:40—192 Brown Pl., Abr. Batzselee	Slight
P.M.	
2:20—8 E. 117 St., M. Rosenstein	Slight
7:05—165 E. 89 St., Mr. Lubin	Slight
7:05—172 Henry St., Louis Kruder	Slight
7:05—403 W. 23 St., E. Wilson	Slight
8:35—233 E. 45 St., Mr. Lally	Slight
8:45—1,438 Av. A., J. J. Bauer	Slight
9:00—3,109 Webster Av., not given	Slight

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved the following reports of Assistant Chief Examiner Murray:

Recommending that the request of the resident of Brooklyn for an examination for promotion to janitor, Grade 2, to be open to attendants, Grade 1, in the Bureau of Fees, Public Offices, be filed, he having failed to comply with the commission's request for information showing that the nature of the duties of the attendants are such as to naturally and properly fit the employes to perform the duties of janitors.

Recommending that the communications from the Police Commissioner with reference to a proposed examination for promotion to assistant bookkeeper be filed, it appearing that it is not desired that the examination be held at this time.

Transmitting report of Mr. Fuld and indorsing his recommendations in connection with the keeping of efficiency records in the Sinking Fund Commission.

Recommending that the commission grant the request of the Commissioner of Public Works, Manhattan, that eligibility for promotion to the position of foreman, Grade 2, in the Bureau of Highways, be extended so as to include the position of foreman, Grade 1.

Relative to the letter of James Marah, who suggests that when there is a vacancy in the competitive class to be filled by promotion, all persons on an eligible list should be given a chance to compete even if the candidates who seek promotion, Mr. Murray says that the suggestion is not in accordance with the rules.

United States.

Examination of applicants for first and second officers on lighthouse tenders, assistant engineers on light vessels, mates on light vessels, quartermasters on tenders, and machinists on tenders will be held at the office of the Inspector, Third Lighthouse District, Tompkinsville, N. Y., on Feb. 25. Applicants must show experience on seagoing vessels, which would fit them for the position applied for. All applicants must be citizens of the United States, and the certificate of naturalization of a person of alien birth must accompany the application. Deck officers of tenders must be capable navigators. The qualifications are good character and fair education, determined by the facts given in the application, skill in the calling of the applicant, determined by the evidence given in the testimonials and vouchers furnished with the form, and any other evidence applicants may be called upon to furnish. Age and physical condition are important factors. Application blanks can be obtained on request addressed to the Lighthouse Inspector, Tompkinsville, N. Y.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Promoted Serg. and assigned: J. A. Mulroy, B. B. H. Sq., to 2 Prect.

Pensioned on Surg.'s certfs.—Sergs. J. P. Mead, 89 Prect., $875 a yr.; apptd. Sept., 1886; I. H. Weiner, 69 Prect., $875 a yr., Feb., 1893. Patrol—C. J. Fisher, 69 Prect., $894 a yr., Oct., 1902; T. H. Fee, 171 Prect., $700 a yr., Oct. 5, 1898; J. H. Waring, 171 Prect., $945 a yr., July, 1896.

Transfers.—John Leddy, 69 Prect. to Marine, Subdiv. B as station attend't; J. H. Butler, Com.'s Of. to 37 Prect.

Suspended.—Patrol. Thos. Seery, 38 Prect. Appointed Spl. Patrol.—R. A. Conrad, Bu. of Licenses.

Fire Department.

Dismissed from Dept.—J. H. Paynter, Eng. 80, absent 5 days.

Fined—W. J. Donovan, Eng. 11, absent, no leave, 2 days.

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, PUBLIC SERVICE Commission for the First District.—In the matter of the Application of The Dry Dock, East Broadway and Battery Railroad Company for the permission and approval of the Public Service Commission for the First District, pursuant to the provisions of Section 53 of the Public Service Commissions law, for the exercise of the right of changing the motive power on said company's line in Canal Street east of the Bowery from horses to an underground current of electricity in accordance with an order of the Board of Railroad Commissioners heretofore obtained. —Case No. 1,782.—Published notice of Hearing.

Notice is hereby given that the application of The Dry Dock, East Broadway and Battery Railroad Company by Frederick W. Whitridge, its Receiver, for the permision and approval of the Public Service Commission for the First District, pursuant to the provisions of Section 53 of the Public Service Commissions law, for the exercise of the right of changing motive power on said company's line in Canal Street, east of the Bowery, from horses to an underground current of electricity, in accordance with an order of the Board of Railroad Commissioners heretofore obtained, will be heard by said commission at its office, 154 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 6th day of February, 1914, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon. Dated January 6, 1914. THE DRY DOCK, EAST BROADWAY AND BATTERY RAILROAD COMPANY, by FREDERICK W. WHITRIDGE, Receiver.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—2d Lt. A. M. Prentiss, cav. arm to coast art. and to Ft. Totten, N. Y.

Capt. E. N. Macon, retired, is relieved from duty at the New Mexico State College.

Capt. F. H. Lomax, C. A. C.; 1st Lt. G. Grunert, 11 Cav., on detached list; Capt. H. R Casey and 1st Lt. W. F. Wheatly removed from list. Former relieved as instructor of C. A. Reserves, Cal., and goes to 106 Co., C. A. C., Feb. 15. Latter relieved at Ft. Logan, Col., and recrt'g duty, Feb 15. Maj. F. C. Marshall, 2 Cav., on detached list, and Maj. W. C. Rivers, Phil'p'n Constab., removed from list, March 1.

1st Lt. D. H. Jacobs, 12 Cav., for recr't'g serv. at Ft. Logan, Col., Feb. 16.

Chaplain J. E. Rochford to the 1st F A., report'g Feb. 28 at Ft. Myer, Va.

Lt. Col. J. F. Morrison, 21 Inf., upon return from Hawaii will repair to this city for temp. duty.

Orders Jan. 21 directing 1st Lt. E. E. Lewis, 2 Inf., to join regt. to which assigned after sick leave, revoked.

2d Lt. G. C. Bowen, 20 Inf., as Prof. of Military Science and Tactics at the Bailey Inst., Greenwood, S. C.

Leaves: 2d Lt. F. E. Kingman, C. A. C., 10 days' exten.; Capt. H. J. Price, 23 Inf., 10 days; Capt. H. R. Casey, C. A. C., 1 mo; Capt. J. O'Neil, C. A. C., 1 mo, and 1st Lt. G. E. Turner, C. A. C., 3 mos

Navy Orders.

R. Adm. V. L. Cottman, to retired list.

Com. B. B. Bierer, the Minn., to com. the Wheeling.

P. A. Surg. D. H. Noble, the Conn., to the Ohio.

P. A. Surg. W. L. Mann, Nav. Train. Station, San Fran., to N. Hosp., Mare Island.

Asst. Surg. C. A. Costello, M.R.C., to Recr't'g., Chicago.

Act. Asst. Surg. H. R. Farley, to recr't'g, Cincinnati.

Chaplain G. E. T. Stevenson, Nav. Home, Phila., to the Calif.

Marine Corps Orders.

Capt. E. H. Ellis, 1st Adv. Base Brigade, Phila. to D. C.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Celtic, at Guantanamo; Tacoma, at Portsmouth Yard; S. Carolina, at Port au Prince, and Des Moines, at Lynnhaven Bay.

Sailed—Cassin, Cummings, and Duncan, Guantanamo, for Key West; Aylwin, Newport, for Guantanamo; Potomac, Newport, for Bay of Islands, N. F.; Le. and the N. H., Hampton Rds., for Key West, en route Guantanamo; Uncas and G-2, New York, for Newport, and the Abarenda, Hongkong, for Manila.

Birmingham will leave Phila. about Feb. 1 for Guancanayabo Bay, Cuba.

Revenue Cutter Service.

Capt. J. L. Sill to temp. duty as com. Southern div.

Constr. F. A. Hunnewell, to Depot, S. Balto., on business.

1st Lt. of Engrs. H. Kotzechmar, to inspect mach. of launch Petrel at Portland, Me.

Leaves—Sr. Capt. W. E. Reynolds, 30 days, 1st Lt. of Engrs. C. S. Root, 15 days.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

COLE, JOHN H. W., (died Jan. 26, 1913;) net estate, $8,718.93; bank, $879.20; ins., $4,729.84; furniture, $100; 500 shares San Toy Mining Co., $125; $50 Amateur Billiard Club bond.

GIBSON, JOSEPH W., (Feb. 9, 1912;) net estate, $56,736.83; cash, $1,894.99; bank, $8,914.01; ins., $20,254.92; pfd. stock of Engraving Mach. Co., $2,100; int. in The Haberdasher Co., $31,785.15; household effects, $614.90.

HONEY, BERTHA, (Jan. 27, 1904;) net estate, $5,570; premises 221 E. 13 St., $21,000, (mortg., $14,500).

KIRWAN, THOMAS F., (May 19, 1911;) net estate, $9,460.58; bank, $11,157.01; clothing, $6.28.

LICHTENAUER, JOSEPH M., (May 19, 1912;) net estate, $1,333,968.82; realty in N. Y. City, $486,800, including property at 151 W. 76 St.; 146, 148, 160, and 162 W. 79 St., 916 6 Av., 149, 151, 153, 155, and 157 W. 53 St., 152 W. 54 St., 176 3 Av., 1,664 Mad. Av., and 114, 116, and 118 E. 110 St.; bank, $24,265.92; ins., $7,580.32; Produce Ex. membership, $450; mortg., $54,000; debts receivable, $292.50; coins, stamps, &c., $536.78; jewelry, $4,898.25; paintings, $15,650; interest on mortg., $347.93; clothing, $250; furniture and safe, $50; claims for rent and on bonds, $832.50; stocks and bonds, $764,438.58.

LYNCH, MARGARET M., (Mar. 4, 1913;) net estate, $3,775.86; premises 715 and 717 3 Av., $35,000, (mortg., $33,946;) 183 E. 47 St., $19,500, (mortg., $14,836.50;) 850 E. 49 St., $30,000, (mortg., $26,156.50;) total realty, $9,563.34.

McSWEENEY, ANN, (Dec. 18, 1912;) net estate, $1,011.56; bank, $1,441.11.

MEYER, JOHN H. D., (Jan. 22, 1913;) net estate, $26,468.62; bank, $8,330; furniture, $240; bond and mortg., $20,423.54; Terra Marine Co. bonds, $500.

TOMNEY, FRANK M., (Mar. 10, 1913;) net estate, $1,019.60; bank, $2,445.89; jewelry, $1.

VINTON, ALEX. H., supplemental report deducts mortg. note of $5,000 from the taxable assets, making a new gross estate of $41,486.50 and a new net estate of $39,598.47.

WILZIN, INA E., (June 26, 1913;) net estate $1,917.84; lots in Bronx, $5,000, (mortg., $3,991.21;) bank, $888.28; ins., $1,652.57.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

AGNEW, ELEANOR, (died Jan. 16;) less than $10,000 realty, more than $10,000 personalty, to Edith Laurence Chisolm, a friend.

HARDEKOPF, EDWARD, (Jan. 15;) $5,000 personalty; $100 (contingent) to Harry H. Hardekopf, son; one-third residue to Matilda W. Hardekopf, wife; two-thirds residue to Dorothea Henrietta Hardekopf, daughter.

HIRSCH, MAX M., (Jan. 25;) about $300 personalty to Pauline Hirsch, wife.

KIMBALL, WM. C., (Jan. 17;) more than $2,000 personalty; $1,000 each to Wm. L. and Clarence Kimball, sons; $500 each to Martha R. Kimball, daughter-in-law, and Sylvia K. Kimball, granddaughter; residue to Blanche R. Kimball, wife.

KUHN, KARL JACKOT, (Nov. 9;) left $3,200 realty; $300 personalty to Sophie Kuhn, wife.

KUTZ, IDA, (Jan. 24;) left more than $2,000 personalty in equal shares to Alex. Kutz, husband; Abraham, Seligman, Moses, Emanuel, Bernhardt, and Samuel Kutz, sons, and Henriette Morgenroth, daughter.

QUIRK, MARY FRANCES, (Dec. 23;) about $3,000 personalty to Thos. W. Meredith, friend.

TRIMMER, ELIZABETH, (Jan. 8;) $12,000 realty and $150 personalty to husband and children.

WACHT, JOSEPH, (Jan. 17;) $1,100 personalty; $100 to Mildred Wacht; specific bequest to Gustave Wacht; residue in equal shares to Gustave and Samuel Wacht.

WILHELM,, GOTTHILF FRIEDERICH, (Jan. 22;) more than $5,000 each in realty and personalty; life interest in estate to Margaretha Wilhelm, wife; residue in equal shares to Charles, John F., Harry C., and Frederick A. Wilhelm, sons, and Lizzie Llewellyn, Caroline Blayer, and Mamie Steinach, daughters.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 29.—Incorporated to-day:

Metal Shelter Co., structures, $1,000,000; Hamilton Pell, M. Serdobin, J. R. Ashley, 407 W. 145 St.

Langs Chocolate W'ks, Oswego, $250,000; D. J. Lang, J. M., and R. M. Long.

Associated Military Press, $100,000; C. Hill, W. H. Cheppu, E. Z. Parker, 59 Pearl St.

Tercentenary Feature Picture Co., $60,000; James Hutchinson, A. E. Distelhurst, Cane Hamlin, 1,402 B'way.

Folding Stand Mfg. Corp., $50,000; G. W. and L. L. Vause, G. A. Knobloch, 15 B'way.

Wahl Printing & Binding Co., Niagara Falls, $30,000; Jacob Wahl, R. H. Winters, A. F. Petschke.

Nat'l Raincoat Co., $10,000; A. S. Werblin, Dora Magida, S. J. Loeb, 878 E. 176 St.

V. S. Building Corp., $10,000; Sam'l Behrman, Jos. Schwartz, Julius Vogel, 906 Fox St.

Willgerodt & Co., dry goods, &c., $10,000; C. O. Stanley, A. Hannam, G. A. Hoyt, 1 W. 88 St.

Ba. & S Shoe Co., $10,000; A. H. Cohn, Ferdinand Borstein, Leo Hirschfield, 249 Lenox Av.

Bell Hotel Corp., $15,000; P. Andersen, J. R. Appleby, Jr., G. L. Tunson, 34 Nassau St.

M. J. Maney Co., Geneva, seeds, grains, &c., $20,000; M. J. Maney, J. R. Lowell, Frank Bradley.

K. M. Davies Co., Williamson, canning and preserving, $75,000; C. R. Pratt, W. J. Bennett, K. M. Davies.

I. W. Friedman & Co., jewelry, &c., $40,000; W. N. Kahn, S. H. Levy, F. W. Fehr, 170 B'way.

American Biscuit Works, $1,000,000; R. M. Richter, E. T. Murdoch, T. B. Paton, 1,770 Clay Av.

New Process Brick Co., Amenia, $125,000; J. D. Campbell, W. H. Bartlett, G. H. Boutecou, Beacon.

Regal Feature Films Co., $25,000; Margaret Sander, J. C. Conklin, G. R. Milan, 200 W. 123 St.

East Avenue Amusement Corp., $100,000; W. A. Calhan, A. A. Fenyvessy, G. E. Simpson, Rochester.

Capital Increase: Brockton Furniture Co., Brockton, $75,000 to $100,000.

Capital Reduction: Residence Co., Lawrence Park, N. Y., $100,000 to $800,000.

Dissolution: Proper Mfg. Co., N. Y.; Nassau Grain Co., Roslyn; Anchor Lamp Co., N. Y.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac For To-day.

Sun rises..7:12|Sun sets..5:16|Moon sets..9:45

THE TIDES.

	High Water		Low Water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	10:20	10:46	4:13	4:33
Governors Island	10:84	11:04	4:50	5:10
Hell Gate	12:24	12:54	6:30	6:50

Arrived—Thursday, Jan. 29.

SS Narragansett, London, Jan. 13.
SS York Castle, Philadelphia, Jan. 23.
SS Arcadian, Bermuda, Jan. 27.
SS Port Antonio, Port Antonio, Jan. 23.
SS Pinar del Rio, Boston, Jan. 28.
SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville, Jan. 27.
SS Hortensius, Boston, Jan. 28.
SS Maria di Giorgio, Turks Island, Jan. 24.
SS Italia, Palermo, Jan. 2.
SS Guantanamo, Tampico, Jan. 17.
SS Zacapa, Kingston, Jan. 24.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

San Urbano	Southampton	Jan. 14
Grayson	San Juan	Jan. 21
Calabria	Naples	Jan. 12
Esperanza	Havana	Jan. 27
Ancon	Cristobal	Jan. 23
City of Columbus	Savannah	Jan. 27
El Rio	Galveston	Jan. 24

DUE TO-MORROW.

Philadelphia	Southampton	Jan. 24
France	Havre	Jan. 24
Tonawanda	Sunderland	Jan. 14
New York City	Swansea	Jan. 15
Advance	Cristobal	Jan. 24
Alamo	Galveston	Jan. 24
Lenape	Jacksonville	Jan. 28

DUE SUNDAY.

Carmania	Liverpool	Jan. 25
Caledonia	Glasgow	Jan. 24
Cymeric	Liverpool	Jan. 24
Masaba	London	Jan. 22
Jan Van Nassau	Haiti	Jan. 26
Thespis	Barbados	Jan. 24
Saxonia	Gibraltar	Jan. 22
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Jan. 29
Bayamo	Puerto Mexico	Jan. 23
Colombo	Lisbon	Jan. 18

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Majestic, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Nickerie, Trinidad	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Colon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Algonquin, Turks Island	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Matanzas, Santiago	——	12:00 M.
Pinar del Rio, Havana	——	12:00 M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

*G. Washington, Bremen	——	1:00 A.M.
Caronia, Madeira	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Berlin, Gibraltar	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Florizel, St. Johns	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	8:30 A.M.	10:30 A.M.
Orinba, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Camaguey, Tampico	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Siam, Argentina	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Eastern Prince, Bahia	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Oscar II., Copenhagen	——	2:00 P.M.
California, Glasgow	——	12:00 M.
Rochambeau, Havre	——	3:00 P.M.
Stampalia, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Sant' Anna, Naples	——	3:00 P.M.
Minnetonka, London	——	10:00 A.M.
Comal, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Grayson, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
Rio Grande, Brunswick	——	3:00 P.M.
Concho, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Antilles, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Prinz August Wilhelm, Jamaica	——	2:00 P.M.
Laurentic, Havana	——	9:00 A.M.

SAIL MONDAY.

Princess Anne, Norfolk	3:00 P.M.

*Mails close at 9 P. M. Friday.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JAN. 29.

SS France, Havre to New York, was 880 miles E. at 1:30 A. M.; due 31st, forenoon. French Line.

SS Caledonia, Glasgow to New York, was 1,133 miles E., at 9:15 A. M.; due Feb. 1, afternoon. Anchor Line.

SS Pretoria, Hamburg to New York, was 708 miles E. at 8:30 A. M.; due 31st, afternoon. Hamburg-American Line.

SS Philadelphia, Southampton to New York, was 850 miles E. at 3:45 P. M.; due 31st, afternoon. American Line.

SS Cymric, Liverpool to New York, was 828 miles E. at 6:45 P. M.; due Feb. 1, forenoon. White Star Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Dakotan, Puerto Mexico to New York, was 180 miles W. of Sand Key at noon.

SS El Mundo, Galveston to New York, was 127 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.

SS Momus, New Orleans to New York, was 150 miles N. W. of Tortugas at noon.

SS Esperanza, Vera Cruz to New York, was 560 miles S. at noon.

SS Grayson, San Juan to New York, was 128 miles S. at S P. M.

SS Radiant, Port Arthur to New York, was 231 miles S. E. of Sabine Bar at 8 P. M.

SS Denver, Galveston to New York, was 318 miles E. of Galveston Bar at 7 P. M.

SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, was 75 miles N. of Martin's Industry at 8 P. M.

SS El Rio, Galveston to New York, was 137 miles S. at 5 P. M.

SS Calamares, Port Limon to New York, was 60 miles E. of Swan Island at 8 P. M.

SS Suriname, Puerto Barrios to New York, was 1,030 miles S. at noon.

SS Vestris, Buenos Aires to New York, was 871 miles S. E. of Ambrose at 8 P. M.

SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 92 miles N. of Charleston Bar at 7 P. M.

SS Advance, Cristobal to New York, was 580 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Alamo, Galveston to New York, was 408 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Ancon, Cristobal to New York, was 396 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Currita, Nipe Bay to New York, was 315 miles S. at noon.

LIZARD, ENGLAND.

SS St. Louis, New York for Southampton, was 381 miles W. at 9 A. M.; due Plymouth 30th, forenoon. American Line.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Adriatic, at Alexandria, Jan. 29.
SS Lapland, at Dover, Jan. 29.
SS Nieuw Amsterdam, at Rotterdam, Jan. 29.
SS Kenilworth, at Colombo, Jan. 29.
SS Pawnee, at Lisbon, Jan. 29.
SS President Lincoln, at Cherbourg, Jan. 27.
SS Victoria Luise, at Colon, Jan. 26.
SS Lackawanna, at Birkenhead, Jan. 29.
SS Schildturn, at Palimbay, Jan. 26.
SS Paul Paix, at Calais, Jan. 27.
SS Kansas, at Durban, Jan. 28.
SS Offenbach, at Sourabaya, Jan. 27.
SS United States, at Glasgow, Jan. 29.
SS Asiatic Prince, at Montevideo, Jan. 27.

Sailed.

SS Megantic, from Liverpool, Jan. 29.
SS St. Paul, from Queenstown, Jan. 29.
SS Parima, from Demerara, Jan. 29.
SS Minneapolis, from London, Jan. 29.
SS Venezia, from Naples, Jan. 28.
SS Louisiana, from Havre, Jan. 26.
SS Benedict, from Para, Jan. 28.
SS Dalmore, from Fayal, Jan. 28.
SS Byron, from Santos, Jan. 28.
SS Allanton, from Rio de Janeiro, Jan. 26.
SS Portuguese Prince, from Rio de Janeiro, Jan. 27.

Passed.

SS Tannenfels, New York for Calcutta, passed Gibraltar.
SS Lautefels, New York for Bombay, passed Perim.
SS Hesbaye, New York for Antwerp, passed Lizard.

Transatlantic Parcel Post.

Germany—Close at 5 P. M. Jan. 30, SS George Washington.
Austria—Close at 11:30 A. M. Feb. 7, SS Martha Washington.
Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 31, SS Caronia.
Italy—Close at 5 P. M. Jan. 30, SS Berlin.

Transpacific Mails.

Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, and New Zealand, and specially addressed mail for Australia (via San Francisco)—Tahiti ..... Jan. 29
Hawaii, Guam & Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport ..... Jan. 31
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except west,) via San Francisco—Ventura ..... Feb. 5
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Yokohama Maru ..... Feb. 5
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Wilhelmina ..... Feb. 6
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Manchuria ..... Feb. 7

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, Dec. 30; Yokohama, Jan. 10, and Honolulu, Jan. 20—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer China, were dispatched east at 10:30 A. M. Jan. 27, and are due in New York on the morning of Saturday, Jan. 31.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL
ROME
MENTONE
On the French Riviera.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Buttons, Skirts, and Hatpins Subjects of Decision.

The Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday overruled sixty-six protests by New York importers relating to the classification under the Tariff act of 1909 of buttons made of glass with fish scale introduced on the inside of the glass. In some instances, the buttons were returned by the Appraiser as being composed in chief value of the scale. Duty was taken by the Collector under Paragraph 427, as buttons not specially provided for, at the rate of 50 per cent. ad valorem. The protestants included B. Blumenthal & Co., Bailey, Green & Elger, Bloomingdale Brothers, Cobden & Co., Morris Goldberg's Sons, S. Katz & Co., Knauth, Machod & Kuhne, Samstag & Hilder Brothers, A. Steinhardt & Brother, Strauss Brothers & Co., and H. Wolff & Co.

A controversy between the Government and Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, dealing with the rate of duty on children's cotton knit skirts, was decided against the importers. The goods were taxed as underwear, under Paragraph 329, at the rate of 60 cents per dozen and 15 per cent. ad valorem.

Lippmann, Spier & Hahn, New York, succeeded in a contention for lower duty on hatpins and belt brooches made of gilt metal scroll work set with imitation precious stones and enameled. The articles were taxed at 60 per cent. under the old law as jewelry. The importers claimed a rate of 45 per cent. as manufactures of metal or paste.

FIX DUTY AFTER 8 YEARS.

Unusual Delay Encountered in Obtaining Custom Ruling.

An unusual instance of delay in deciding a custom case came to light yesterday when a decision was returned on the proper duty for a certain kind of black glass canes or sticks used by jewelers as the raw material for making mourning studs and the like. The case was heard by the Board of General Appraisers on March 1, 1906. It was only decided yesterday. Nobody was able to explain how the delay occurred.

The point involved was simple. The importers, Leo Popper & Sons, protested that the Collector was wrong in assessing the duty at 45 per cent. as "manufactures of glass," and insisted that they should pay only 25 per cent. as fusible enamel. This contention is now upheld and the Collector's action set aside.

It is believed that importers will come forward with claims for heavy refunds should the present decision stand.

EDUCATION NOTES.

It has been decided to open Public School 150, Brooklyn, on Saturday evenings as a social and recreation centre.

The Board of Education has approved the establishment of the Murray Hill Pre-Vocational School on the premises heretofore known as Public School 49, Manhattan.

On and after Feb. 1 the Murray Hill Evening Trade School will be an evening trade school of high school grade, with Morris E. Siegel as Principal.

The Bushwick Evening Trade School for Men and Boys in the Bushwick High School building will be opened on Feb. 2, with Charles E. Mowe as Principal.

Agnes M. Blakely has been transferred from Public School 59, Manhattan, to Public School 30, as teacher for the blind.

Van Evrie Fitzpatrick has been transferred from the position of acting teacher in charge of Public School 52, Manhattan, to Public School 26.

The Principal of Public School 162, Brooklyn, has been authorized to establish an industrial course for girls of the seventh-year grade in connection with the work of the regular course for that year.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 29.—Forecasts: N. Carolina—Fair Fri.; colder in w.; prob. rain by night in extr. w. Sat., colder, fair; mod. s. winds, bec. cari.

S. Carolina—Fair Fri.; colder in w. Sat., unset., colder; mod. s. e. to s. w. winds, bec. vari.

Ga.—Cloudy Fri.; colder in n. w.; rains at night or Sat.; mod. e. to s. e. winds, bec. vari.

Fla.—Fair Fri., except prob. rain and colder in n. w. Sat., rain, colder, except fair in n. w.; mod. e. winds, bec. vari.

Ala.—Rain, colder Fri. Sat. fair; colder in s.; mod. var. winds, bec. n.

Miss.—Rain, much colder Fri. Sat. fair; warmer in n.; mod. var. winds, bec. n.

La.—Rains, much colder Fri., except fair in n. w. Sat. fair; warmer in w.; mod. n. w. to n. winds.

E. Tex.—Fair Fri. Sat. fair, warmer; mod. n. to n. e. winds.

W. Tex.—Fair Fri. and Sat., with rising tempt.

Utah—Fair Fri.; warmer in n. Sat. cloudy, warmer.

Ark.—Fair Fri.; colder, except in n. w.; mod. cold wave in e. Sat., fair, warmer.

Tenn.—Rain or snow, colder Fri. Sat., fair; warmer in w.

Ky.—Snow, colder, Fri. Sat., fair; warmer in w. and centre.

Ohio—Unsett., colder, Fri.; prob. snows; mod. cold wave. Sat., fair; mod. w. winds, bec. var.

Ill.—Fair Fri. Sat., fair, warmer; mod. w. winds, bec. var.

Ind.—Fair Fri.; colder in extreme s. Sat., fair, warmer.

Lower Mich.—Cloudy, colder Fri. Sat., fair; brisk w. winds, bec. var.

Upper Mich.—Fair Fri.; colder in e. Sat., fair, warmer.

Wis.—Fair Fri. Sat., fair, warmer; dimin. w. winds, bec. var.

Minn., Iowa, Okla.—Fair Friday. Sat., fair, warmer.

Mo.—Fair Fri.; warmer in n. w. Sat., fair, warmer.

N. Dak.—Fai rFri.; not so cold. Sat., unsettled, warmer.

S. Dak.—Fair Fri.; warmer in central and e. Sat., fair.

Neb., Kan.—Fair, warmer, Fri. and Sat.

LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN

*George Washington . . Jan. 31
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm Feb. 17
*Kronprinzessin Cecilie . Feb. 21

BARBAROSSA..... Bremen direct (one cabin II.) .....FEB. 26
*Kaiser Wilhelm II . Mch. 10
GNEISENAU..... Bremen direct (one cabin II.) ....MARCH 12
*SAILS AT 1 A. M.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD

To the Mediterranean Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples and Genoa

Berlin . . . Jan. 31
*Prinzess Irene . Feb. 14
*Omits Gibraltar.

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THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Active Investment Buying of Uptown Apartment Houses —Pearl Street Deal—Henry Street Landmark Sold —Col. Ruppert Buys in Dyckman Tract—Many Suburban Sales—Good Leasing Market.

Apartment house buying in the upper west side of Washington Heights and Fort Washington sections formed an important feature of an active realty market yesterday. Investment buying in this upper west side district has been very prominent of late, and it speaks well for the excellent renting conditions. The larger of the two transactions, which involved an element of trade, was the sale of the newly completed six-story apartment known as the Plymouth, occupying a plot 125 by 100 on the northeast corner of Fort Washington Avenue and 160th Street. It was ready for occupancy last October and had been fully rented and was sold by the builders, the Saranac Construction Company, Max Liebeskind, President, to the Alapri Realty Company of which John Lovell is President. The latter gave in part payment property in Yonkers, including a residence on Fairfield Road and vacant parcels on Morningside Avenue, Tower Place and Orchard Street. The apartment house figured in the deal at a valuation of $280,000.

In the Fort Washington section the six-story house known as Arrowhead Court at 2 and 4 Pinehurst Avenue, northwest corner of 177th Street was sold by the 177th and Pinehurst Avenue Company to an investor. It fronts 125 feet on the avenue and 92.8 on 177th Street. The property has been held at $250,000. The seller bought it in as plaintiff at foreclosure sale last August.

Investors Buying Apartment House

Another deal on Seventh Avenue north of Central Park, where there has been considerable activity during the last couple of weeks, was reported yesterday by the Oak Construction Company, Julius Weinstein, President, which sold the six-story elevator apartment house at the southwest corner of Seventh Avenue and 115th Street. The structure fronts 100 feet on each thoroughfare, and adjoins the Wadleigh High School.

On the upper west side, Edward C. H. Vogler sold for a client of the Herman Arns Company to Charles Jagels 5 and 7 West 107th Street, two five-story flats, on plot 50 by 100, located 100 feet west of Central Park West.

John H. Fagey purchased from Hermine E. Weiss the three-family house at 564 West 171st Street, on lot 25 by 95, located 125 feet east of St. Nicholas Avenue. The buyer gave in part payment the two three-story buildings at 462 and 464 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, on plot 55 by 100, located between Sumner and Lewis Avenues. James E. Barry & Co., were the brokers.

Harlem Apartment Buyer.

The Market Realty Company is the buyer of the seven-story flathouse on the northwest corner of Eighth Avenue and 150th Street sold Tuesday by Bernard Schlegel. In part payment the seller took 180 lots at Jamaica Manor, L. I., located on New York, Woodhaven Manor, Hillcrest, and Stoothoff Avenues, between Glenmore and Kenmore Avenues and the Boulevard. About $350,000 was involved in the transaction. The deal was closed by Albert & Platt in conjunction with Pearsall & Graham.

Deal on Pearl Street.

Lillian Caspar has sold to an investing client of Ruland & Whiting the five-story commercial building on a lot 18.7 by 90.7 at 177 Pearl Street.

Mid-Town Loft Sold.

In the mid-town loft section Oscar Willgerodt and David Price sold the six-story store and loft building at 127 to 133 West Seventeenth Street, on plot 90 by 92, located about midway between Sixth and Seventh Avenues.

Jewish Congregation Buys Landmark.

The old private dwelling at 136 Henry Street, considered one of the landmarks of the section, has been sold by Mrs. Edward Leverich, one of the descendants of Hendrick Rutgers, to a Jewish congregation of which H. Cohen is President.

The property consists of a four-story building, covering a lot 23.10 by 100, about 132 feet west of Rutgers Street, and was part of the Hendrick Rutgers farm, which ran from Division Street to the East River, now one of the most densely improved and populated districts of the city.

This particular property is one of the last remaining in the ownership of the heirs of original owners, and the pending transfer is the first outside of the family in more than 200 years. It was held at $22,000. Extensive alterations will be made to the structure.

Col. Ruppert Buys Vacant Plots.

Col. Jacob Ruppert, who has been a heavy buyer in the realty market during the last couple of weeks, added two more parcels to his holdings yesterday.

One is a vacant plot, 100 by 100, on the northeast corner of Sherman Avenue and Academy Street, in the Dyckman section of Manhattan, while the second is a vacant plot 38 by 79 feet on the northwest corner of 219th Street and White Plains Avenue, in the Bronx. The Dyckman plot was sold by Max Marx through Max Just. It will be improved at once with a business building.

Buyer for West Side Dwelling.

Georgiana Brower has sold to a client of Slawson & Hobbs, for investment, the three-story brownstone dwelling, 17 by 55 by 100.11, at 313 West 104th Street.

Bronx.

Elkin Kahn has sold to an investor 2,609 Bainbridge Avenue, a five-story new-law tenement, on a plot 40 by 85, near 194th Street.

The five-story apartment at 558 and 560 East 191st Street, on a plot 50 by 100, near Bathgate Avenue, has been sold by Israel Wolf. S. Rosen was the broker.

Brooklyn.

An investor has purchased from the Ulterton Realty Company, Millard Veit, President, the three three-story private dwellings 980, 982, and 984 Lenox Road, occupying lots 20 by 100 each.

The Schnell Realty Company has purchased from the Hatwill Realty Corporation the five-story elevator apartment house, known as Ivy Castle, at 285 and 287 Quincy Street, on plot 58 by 200, running through to Lexington Avenue. The buyer gave in part payment a plot 110 by 165 at the junction of Dalny Road and Edgerton Boulevard, Jamaica Estates.

Henry Pierson & Co. have sold the two-story building at 680 Vanderbilt Avenue, near Park Place, 22 by 104, for R. S. Hager to a client, for business, and also the three-story dwelling at 374 Sterling Place for Merak & May to an investor.

Long Island.

The Jayson Realty Company, recently organized, has taken over one of the most valuable business sites in the Borough of Queens with a frontage of fifty feet on the north side of Fulton Street, 184 feet west of Washington Street, Jamaica. The reported purchase price is $85,000. The sellers were Morris Rappaport, Morris Bernstein, and Samuel Miller.

The property is now occupied by a number of frame dwellings that have survived the business invasion. They are to be replaced with a modern office building.

The Windsor Land and Improvement Company sold at Rosedale to T. Lambe a plot 40 by 102 on Ocean Avenue. The same company sold at Valley Stream for H. R. Williams a plot 40 by 100 on Crowell Street, and at Oceanside, to V. Mattioli a plot 40 by 100 on Merrifield Avenue; to F. Ohem a plot 60 by 100 on Ebert Avenue and Yost Parkway, and to M. V. McDonnell a plot 40 by 100 on Ebert Avenue.

The extensive silk mills at Tenth Street and Seventh Avenue, College Point, owned and controlled by R. A. Webber, have been transferred to the R. A. Webber Silk Dye Company.

Mrs. Jane E. Parsons of St. Louis has purchased a new brick and stucco house at Bellerose and plots for improvement have been sold to J. Victor Lane and Mary E. Ryerson.

Cadman H. Frederick has sold a house at Freeport, L. I., to William Kramer, a house to M. J. Horstman, and a house to Isaac B. Owens.

New Jersey.

F. A. Sawyer has purchased a tract of land on the west side of Undercliff Road, Montclair, adjoining the new Essex County Park entrance, 200 by 500.

West Chester County.

J. P. Hayden has sold to Ada Jones for occupancy a two-story stucco private dwelling on Chauncey Avenue, Huguenot Park, New Rochelle. The building occupies a plot 50 by 100 feet.

Leases.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased for O. H. Eldred the store at 364 Madison Avenue to the John R. Blair Company.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased the third floor of the Golden Hill Building at 111 to 121 William Street, northwest corner of John Street, to the New Amsterdam Casualty Company for a term of years at an aggregated rental of about $60,000.

Allan A. Ryan has leased a suite of offices in the National City Bank building in Wall Street through O'Connor & Ellison.

F. & G. Pflomm have leased for Thomas Morgan and others the two-story taxpayer now in course of construction, on a plot 100.5 by 100 feet, at the south corner of Central Park West and Sixty-second Street, to Green's Automobile Purchasing Agency for five years at an aggregate rental of $100,000.

The M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company, as rental agents for Gimbel Brothers, have leased to J. R. Heidemark the one-story garage and service building, 50 by 180 feet, at 4,508 Park Avenue, in the Bronx. The Gimbel firm recently vacated this property for much larger quarters.

Pease & Elliman have leased for the Bearman estate 11 East Forty-fourth Street, formerly occupied by the Graduates' Club, to the Misses Taylor.

Schindler & Liebler have leased to Ernest Klein for occupancy the three-story dwelling at 110 East Ninety-second Street.

A $15,000 Moving Picture Theatre.

The Kodak Theatre, Inc., Manfred Barber, President; E. Y. Ettonhead, Treasurer, has leased 206 and 208 Amsterdam Avenue from Bessie T. Houghton of South Orange, N. J., for twenty-one years on a net rental basis. The plot is 40 feet by 65 feet.

The company will build a photo-play house seating 500 people, from plans by William Tyson Gooch, architect, to cost $15,000.

Real Estate Notes.

On Saturday the new station at Thirty-eighth Street, on the Sixth Avenue elevated, will be opened for service. The first train will stop there at noon, and thereafter the full service of the road will be at the service of the section between Thirty-third and Forty-second Streets.

The Ver Planck Estates has filed three suits to foreclose mortgages on property at 185th Street and Audubon Avenue, held by the Bankrupt New York Real Estate Security Company.

Wallis & Goodwillie, architects, have moved their offices from 346 Fourth Avenue to 56 West Forty-fifth Street.

A building loan of $105,000 has been obtained by the Podwill Realty Company from the Lincoln Mortgage Company on the new structure to be erected on the south side of 160th Street, 475 feet west of Broadway, a plot 100 by 100.

Smith & Phelps have placed a first mortgage loan of $6,500 on the plot 75 by 144 on the east side of Cambreling Avenue, 120 feet north of 188th Street, running through to Beaumont Avenue.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

The Auction Offerings of Real Estate Yesterday Were as Follows.

AT 14 VESEY ST.

By Joseph P. Day.

106th St, n s, 413 ft e of 1st Av, 200x100.11, one and two story buildings; also

107th St, s s, 363 1st Av, 75x100.11, three-story building; to Conrad H. Brown for $50,000; also

107th St, n s, 613 ft e of 1st Av, 85x100.11, one-story sheds; estate of Victor Klingenbeck, deceased; withdrawn.

26th St, 110 and 112 West, s s, 129.11 ft w of 6th Av, 41.6x98.9, seven-story loft building; executors' sale; estate of George V. N. Baldwin, deceased; withdrawn.

120th St, 5 s s, 75 ft e of Madison Av, 17x100.11, three-story dwelling; voluntary sale; to Elizabeth Goodman for $6,800.

13th St, 18 East, s s, 242 ft e of 5th Av, 22x 83.11x irregular, three-story building; executor's sale; estate of Jonathan V. Cockroft, deceased; knocked down at $16,000.

Tuckahoe, N. Y., block front, s s, Tuckahoe Av, between Main St and White Plains Road, 125x210x200x212, two-story building and one-story stable and vacant; trustee's sale; estate of Peter Breen, deceased; to Victor Luikert and J. C. Palm for $4,300.

Cropsey Av, 1,865 and 1,867, n s, 62.8 ft w of 19th Av, Brooklyn, 81.8x111.9, three-story flat; voluntary sale; to Charles H. Chapman for $13,100.

129th St, 217, n s, 200 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x 99.11, three-story dwelling; J. W. Sterling against E. M. Kirkpatrick and others; J. A. Garver, attorney; Lyttleton Fox, referee; due, $8,514.50; taxes, &c, $190.05; to the plaintiff for $8,500.

By Henry Brady.

139th St, 259 West, n s, 99.1 ft e of 8th Av, 19x99.11, four-story dwelling; adjourned sine die.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

173d St, 510 West, s s, 100 ft e of Audubon Av, 48.4x95, five-story tenement; adjourned to Jan. 30.

By J. H. Mayers.

24th St, 406 East, s s, 131.6 ft e of 1st Av, 25x98.9, five-story tenement; William Hennings, executor, against F. P. Vigna and others; G. Linthicum, attorney; A. M. Levy, referee; due, $16,854.17; taxes, &c, $429.10; to the plaintiff for $16,000.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

Local and Suburban Realty Offerings in the Salesrooms.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Lispenard St, 13 and 15, n s, 125.11 ft e of West Broadway, 40.10x60x50.8x100, five-story loft building; G. E. Chisholm and others, executors, against H. W. Ellison and others; M. S. Borland, attorney; E. W. Webb, referee; due, $41,390.25; taxes, &c., $1,238.30.

118th St, 83 West, n s, 85 ft e of Lenox Av, 20x100.11, three-story dwelling; M. S. White against Thomas Howard and others; Cannon & C., attorneys; B. R. Buffett, referee; due, $14,235.89; taxes, &c., $283.88.

113th St, 10 East, s s, 248.9 ft e of 5th Av, 18.9x100.11, five-story tenement; French Evangelical Church against Julia Friedman and others; J. L. Boisse, attorney; J. A. O'Rourke, referee; due, $14,734.60; taxes, &c., $542.94.

128th St, 246 East, s s, 75 ft w of 2d Av, 26x99.11, five-story tenement; American Mortgage Co. against South Jersey Land Co. and others; Bowers & S., attorneys; J. R. McMullen, referee; due, $13,890.30.

By J. H. Mayer.

116th St, 28 West, s s, 212 ft w of 5th Av, 21x100.11, five-story tenement and stores; Sigmund Wechsler against A. E. Jones and others; R. V. Wechsler, attorney; J. S. McDonough, referee; due, $6,018.88; taxes, &c., $562.22.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

44th St, 557 West, n s, 100 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.4, four-story tenement and two-story rear tenement; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against Bernandina Gorges and others; R. & E. J. O'Gorman, attorneys; C. L. Hoffman, referee; due, $6,598.01; taxes, &c., $1,167.02.

AT 3308 THIRD AVENUE.

By Henry Brady.

Hoffman St, w s, 170.6 ft s of 187th St, 25x 94.11, five-story tenement and store; C. B. Sias against Esposito Realty Co., Inc., and others; H. C. Rickaby, attorney; J. A. Allen, referee; due, $1,717.44; taxes, &c., $43.68.

Clinton Av, e s, 308.7 ft e of Jefferson Place, 50x111.8x25x112 to Boston Road x79x200.6, vacant; Elizabeth Ditchett and others against Loretta Cobham and others; Harold Swain, attorney; J. H. Rogan, referee; due, $5,704.64.

By George Price.

Kelly St, 839, w s, 286 ft n of Longwood Av, 40x100, five-story tenement; Max Schloss against Belara Holding Co. and others; Strasbourger, E. & S., attorneys; M. M. Wyvell, referee; due, $8,279.75; taxes, &c., $312.22; subject to a first mortgage of $25,000.

134th St, 531 East, n s, 150 ft e of Brook Av, 28.4x100, five-story tenement; Charles Adler against Stephen McCormick and others; M. S. Schector, attorney; Samuel Strasbourger, referee; due, $2,290.89; taxes, &c., $171.95; subject to mortgage of $15,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

1st Av, w s, 26 ft s of 1st St, for a one-story moving picture theatre, 42x100; E. Sherman Gould estate, 30 Church St, owner; Progressive Amusement Co., lessee; L. A. Sheffhart, 194 Bowery, architect; cost, $16,000

Washington St, s w corner of Clark St, for a two-story stable, 70x150; John J. Bradley, 2 Worth St, owner; Horenburger & Bardes, 122 Bowery, architects; cost.....$25,000

Courtlandt Av, e s, 27.8 ft n of 148th St, for a two-story brick theatre and stores; 152x 88; Samuel E. Jacobs, 30 East 42d St, owner; Henry B. Herts, 35 West 31st St, architect; cost.....$90,000

Trinity Av, e s, 100 ft n of 149th St, for a one-story brick factory, 80x103; Stella & Cook Co., owners; William J. Cook, 580 Jackson Av, architect; cost.....$5,000

Bolton Av, e s, 170 ft s of Lacombe Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 20x30; Philip Dietrich, Clason Point, owner; Anton Pirner, 2,069 Westchester Av, architect; cost.....$3,000

Quarry Road, e s, 89.1 ft s of 182d St, for a five-story brick tenement, 29.8¼x64.1½; Karl & Rosie Schaub, 2,104 Quarry Rd, owners; Moore & Landsiedel, 3d Av and 148th St, architects; cost.....$20,000

Tinton Av, e s, 52 ft n of 166th St, for two five-story brick tenements, 48.10¾x27; Jacob Hirsch to Joseph Hirsch, at Hillside Av, owner; Moore & Landsiedel, 3d Av and 148th St, architects; total cost.....$100,000

Alteration.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Amsterdam Av, 366, to a five-story tenement and store; F. H. Hutting, 2,114 Broadway, owner; A. L. Kehoe, 1 Beekman St, architect; cost.....$10,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, JAN. 29.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, s e corner of 14th St, 24x irregular x 52.0x90.1; Walker L. Otis, referee, to Rutherford Holding Co., 302 Broadway, (mtg $55,000,) July 21; attorney, L. Manheim, 302 Broadway.....$10,400

EDGECOMB AV, e s, 51.6 ft n of 139th St, 10x79.8; Zella A. Robinson to Margaret J. Becker, 830 Park Av, quitclaim, release, dower, &c., Jan. 22; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place.....$1

GRAND ST, 238 n s, 22x75; Grand St. 260 n s, 248.75, (foreclosure Dec. 29;) Townsend Morgan, Ref., to Morris Weinstein, 833 Central Park West, (mtg $70,000,) all liens, Jan. 29; attorneys, Marks & M., 61 Park Row.....$24,000

HENRY ST, 182, s s, 23.10x100; Samuel Rauch to Tillie Wiener, 182 Henry St, May 30, 1913; attorney, M. Salem, 208 East Broadway.....$100

MADISON AV, n w corner of 119th St, 25.10x 100, (foreclosure, Jan. 27;) Fred. I. Haber, referee, to Richard M. Bent, 63 West 53d St, Jan. 29; attorney, Alfred E. Ammen, 45 Broadway.....$42,000

PITT ST, 17, w s, 20x100; Ridge St., 18, s s, 25x100, and Broome St, s w corner of Pitt St, 20x00; Rosie Levy to Louis Levy, 24 Ridge St., Dec. 8, 1913.....$1

ST. NICHOLAS AV, w s, 81.9 ft s of 149th St, 20.4x118.6x10.11x114.1; Jno. Reilly to Mary E. Reissig, Larchmont, N. Y., (foreclosure, Jan. 9,) Jan. 29; attorney, J. E. Owens, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.....$15,000

ST. NICHOLAS AV, n w corner of 117th St, 29.7x107.11; N. Taylor Phillips, referee, to Katharine F. McClure and others, executors David McClure, 22 West 48th St, Jan. 28; attorneys, McClure & P., 22 William St.....$48,000

8TH AV, n w cor of 150th St, 99.11x112.6; Bernhard Schlegel to the Market Realty Co., on South Kenmore Boulevard, w of N. Y. Av, South Jamaica Manor, L. I., (mtg, $185,000,) all liens, Jan. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 B'way.$100

207TH ST, 24 West, s s, 25x98; Maria N. Bohling and another to Foxvale Realty Co., 198 Broadway, mtg $50,000, all liens, Jan. 29; attorney, Arthur Knox, 198 Broadway..$100

207TH ST, 189 East, n s, 17.8x98.8; Mary S. Palmer and another to Francis M. Bacon, Jr., 135 East 39th St, Dec. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

207TH ST, 400 West, s s, 25x98.9; John F. O'Riese to Elizabeth S. Riese, 131 West 58th St, ½ part, (mtg, $17,000,) all title, Jan. 28; attorneys, Ferriss & S., 165 Broadway..$100

SAME PROPERTY; Elizabeth S. Riecke to same, 5-22 parts, (mtg, $17,000,) Jan. 28; attorneys, Ferriss & S., 165 Broadway....$100

45TH ST, 454 West, s s, 25x75.8; Jacob Hirsch to Joseph Hirsch, at Hillside Av, Jan. 24; attorney, L. Sachs, 32 Broadway.....$100

49TH ST, s s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.5; Ely Glass, Miriam G. Thorn, 763 Jackson Av, St. Louis, Mo., (mtg $18,000,) Sept. 20, 1913; attorney, H. Markowitz, 116 Nassau St.....$100

69TH ST, s s, 225 ft w of West End Av, 25x 100.5; Gertrude L. Smith to Jno. J. Robinson, Centreport, L. I., (mtg $13,000;) Jan. 8; address, 233 Broadway.....$1

71ST, 153 East, s s, 12.10x100 ft, (mtg $7,500;) East 71st St., 101, s s, 25x100 ft; Leo S. Greenbaum to Florence K. his wife, 151 East 71st St., Jan. 29; attorney, Hy Meyer, 103 Broadway.....$1

72D ST, s w corner of Park Av, 24x67; Gordon K. Bell to Marian M. Bell, (mtg $40,000,) Aug. 19, 1903; attorney, G. K. Bell, 22 Exchange Place.....$1

74TH ST, 334 East, 17.2x102.2; Josef Vrana to Bohemian Benevolent Literary Association 321-326 East 73d St, Jan. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway...$13,500

74TH ST, 336 East, 16.8x102.2; John Jandrous to Bohemian Benevolent Literary Association, 321-325 East 73d St, Jan. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway...$13,500

74TH ST, 338 East, 16.8x102.2; Hannah Levy to Bohemian Benevolent Literary Association, 321-325 East 73d St, Jan. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$9,000

74TH ST, 336 and 338 East, 33.4x102.2; Frederick Jursik to Bohemian Benevolent Literary Association, 321-325 East 73d St, quitclaim, Jan. 14; attorney, same $1

98TH ST, s s, 150 ft e of Columbus Av, 25x 100.11; Isidor Blank to Gretchen Preisler, Dover Plains, Dutchess Co., N. Y., mtg $22,500, Jan. 29; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

100TH ST, 180 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.7; Mary Wechter to Simon Kutner, 34 Attorney St; Abr. Kutner, 25 East 109th St, and Abr. Wanger, 15 East 109th St, (mtg, $17,300,) all liens, Jan. 12; attorney, Lawyers' Title Insurance Company, 160 Broadway.....$100

115TH ST, 203 East, n s, 18x100.11; Gertrude L. Smith to Jno. J. Robinson, Centreport, L. I., (mtg $10,500;) Jan. 8; address, 233 Broadway.....$1

116TH ST, 104 East, s s, 37.3x100.11; Ida Horowitz to Jno. J. Robinson, Centreport, L. I., (mtg $57,000,) Oct. 28, 1912; address 233 Broadway.....$1

120TH ST, 130 West, s s, 19x100.11; Rebecca Shlanowsky to Nathaniel I. Sloane, 945 West 158th St, ½ part, B. & S., C. A. G., all liens, Jan. 29; attorney, Sam'l D. Lasky, 220 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Ida Shlanowsky to same, 1-3 part, B. & S., C. A. G., all liens, Jan. 29; attorney, Sam'l D. Lasky, 320 Broadway..$1

120TH ST, n s, 235 ft w of Lenox Av, 12.6x 99.11; George Lippi to Emma. J. Mayhew, 1,522 Pacific St, Brooklyn, mtg $6,250, Jan. 26; attorney, E. Sharum, 170 Broadway..$1

134TH ST, s s, 438 ft w of 5th Av, 22x99.11, (foreclosure Jan. 22;) Abbott Hamilton, referee, to Julius Wolford, 62 West 124th St, (mtg, $15,750,) all liens, Jan. 28; attorney, Arthur L. Davis, 291 B'way...$400

143D ST, 125 E of 5th Av, 25x99.10, (foreclosure Dec. 9;) George G. Frey, referee, to John H. Kerkmann, 2,552 8th Av, Jan. 3; attorney, B. J. Iseck, 208 Broadway.....$100

169TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 50x81.7; Fair Deal Realty Co. to Ferdinand Schmitt, Yonkers, N. Y., mtg $40,000, Jan. 29; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

171ST ST, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x95; Louis Weiss to Frederick and Wm. D. Heise, 821 West 173d St, mtg $12,000, Nov. 28, 1913; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway.....$100

Bronx.

BAINBRIDGE AV, w s, 31.8 ft s of 194th St, 81x—; Elkan Kahn to Theodore F. Wieland, 358 West 28th St, (mtg $25,000,) Jan. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway.....$100

BAYCHESTER AV, w s, 125 ft s of Edenwald Av, 25x75; Stelianos Scopas to Land W. W. Edenwald, 299 Madison Av, Jan. 27, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. B. Ailing, 149 Broadway.....$100

BAYCHESTER AV, w s, 25 ft s of Edenwald Av, 25x75; Stelianos Scopas to Land W. W. Edenwald, 299 Madison Av, Jan. 27, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. B. Ailing, 149 Broadway.....$340

BERGEN AV, 235, n e corner of 132d St, 42x100; Coman Bros.' Co. to Germania Fire Ins. Co., 64 William St, Jan. 29, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$40,000

BERGEN AV, 235, e s, 47.3x81.2; Coman Bros.' Co. to Germania Fire Ins. Co., 64 William St, Jan. 29, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$30,000

BROOK AV, n e corner of 164th St, 29.2x 74.5; Katie Jaecker to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, Jan. 27, 5 years; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St.....$7,000

HUGHES AV, 2,310, s e s, 26x100; Nicola Federschi and another to Pierce, Butler & Pierce Manufacturing Co., Syracuse, N. Y., (prior mtg $5,000,) 7, due as per notes, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Pressinger & N., 60 Wall St.....$432

INTERVALE AV, 1,234, s e s, 26.8x59.1; Caroline Cahn to John P. Holefield, 917 Eagle Av, prior mtg $8,000, Jan. 22, due, &c, as per bond; attorneys, Salter & S., 140 Nassau St.....$1,200

LOT 138, map of Hunts Point Estate; Economy Real Property Co. to Herman Younker, 27 East 93d St, Jan. 27, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Herman Younker, 303 5th Av.....$9,000

MARMION AV, e s, 25 ft n of Fairmount Place, 25x97.2; Julia B. Merrill to Samuel Garland, 122 East 238th St, (prior mtg $7,000,) Jan. 29, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,000

OLINVILLE AV, 3,615, 27.6x100; Thomas H. Walsh to American Savings Bank, 115 West 43d St, Jan. 27, 3 years; attorneys, Irwin & B., 208 Broadway.....$2,000

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

AMSTERDAM AV, 481, store, &c.; Thomas Kelly to Bernard McGreevy, 169 W. 83d St, 10 years, from Feb. 1, 1914; attorney, Sol M. Burghard, 111 Broadway.....$3,000

BARCLAY ST, 7, all; Rector, &c., St. James's Church to Broadway Park Place Co., 253 Broadway, 21 years, from May 1, 1914; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$7,500

GRAND ST, 338, stores, &c.; Julius Bachrach, executor, to Samuel Gruber, 588 Grand St, 5 years, from June 1, 1911; attorney, H. Greenberg, 120 Broadway.....$2,240

SHERIFF ST, 13, w s, all; Mary K. Yates to Samuel Wachatinsky, 403 Madison St, 10 years, from May 1, 1914; address, 13 Sheriff St.....$2,184

WEST END AV, 161, store, &c.; Daniel Meehan to John Mullen, 301 W. 47th St, 10 years, from Oct. 1, 1914; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 111 Broadway.....$2,000

2D AV, s w corner 21st St, store; Catharine M. S. Bremer to John Rathjen, 201 2d Av, 5 years, from May 1, 1914.....$1,020

47TH ST, 68 West, all; Fanny C. Peyser & another to William Sittenham, 342 W. 86th St, 5 8-12 years, from Feb. 1, 1914.....$3,500

156TH ST, 570 West, part 4th floor; Matilda Sussman to Frederick Keith, 570 W. 156th St, 3 years, from Jan. 15, 1914; address, 150 Nassau St.....$2,160

Bronx.

BOSTON ROAD, 1,390, n store; John H. Tienken to Max Moskowitz, 1,392 Boston Road, 5 7-12 years from Dec. 15, 1913; attorney, M. D. Moskowitz, 1,392 Boston Road.....$1,500

HOFFMAN ST, 2,381, store, &c.; Esposito Realty Co. to Rosario La Scala, 594 East 187th St, 3 years, from June 1, 1913; attorney, Joseph Barba, 2,371 Arthur Av..$472

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

PARK AV, w s, between 32d and 33d Sts, 197.6x205; McDougall & Potter Co. against Max E. Butler, owner; Felber Engineering Works, contractor.....$20

PARK AV, s w corner of 37th St, 93.6x125; McDougall & Potter Co. against Kips Bay Brewing and Malting Co., owner; Felber Engineering Works, contractor.....$75

PARK AV, s w corner of Amsterdam Av and Cathedral Parkway, and 113th St, block, &c; McDougall & Potter Co. against Trustees of Cathedral of St. John the Divine, owner; Felber Engineering Works, contractor.....$35

10TH AV, 100 and 102; Vermont Marble Co. against Michael McGuire, owner; Long & Hagen, contractors.....$20

BEEKMAN ST, s w corner of Water St, 76.8 x56.9; S. H. Pomeroy Co. against Volunteer Hospital, owner; James F. Egan, contractor.....$266

DIVISION ST, 199, Morris Edda against William H. Crosby, owner; John Chenkin, contractor.....$35

BROADWAY, 1,457 to 1,461; Joseph R. Potter against Cafe de Paris, Inc., lessee and contractor; Henry Phipps estate, owner.$101

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 50 ft s of Crotona Park East, 50x100; McConnell & Moore against Charles S. Simpson, owner; Long & Hagen, contractor.....$350

DOWNING ST, 39 and 41; Gelband Contracting Co., Inc., against Lillian B. Koetke, owner; R. Thasel, contractor..$330

BROADWAY, s e corner of 81st St, 102.2x 220.8; Harris-Silvers-Baker Co. against William I. Walter, Rosalie Bernheimer, Lehman Bernheimer & Fulton Building Co., Inc., owners; Fleischmann Bros. Co., owner and contractor.....$18,500

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIEN.

Manhattan.

ST NICHOLAS PLACE, e s, 575.6 ft n of 150th St, 99.1x100; Strathcona Construction Company and others, Aug. 7, 1913, (by deposit).....$100

MONTGOMERY ST, 35; Atlantic Terra Cotta Company against Hebrew Kindergarten and Day Nursery and others, Oct. 24, 1913.$425

87TH ST, 162 West; Braunfels, Browning & Co. against Princeton Construction Company and others, Jan. 27, 1914.....$64

3D AV, e s, 235 ft s of 171st St; John Bell Company against Nora Construction Company and others, Dec. 15, 1913.....$66

BERGEN AV, 643, and 3d Av, 2,952; Metropolitan Heating & Engineering Company against Charles Wilhelm and others, Dec. 31, 1913, (by bond).....$375

201ST ST, s s, 220 ft e of Academy St; John Simmons Company against United Electric Light & Power Company and others, Jan. 23, 1914.....$2,621

Bronx.

FRISBY AV, e s, 63.4 ft s of Walker Av, 25x94.1; Carl H. Klappert against Bronx Gas and Electric Co., owner; J. Covideo Co. and Alexander List's Sons, contractors.....$82

BLCK 3771, s s, 100 ft w of St. John's Av, 50x100; the Empire Fireproof Door Co. against Catro Construction Co., owner and contractor.....$270

FRISBY AV, s s, 175.3 ft e of Benson Av, 20x100; Mallet Contracting and Supply Co., Inc., against Bronx Gas and Electric Co., owner; James Covideo and Alexander List's Sons, contractors.....$282

166TH ST, s w corner of Webster Av, 100x 194; Brooklyn Foundry Co. against Sheffield Farms, Slawson-Decker Co., owner; Radley Steel Construction Co., contractors.....$187

150TH ST, s s, whole front, Gerard Av to River Av, 200.4x148.8x100; Vulcan Rail and Construction Co. against Henry L. Morris, owner; Radley Steel Construction Co., contractor.....$60

178TH ST, n e corner of Belmont Av, 66.6x 98; Isaac Rubin against Orlando Miscione, owner and contractor.....$1,970

VAN NEST AV, s s; Matthews Av, e s; Bear Swamp Road, w s; Walker Av, n s; whole block; McDougall & Potter Co. against New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co., owner; Felber Engineering Works, contractor.....$755

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

ST. MARK'S PLACE, 115; Rosina Alkier against Meyer H. Wolf and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Feltenstein & Rosenstein.

WADSWORTH AV, w s, 60.2 ft n of 185th St, 134.5x115; Broadway, e s, 214.6 ft n of 185th St, 140.5x154.5x irregular; Wadsworth Av, s e corner of 186th St, 153.2x 200x irregular; Benjamin Blossom against New York Real Estate Security Company and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Fletcher, McCutchen & Brown.

7TH AV, n w corner of 42d St, 100.4x131; Oscar Hammerstein against Hammerstein Amusement Company, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, House, Grossman & Vorhaus.

110TH ST, 228 East; Domenico Martorana against Providenza Forci Martorana and others, (action to declare deed void;) attorney, C. Novello.

118TH ST, n s, 150 ft e of 8th Av, 25x100.11; Myron Straus against Rose Reilly, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Monfried.

141ST ST, 307 West; David Baum against Elmer E. Smathers and others, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorneys, Aronson & Salant.

Bronx County.

BRONX and PELHAM PARKWAY, n s, where same is intersected by land conveyed by the party of the second part, 502.2x 216.2x irregular; John T. McChesney against Colorado Realty Company and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. L. Scofield.

BRONX PLACE, n s, Lot 79 and 80, Map No. 1, South Vernon Park, 50x100; John R. Wheaton and others against George P. Langdon and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, D. C. Williams.

NORTH CHESTNUT DRIVE, s s, 460 ft e of Barnes Av, 40x100; Anthony Folzella against Vita Maria D'Amore and others, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorney, C. Weishaupt.

164TH ST, 688 East; Asa A. Spear and others against C. R. Manning, as executor, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. W. Baird.

178TH ST, s s, 370.6 ft w of Anthony Av, 25x100; the German Savings Bank in the City of New York against Alfred Kopetz and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Amend & A.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Geo. R. Read & Co.

have for thirty years made a specialty of the care and management of property, its sale and rental, and the procuring of money on bond and mortgage.

20 Nassau Street
3 East 35th Street
(12202)

West Side.

CO-OPERATIVE APARTMENT
For Sale in
HARPERLY HALL

Central Park West and 64th Street. Seven all outside rooms; open fire places. Appointments of the best. Owing to owner's removal to another city, will sell at very low price and with terms to suit.

For particulars address

F. R. WOOD, W. H. DOLSON CO.
Broadway Cor 80th Street. Telephone 3800 Schuyler

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Dressmaking, Millinery, Cooking, Etc.
Business Course, Gymnasium.
HARLEM Y. W. C. A.,
75 West 124th Street.

ALL LANGUAGES
TAUGHT BY NATIVE GRADUATED TEACHERS.
Special course for travellers.
THE ITALIAN SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES
5TH YEAR AT 315 5TH AVE., COR. 32D ST.

INSTRUCTION—Dancing.

LA FURLANA?

The Dance Recommended by His Holiness the Pope?

We have been teaching it for years. It is a very beautiful Venetian gondolier "National" dance, usable for solo, couple or group.

The other National Dances, and Classical, Esthetic, Greek,

Real Estate

Thirty cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale.

West Side.

BARGAIN HOUSE for sale—311 West 33d St., opposite new Post Office and one block from Pennsylvania Station; elegant location for loft or printing building; plenty of light; will sell for $1,800 a foot frontage; sure to be worth double that in year; only bonafide offers need answer. Mrs. J. L. Sullivan, 3,131 Broadway, Apartment 20, Morningside 5805.

Private residence for sale. 664 West End Av. Thomas Read, 2 Wall St.

East Side.

Executors Sale.—Two-family house; 235 East 62d St. For particulars see R. M. DE LEEUW & CO., 15 Broad St.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

18TH AV., 4,194.—Excellent 2-family brick dwelling, between Ocean Parkway and Gravesend Av.; 11 rooms, 2 baths; fine condition; A1 location; one block from public school and "L" station; equity, $2,500; make offer. Owner Chas. Gold, 25 Broad St., N. Y. City.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or to Let.

Waterfront factory property; 175 acres on Newtown Creek, L. I.; Pennsylvania Railroad connections; will subdivide or lease. A 165 Times.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE or Summer Rental.—Gentleman's residence, 19 rooms, 4 baths, electric light, gas, steam heat; wide piazzas; river views; lawns, shade and fruit trees; tennis; flower and vegetable gardens; stable, garage; trolley to station. Kennard, Tarrytown.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

Forced to sell—business reasons—my delightful home; $2,800 on easy terms; $5,000 can remain on permanent mortgage, per cent.; shaded corner plot 125x152 ft.; high in healthy Orange Mts.; 400 ft. elev.; superb views; near golf course, Country Club, small lake, neighborhood tennis club; 45 min. to N. Y.; near station, Lackawanna; eight rooms, foyer hall, cozy fireplace, tiled bath, immense return veranda, 2 pantries, laundry in concrete cellar, hardwood floors and trim, Craftsman electric fixtures, gas, hot water heat, airy attic, finely appointed grounds; every city convenience; select residential neighborhood. McArty, 41 Park Row, N. Y., Room 504.

Westfield—Semi-bungalow, 6 rooms, steam heat, water, gas, walks, decorations, &c.; new, on plot of 10,000 square feet; near depot and trolley; $4,375. Terms like rent. Home and Gardens Company, H. C. Lockwood, agent, Woolworth Building, New York.

63 acres, completely equipped, stock, implements, &c.; everything modern; brook; hour out; station 1½ miles; $16,500. George S. Martin, Plainfield, R. F. D. 3.

Fine old residence, modernized; exceptional neighborhood and surroundings; large grounds; barn, garden, fruit. Owner, 674 Springfield Av., Summit, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

$300 CASH; BALANCE AS RENT will buy 6-room cottage on 3 acres of land; apples, grapes, raspberries, strawberries; free well, spring water, some woods; high, fine view; 1½ miles from town. Lawrence Agency, South Norwalk, Conn.

Farm, 90 acres; brick house, 12 rooms; modern improvements; barn, fruit, woods; on trolley line, 2 miles from Winsted; price, $4,000. J. K. Smith, Sta. A, Winsted, Conn.

Real Estate.

$20,000 cash and other equities, exchange for F. & C. improved; $500,000 F. & C. properties, improved, unimproved, open to offers; sale, trade, little cash; brokers protected. Ebin, Times Building.

City Houses to Let—Furnished.

Furnished or unfurnished, on Riverside Drive, near Subway, in the seventies, for Spring and Summer months or longer period if desired, four-story private residence; reasonable to desirable tenant; exceptionally cool in Summer. R 156 Times.

Building Material

Roofs repaired and steam pipes covered. American Roofing Co., 79 Maiden Lane.

Mortgage Loans.

We have for sale a number of extra good 6% mortgages on 50% valuation; shore front properties in Greater New York. A. B., Box 48 Times.

$70,000 on first mortgage, Bronx property, at 5% and 5½%, in amounts between $1,000 and $7,000. Byrnes, 774 East 179th St.

Abundance estates money for Manhattan mortgage loans. Owners only. 400 Times Downtown.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

26 JOHN STREET.

Three floors of about 1,200 square feet each; six-story fireproof building, with electric elevator and all improvements; good light and air; suitable for offices, showrooms, and manufacturing; rental $1,400 and $1,600 per floor; any reasonable offer will be considered. WM. A. WHITE & SONS.
Telephone 5700 John. 62 Cedar St.

Two desirable lofts to let, near "L" station and surface line, 18x70; heat, electric light; suitable for light manufacturing purposes; location, 172 East 75th St. Apply to Superintendent on premises. Special inducements to good party.

DESIRABLE SITES.
WATER FRONT LOTS ON EAST RIVER.
Vacant Lots Convenient and Well Located;
LARGE LOFTS, FACING EAST RIVER.
Apply Brookman Estate, 52 Exchange Place.

Two light lofts, 50x95, with or without power, non-fireproof; also one loft, 50x90, with power, fireproof building. A. Happell, 408 East 93d St.

17-19-21 WEST 31ST ST.
Several large stores at rentals from $720 & up. WM. HARVEY SUPERINTENDENT.

BEST SMALL OFFICE on 5th Av.; front, sunny, newly re-decorated; rent reasonable. POWELL, 2x5 5th Av.

1,158 BROADWAY, COR. 27TH ST.—LOFT, SUITABLE FOR OFFICE; PASSENGER ELEVATOR ONLY.

Sub-let light show and desk room; reasonable rent. Inquire Room 1,709, 114 5th Av., between 12 and 4.

Trinity Building—Desk room to rent; all facilities. Box R, 213 Times Downtown.

43d St., 13-15 East.—Parlor floor; will divide; business or studio; reasonable.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

83d St., 46 West.—Compelled to sublet attractive apartment, 8 rooms, 3 baths; all outside; no court; everything modern; furnished or unfurnished; sacrificed. P. C. Shannon, 165 Broadway.

89th St., 52 West.—Suite, two rooms, bath, furnished or unfurnished; electricity, telephone extension; suitable studio, bachelor quarters; immediate possession.

ROYCROFT, 219 WEST 80TH ST.
Five light rooms, handsomely furnished, first-class elevator apartment; near Subway and Park. Apply Superintendent.

Nicely furnished 7-room apartment, 2 baths, conveniently located, available Feb. 15. Apply Yorkshire, 562 West 113th St., corner of Broadway, Apartment 4 C.

Furnished corner apartment to rent at Van Dyck, 72d St. and Broadway, containing 9 rooms, 2 baths. Apply to Manager. Telephone 3547—Columbus.

For Rent.—Over 110 West 39th St., select furnished apartments; 3-4-5 rooms. Call office Bustanoby's.

Artistically and completely furnished four-room apartment; convenient. Pringle, 612 West 135th St.

105th, 201 West.—Completely furnished 7-room elevator apartment; private. Apt. 2B.

East Side.

122d St., 72 East.—Single flat, eight large rooms and bath; sunshine in every room; steam heat; hot water; rent, $40.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

Thirty cents a line.

Seven-room furnished apartment, between 72d and 90th Sts., west side; will take for year or longer, $125 month. Responsible, 77 Times.

Two rooms, bath and kitchenette between 34th and 59th Streets, east Fifth Avenue, six weeks or two months. State full particulars. S 45 Times.

Furnished apartment, strictly high class, 5-6 rooms, 3 or 4 months; state price and location. W. L. H., Engineers' Club.

Between 82d, 95th West, for two months, pay $50. S 29 Times.

Storage.

Thirty cents a line.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th. Telephone 2067 Bryant.

Other Real Estate Advertisements on Preceding Page.

Lost

Thirty-five cents a line.

LOST.—About half-past midnight, on Wednesday morning, just outside the Hofbrau House, Broadway and 30th St., a copy of "The Westerners" by Stewart Edward White, autographed with 25 signatures, including that of the author. Reward if returned to N. Y. office of Doubleday, Page & Co., 11 West 32d St., New York City.

LOST—Monday afternoon, near 49th and 5th Av., small hand purse, name of "Parrish" on clasp. Suitable reward by returning to New Weston Hotel, Madison Av. and 49th St.

LOST—Thursday morning, between 10 and 11, in or near Grand Central Terminal, string clouded amber beads. Reward $5 if returned 310 West 75th St.

LOST.—Wednesday eve. between 42d and 116th Sts., Turquoise Pin, surrounded by diamonds. Return to 304 West 85th St. Liberal reward.

LOST—Silver card case, 86th St., Madison Av., marked "A. B. C." Reward if returned to Harry Cushing, Pulitzer Building.

LOST—Small gold pin, three gold drops, Friday, William St., Subway, Grand Central Station. Miss Jackson, 56 William St.

LOST—Downtown, purse containing money, Subway tickets, key; reward. Room 1,108, 26 Stone St.

LOST.—Black fox muff, Astor Theatre, evening Jan. 27; reward. Reed Miller, 749 West End Av.

$2,000 REWARD.

The owner of the following described jewelry, lost or stolen in Boston, Mass., about January 1, offers a reward of $2,000 for its recovery, or a part of the reward for information resulting in the recovery of any part of it:

One necklace of 48 opals, separated by 46 crystals, diamond cluster clasp; one necklace of 232 rubies, total weight of rubies 5.36 karats, closely set in gold, scratch No. 80; one chain of 27 Marquis brilliants, total weight 10.03 karats, and 27 Cabochon emeralds, total weight 14.10 karats, scratch No. 780.

One diamond ring, 3 diamonds, each diamond weighing 1¼ karats, two white and one yellow stone, all of excellent quality.

One large diamond pin, 3 large Marquise diamonds.

All communications will be treated strictly confidential.

DOUGHERTY'S DETECTIVE BUREAU,
31 Broadway, New York.
George S. Dougherty, Telephone
Harry V. Dougherty, Principals. Rector 5458.

$100 REWARD
for solitaire diamond earscrew, lost Jan. 27, between 84th, 5th Av., 52d.
TIFFANY & CO., 5th Av., 37th St.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Av. A and 24th St., where owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons desiring to secure pets should also apply. The Society conducts a free hospital for animals at the same address.

Business Opportunities.

Forty cents a line.

Partnership — Moving-picture expert desires affiliation with gentleman desirous of entering progressive business; assured profitable gigantic opportunity for man of ability and push; $1,500 investment needed; references given and required; interview G. B. Colins, 1,123 Broadway, Room 311.

Exceptional opportunity offered gentleman with capital take half interest in corporation ready to start business importing tropical products; contracts with plantation on hand netting $61,045; give age, former position. Address W. E., Box 154 Times Downtown.

Young man, (22;) thousand cash; invest with services in a legitimate business; proposition must stand rigid investigation; principals; particulars first letter. Legitimate, 157 East 47th St.

Exceptional opportunity for a man with about $15,000 and services to acquire half interest in a good going automobile tire manufacturing industry; a rare chance for a live man. X 250 Times.

Investment $8,000 to $10,000; reputable, going corporation will give important lucrative position to right party; inquiries and investigation invited; principals only. X 321 Times.

Saloon for sale, good location; must sell account closing estate. Apply 411 Irving, Cor. Putnam Av., or 64 Sumner Av., Brooklyn. N. Y.

Fuel properties in demand; have mine good grade coal near railroad; ready market; Gov. reports confirm; Colorado; banking references. Address P 342 Times Downtown.

Best-equipped saloon and restaurant in Greater New York for sale; long lease; free rent; chance of a lifetime to right party. John L. Hammond, 1 Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.

EMPLOY the unemployed. Small capital needed. Spare time. 27 mail order plans. Send for particulars. Dept. F, Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

$5,000 buys ½ half interest in a prosperous feature film business; prefer man who would take an active interest in business. S 40 Times.

450-seat picture theatre, clearing $75 weekly; $2,000 cash; opportunity for quick buyer. Zahn & Kerr, 206 Broadway.

Book, stationery, and art business for sale; large circulating library; established trade, growing section. S 25 Times.

Business Notices

Forty cents a line.

Dependable multigraph typewritten letters; 500, $1.50; 1,000, $2.00; 10,000, $10; delivered. Telephone Cortlandt 1332. William Gray, 93 Nassau St.

Accounts and bad debts of all kinds collected anywhere; our system brings results. Call or write U. S. Adjustment Co., 140 Nassau St.

Multigraph letters; 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5350, G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,018.

BETTER LETTERS. — Multigraphing, 200, $1; 500, $1.35; get our prices on printing. Telephone John 1047, Neil, 50 Pine.

All kinds of chairs re-seated, Albert Kreinhop, Summit Av., Westfield, N. J.

Business Loans.

Forty cents a line.

Outstanding accounts financed for merchants needing cash. Security Finance Co., 135 Broadway.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

Bargain sub-lease; excellent new five-room apartment; near Riverside; convenient to 168th St. Subway. Avoca, 251 Fort Washington Av.

Duplex apartment to lease; sunny, spacious rooms, southern, eastern, and northern exposure; with or without hotel service. The Chelsea, West 23d St.

Eight outside rooms, two baths; newly decorated; sublet reasonable, account moving West. 350 Fort Washington Av. Audubon 4173.

502 West 111th St.—Two and four elegant rooms, overlooking Central Park; bath, steam, electricity, telephone. Janitor.

Five rooms and bath, $40.
306 West 51st St.

120TH ST., 340 WEST.—Two rooms and bath, all sunny.

Brooklyn.

One-half New York rent; 10 minutes from New York; excellent location on Brooklyn Heights; 11 Monroe Place; attractive, new; every convenience; service; one, two, and three rooms, with baths.

$42 HIGH-CLASS END APARTMENT $42.
6 light rooms; tiled bath; parquet floors; electric lights; walking distance Subway. Golden Realty, St. James's Pl., near Fulton.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

9TH, 12 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Desirable rooms, single, double; private bath; steam; excellent table; telephone; reasonable.

11TH, 29 EAST.—Desirable large front room, running water; heated.

29TH ST., 38 EAST.—Rooms, with large closets; hot, cold water; parlor dining room.

53D ST., 37 and 52 EAST.—Rooms with board; table board; references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Sunny front parlor; running water; also room and bath; phone.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,053, 123d.—Sunny rooms; clean, comfortable; steam heated; best board.

34TH ST., 117 and 119 EAST.—Large and small rooms, with board.

39TH ST., 49 WEST.—One room and bath, with or without board.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 25 years; rooms, suites, baths, telephones; superior table.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large, small rooms; first-class references.

57TH, 359 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, small rooms; excellent French board; telephone.

68TH, 50 WEST.—Beautiful room, private bath, elegant surroundings; breakfast only, if desired; private house; also smaller room.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

69TH, 111 WEST.—ELEGANT ROOMS, BACK PARLOR; TABLE GUESTS.

71ST, 62 WEST.—Double, single rooms; private baths; electricity, steam; excellent course dinner 50 cents; outside guests accommodated.

72D ST., 117 WEST.—Suite of rooms with bath; all conveniences. Telephone 8966 Columbus.

72D, 266 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE SUNNY ROOMS; EXCELLENT TABLE; REFERENCES.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Sunny single rooms, quiet, refined surroundings; home table; references.

73D ST., 142 WEST.—Refined home; handsome large rooms; all improvements; references exchanged.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Sunny double front room; reasonable; parlor dining; table guests.

76TH ST., 237-239 WEST.—Large, sunny room; running water; single room; excellent table.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large, small, heated, attractive room, smaller room; choice table.

78TH, 301 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, single or en suite; excellent table; home cooking; steam heat; electricity; references.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
Norece Hall and The Bonheur, residential hotels; attractive, homelike, unusual; Southern cooking; white maid service; steam heat; telephone in every room; booklet on request.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful, sunny, 2d floor room, electricity; French cuisine; references.

80TH ST., 140 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; single or en suite; southern exposure.

80TH, 141-143 WEST.—One large, one small room; refined, homelike; references.

80TH, 144 WEST.—Strictly high-class rooms; private bath; French cuisine; conveniences.

81ST ST., 129 WEST.—Large room; private bath; telephone; references; smaller room; moderate.

81ST, 128 WEST.—Single rooms; excellent table; parlor-floor dining; telephone; reference.

83D, 5 WEST.—Suites, single; steam, electricity, unusually good meals; telephone; references.

84TH, 53 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; private baths; excellent table; references exchanged.

90TH, 13 WEST.—Refined home can accommodate few people; excellent table; references.

90TH, 4 WEST.—Furnished rooms, private house, with, without board; phone; references.

94TH ST., 148 WEST.—Second floor; large, small rooms; table guests; Southern cooking.

103D, 250 WEST.—Desirable accommodations; dentist, physician; attractive rooms; excellent board; refined home; 252 West, table board that is unsurpassed.

103D, Corner West End Av., 879.—Bright room; excellent meals; moderate; references.

105TH, 70 WEST.—Elegant, spacious front room; exceptionally good table; reasonable; Southerners.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Elegant room, southern exposure; suitable one, two; excellent cuisine.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Attractive single sunny rooms; excellent table.

121ST ST., 132 WEST.—Large, small rooms; steam; parlor dining rooms; American table.

149TH, 544 WEST, (near Broadway Subway.)—Most beautiful and healthiest section Riverside Drive; near by the Audubon; if you appreciate a light, clean, cozy room and deliciously prepared meal, make this your home; hotel accommodation; boarding house prices. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

CONVENT AVE., 336.—Medium sized rooms; One $9 upward; two $15 upward.

867 RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
near 157th St. Subway; NOT A BOARDING HOUSE, but conducted to make it a comfortable home for A FEW PEOPLE of refinement at VERY MODERATE rates; steam heated; private bath; unobstructed view of Hudson. Tel. 2362—Audubon.

BROTHER, SISTER, having unusual home, delicious meals, desire appreciative gentlemen, seeking exclusive home, to share. "Broadway," S 22 Times.

Charming Winter Home,
Away from city and noise,
yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan;
grand location, overlooking city, country, sea;
cool in Summer, warm in Winter.
THE EVELYN LODGE."
Lovely sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables; everything sweet and clean; very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17, with meals. Take boat at Battery; cars 6 cents. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

WEST END, 524, (86th Subway).—Floor, rooms, single, suite; excellent table; references.

Board Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

YOUNG MAN wishes room, with or without board, with refined private family, Washington Heights. Permanent, Box A 172 Times.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

5TH AV., 25.—Large rooms; suitable two or three; references.

9TH ST., 18 EAST, Between University Place and 5th Av.—Nicely furnished front rooms; telephone and bath.

16TH, 206 EAST.—Steam-heated room; running water, hot and cold; telephone.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Large and small well furnished rooms; private house; reasonable.

19TH ST., 134 EAST.—Large, sunny room; running water telephone, bath; $6; references.

28D ST., 20 EAST. (Madison Square South.) Suite, two rooms and bath.

84TH, 56 EAST.—Large, handsomely furnished room; running water; $8; two flights up.

45TH ST., 19 EAST.—Large, small, light rooms; all improvements; bath, steam heat; phone.

49TH, 38 EAST.—Comfortable room; for gentleman; refined house; conveniently located; references.

50TH, 137 EAST.—Three connecting or single light, cheerful rooms; second floor.

53D, 58 EAST.—Large, handsome rooms; connecting bath; southern exposure; suitable two people; unusual conveniences; electricity; telephone.

58TH, 58 EAST.—Unusual desirable office, reception rooms, for doctor and dentist.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,536, Near 53th St.—Parlor suitable manicure or chiropodist; also large rooms.

LEXINGTON AV., 586. — HOMELIKE ROOMS; BREAKFAST; REFERENCES; SELECT.

West Side.

11TH ST., 507 WEST.—Exceptionally pleasant, sunny room; elevator; $4. Apartment 41.

14TH ST., 350 WEST.—ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT BOARD; PRIVATE BATH; REASONABLE.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable large room; running water, bath; refined surroundings; $8.

43D, 113 W.—DESIRABLE LARGE, SMALL ROOMS; CONVENIENCES; REASONABLE.

45TH ST., 158 WEST, (NEAR BROADWAY.)—COMFORTABLE, NEWLY FURNISHED, HEATED ROOMS; RUNNING WATER; RESPECTABLE COUPLES; TELEPHONE; REFERENCES.

47TH, 1 WEST.—From basement bedroom; reasonable; steam; telephone; would consider light business.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Front single room; steam, running water; telephone; select house.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Rooms, large, single; private baths; board optional. 4589 Bryant.

48TH ST., 65 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; small; in quiet residence; $4; permanent only.

51ST ST., 354 WEST.—Large room; steam heated; special value; $4 weekly; reference.

52D, 54 WEST.—Cheerful room; southern exposure; modern house; suitable doctor; select.

52D ST., 250 WEST. (Near Broadway.)—Beautiful back parlor; other nice rooms; telephone. Pierce.

53D, 62 WEST.—Large, small, desirably furnished rooms; bath; modern conveniences; southern exposure.

55TH ST., 251 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, small rooms; steam; bath; conveniences. 1476 Columbus.

56TH ST. 125 WEST.—Attractively furnished parlor bedroom and bath; every convenience. 6236 Columbus.

56TH, 63 WEST.—Beautiful suite, rooms steam, hot water, private baths, telephone.

58TH, 128 WEST.—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM; CONVENIENCES; PRIVATE HOME.

68TH, 68 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished, sunny rooms; private bath; select. 8826 Columbus.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Elegant large rooms, with or without private baths; references; telephone.

68TH, 62 WEST.—Sunny, large room; $6; ideal location; refined surroundings; references.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

69TH, 61 WEST.—Front parlor, nicely furnished; all conveniences; very desirable neighborhood; references.

69TH, 108 WEST.—BEAUTIFUL ROOM; PRIVATE BATHROOM; MEALS OPTIONAL.

69TH ST., 143 WEST.—Attractive room; exclusive apartment, (near Broadway;) telephone, shower; breakfast.

71ST, 282 WEST, (Corner West End Av.)—Scrupulously clean rooms, singly or en suite, furnished or unfurnished, for refined business people; running water, telephone, electricity.

71ST, 69 WEST.—Desirably furnished large, small rooms; private bath; parlor; telephone; Subway.

71ST ST., 71 WEST.—Attractive rooms; telephones; beautifully furnished; all conveniences; references.

71ST ST., 222 WEST.—Medium rooms; lavatory, bathroom adjoining; modern, private house; electricity.

72D, 268 WEST.—Large room, kitchenette; private bath; medium room; telephone; Subway.

73D, 103 WEST.—Neatly furnished, large, medium rooms; one or two; telephone; references.

73D, 115 WEST.—Large and small; in newly furnished and decorated house; first-class home for refined people.

73D, 162 WEST.—Very desirable furnished rooms; select location; telephone; Subway express; all conveniences.

73D, 285 WEST.—Newly furnished large room, with private bath; telephone; Subway.

74TH, 140 WEST.—Attractive double room; private bath; also single room; reasonable; references.

75TH, 116 WEST.—Room, southern exposure; private house; electricity; hot water heating; references.

76TH, 253 WEST.—Large front room; private bath; smaller room; gentlemen; telephone.

76TH ST., 242 WEST.—Suites, with bath; single rooms; board optional; reasonable; telephone.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Beautiful 2d floor; will divide; also small room; references.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Sunny, well-heated, double, second-story front room; also smaller room.

78TH, 111 WEST.—Responsible gentleman can rent elegantly furnished room; all conveniences.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Large, newly furnished, sunny rooms; all conveniences; excellent service; phone.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful small room, near Subway; home comfort; reasonable; references.

80TH, 114 WEST.—Large, sunny room; next bath; dressing room; telephone; reasonable.

82D, 70 WEST.—Large, small rooms; reasonable; southern exposure; couples, bachelors; table boarders.

82D, 146 WEST.—Light, clean, comfortable; electricity, lavatories, elevator. 8706 Schuyler. Haskins.

82D, 150 WEST.—Hall room; also handsome parlor suite for doctor; references.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large, small; private family; telephone; references.

82D, 80 WEST.—Large single warm rooms, $3.50, $4; bath, telephone. Anderson.

83D, 11 WEST.—Warm, comfortably furnished rooms; quiet, refined home; meals optional.

85TH, 833 WEST.—Large, attractive third floor front room, for two; all conveniences; private family.

86TH ST., 41 WEST.—Well-furnished double room, adjoining bath; unusually desirable; reasonable for two men.

86TH ST., (837 West End Av.)—Attractive rooms; exquisite neighborhood; breakfast optional; references.

93D, 109 WEST.—Large front room; also $4 front room; closets; telephone.

94TH, 34 WEST.—Large, desirable rooms; private bath; quiet surroundings; owner; reference.

95TH ST., 19 WEST.—Parlor floor, furnished, unfurnished; doctor, musicales, other business; also large, light room; private bath; telephone.

98TH ST., RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Large, beautifully furnished rooms; southern exposure; private family. D 110 Times.

95TH, 255 WEST.—Exceptionally well-furnished large front room; high-class apartment. Linz.

97TH ST., 209 WEST.—A comfortably furnished outside room in high-class elevator apartment; all modern conveniences; private family; Broadway Subway express one block; board optional.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Private house; unusually attractive, well furnished room; bath; telephone.

97TH ST., 136 WEST.—Large room; private bath, parquet floors, Oriental rugs, electricity, vacuum cleaning; only refined professional party considered; highest references exchanged. 2087 Riverside.

101ST, 16 WEST.—Attractive suite, telephone, electricity;, $7; large, $4; housekeeping. McNamara.

103D, 145 WEST.—Large, beautiful rooms, private house; convenient neighborhood; telephone; references.

106TH, 225 WEST.—Large front room and bath, one flight, beautifully finished. Mars.

107TH, 16 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; private family; elevator apartment; gentlemen.

111TH ST. 605 WEST.—Pleasant, light room for gentleman; modern elevator apartment. Apt. 19.

112TH, 586 W.—Exceptionally pleasant room, bath adjoining; one or two; modern. Apartment 24.

113TH, 541 WEST.—Apt. 3; desirably furnished, medium room; all conveniences; gentleman; excellent table.

113TH 523 WEST.—Rare opportunity those desiring high-class furnished rooms; reasonable.

115TH ST., 419 WEST.—Columbia University; light outside room; bath, shower; electricity; elevator; telephone. Lyman.

116TH, (Near Drive.)—Attractive, light room, adjoining bath; private family. X 246 Times.

118TH, 405 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; elevator, shower, telephone. Apartment 41.

119TH, 419 WEST.—Gentleman living alone in three-room high-class elevator house, near Columbia University, elegant location, would like to let one room. Call 7 evenings or telephone 7700 Morningside. Apt. 4A.

119TH ST., 121 WEST.—Double room; large closet; dressing room; private bath; desirable neighborhood.

120TH, 434 WEST, (Apt. 8H.)—Two attractively furnished connecting rooms; southern exposure; gentlemen; permanent; call after 4 o'clock.

122D ST., 201 WEST.—Desirable outside room in corner apartment; private family; convenient to "L" road, Subway, restaurants; references required; gentlemen preferred; reasonable. Hallock.

122D, 135 WEST.—Large, attractive double room; adjoining bath; sunny; private house; reasonable.

122D, 540 WEST.—Large, homelike corner rooms. Telephone Morningside 4880. Apartment 21.

129D ST., 501 WEST.—Front room, bath, in quiet apartment; $4 weekly. Keating.

123D, 130 WEST.—Attractive, sunny, heated room, reasonable; business woman. Roe.

126TH, 160 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms, $7-$15 weekly, including Turkish bath.

127TH ST., 61 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; private house; conveniences; moderate rates.

127TH ST., 132 WEST.—Double, single rooms; heated; running water; two; $3; privileges.

127TH ST., 213 WEST.—Elegant large and small rooms; shower; telephone; conveniences; Subway, "L."

128TH, 147 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished front room, private residence; telephone; Subway. "L."

129TH, 89 WEST.—Elegant room, modern apartment; private family. Leve, Apt. 19.

140TH, 608 WEST.—Large room, Southern exposure; one or two gentlemen. Telephone, Subway. Apt. 44.

140TH, 559 WEST. — Light outside single room; heated; large closet; private family. Brown.

149TH ST., 585 WEST.—Lovely room, adjoining bath; private family; steam, telephone; reasonable. Lytol.

189TH, 511 WEST.—Young business woman will share small, new apartment (piano) with young woman; exceedingly reasonable. Bowman. Telephone during day 7720 Murray Hill.

CLAREMONT AV., 191.—Artistic room; running water; business woman's elevator apartment; privilege kitchen. Call evenings or Sunday. Apt. 54.

CLAREMONT AV., 191.—Artistic room; running water; business woman; elevator apartment, privilege kitchen. Call evenings or Sunday, Apt. 54.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 54, (116th.)—Beautiful room; park view; adjoining bath. Apartment 53.

PRIVATE HOUSE.—Beautiful furnished rooms; modern improvements; home comforts; reasonable; all cars. 218 W. 137th.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 552, (Madrid.)—Beautiful room; Hudson view; newly furnished; elevator. Turner.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 88. — Attractive sunny room; private apartment; modern conveniences; refined surroundings.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

WEST END, 611.—Magnificent room; private bath; excellent plumbing; electricity; large closets; private family; near 91st Subway; references.

Brooklyn.

147 CLINTON ST., NR. SUBWAY.
Private family has nicely furnished room.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished

Twenty cents a line.

YOUNG MAN, Italian-American, desires light, warm, furnished room; refined Italian family; private house; 8th, 5th Avs., 42d, 50th Sts.; moderate; references. S 41 Times.

LADY wishes light room, kitchen privileges, refined family; references. L. K., Times Harlem

Help Wanted Female

Fifteen cents a line.

A WELL-EDUCATED WOMAN, over 25, for outside position, requiring more than ordinary tact and ability, but pays accordingly; must be self-supporting; good income (salary) guaranteed to suitable person. Ask for manager, Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

BILLING CLERK.—Must be rapid, accurate, and thoroughly competent; typewriter, good salaried permanent position. Call at once. Deinhauser Bros. Candy Co., 617 West 47th.

BOOKKEEPER.—Assistant bookkeeper wanted; state age, nationality, experience, and salary expected; knowledge stenography and typewriting desirable; give phone number if possible. P 372 Times Downtown.

BRIGHT GIRL, quick at figures, with some business experience, to keep factory records; moderate salary to start. Apply in own handwriting, giving age, references, and salary desired. S 30 Times.

HAVE VACANCY Feb. 1 for two, and probably three, educated ladies. Educational Society, 225 5th Av.

LEDGER CLERK.—Must be thoroughly experienced and capable of assisting bookkeeper; good, permanent position. Call at once. Deinhauser Bros. Candy Co., 617 West 47th St.

MAID.—Lady living alone wishes white maid for general housework; prefers Swedish or Finnish girl; must speak English; city references required; wages, $25. Call Friday, before 12 A. M., 229 West 105th St. Apt. 64.

PHOTOGRAPH PRINTER.—Girl with experience. Apply Polychrome Studios, 36 East 23d St., 9 to 10 or after 5 P. M.; references required.

SPANISH YOUNG WOMAN wanted, well educated, bright, and understanding dress-making, capable of making gramatical Spanish translations from the English. Apply W. C. Reed, Butterick Building, New York.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, high-class American woman of good appearance and pleasing personality and accustomed to meeting people; salary $15, with good opportunity for future advancement. Apply Marceau, 258 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER for advertising department of large concern in Jersey City; must have experience in office work; send your application in own handwriting; state salary and past experience. E 212 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

Thirty cents a line.

MISS CONKLIN'S
SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
7 West 42d St., opp. the Library.
STENOGRAPHY, TYPEWRITING, SECRETARIAL WORK, ENGLISH.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES, Aeolian Hall, 33 West 42d St.—Secretarial courses only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities. V. M. Wheat, Director

Help Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents a line.

AN ENERGETIC MAN may earn $100 monthly profits in the mail order business; spare time at first; send for particulars. Dept. E Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N.Y.

ASSISTANT CORRESPONDENT. — Young man wanted in export house as assistant correspondent; thorough knowledge of Spanish and French essential. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, and salary expected. R 312 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, middle-aged man to run quarterly ledger. W. A. McKenzie, 207 West 24th St.

BOY wanted in office of general contractor, of good family, living with parents. Make application by letter in own handwriting, giving salary expected, references, and education. Ruggles-Robinson Co., 331 Madison Av.

CLERK.—Young man as department timekeeper in factory near 42d St., west side, to work five nights week, 5:30 P. M. to 6 A. M.; must be good at figures; state references, previous employment, &c.; $12 per week. S 38 Times.

COLLECTOR.—For small accounts; must be familiar with New York and Brooklyn, and give full particulars with references in your reply. P 375 Times Downtown.

CREDIT MAN.—A young man of calibre, with ability, capable of assuming charge; banking and commercial credits. Give particulars, with intimation of salary. Address C. M. B. C., Box R 214 Times Downtown.

OUTSIDE SALESMAN for high-class pianos; piano experience not necessary, but must be producer and high-class man; liberal salary; permanent; references. S 5 Times.

INSURANCE MEN, experienced, clean records, solicit health, accident; monthly, weekly payment policies; no salary, but advances. Apply Home Mutual Casualty Company, 100 William St., N. Y. C., between 9 and 12.

SALESMAN.—Capable man, over 25, for refined, congenial work on class book proposition where leads, easy terms, and liberal commissions assure income over $100 a week; new, low-priced edition now ready; opportunity good bookmen. Call forenoon, 16 East 40th St. Ask for Mr. Bastien.

SALESMEN, experienced, with reference, to handle a cheap line of muslin underwear in New York City and vicinity on commission basis. Anchor Muslin Underwear, 91 Mercer St.

SALESMAN wanted for laces; only those with experience in this line and have trade among manufacturers need apply; good inducements to right party; salary or commission. Goldberg, 40 Walker St.

SALESMAN on high-class unique proposition; large commission basis; leads furnished. Suite 1,109, 44 East 23d Street.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman on kimonos. National Negligee, 85 Washington St. Commission.

SALESMEN for fire extinguishers; big commission made by live wires. Apply 92 Pine St.

YOUNG MEN, ATTENTION! — National Guard Pay Bill about to pass; enlisted

WOMEN RESPOND TO SOCIETY'S PLEDGE

Bonny-Cripples of Rockville Centre Promise a Child Shall Be Born to Them Annually.

1914 THEIR BANNER YEAR

For Twice Will Stork Visit the Society's Members—Col. Roosevelt Popular In This Town.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE, L. I., Jan. 29.—During the last four years the Bonny Cripple Society has held weekly meetings at the homes of seven women in Rockville Centre. Persons who asked the meaning of the title of the society were told that it was organized on the principles of a society of the same name, whose members were Scotchwomen living near Edinburgh.

It was generally thought that the society had been formed merely for the weekly meeting, but yesterday its deeper purpose became known. The preamble, it was learned yesterday, pledges that at least one child shall be born every year to one or other of the members of the society.

This purpose has been faithfully observed by the organization during the four years of its existence. The raison d'être of the society was made known to-day because 1914 promises to be its banner year. The pledge of the society will be redeemed this year by two of its members—Mrs. James Hatlatch of Forest Avenue and Mrs. John Ferrer of Forest Avenue.

The society's child for 1913—the daughter of Mrs. Louise Carr of North Centre Avenue—won the prize a few months ago at the Better Baby contest. The seven members of the society and the present number of their families are: Mrs. Walter Johnson, Clinton Avenue, four children; Mrs. Edwin Pemme, Forest Avenue, three children; Mrs. Frederick Marquardt of South Centre Avenue, six children; Mrs. Elmer Raab of Randall Avenue, two children; Mrs. James Hatlach of Forest Avenue, three children; Mrs. John Ferrer of Forest Avenue, three children, and Mrs. Louise Carr of North Centre Avenue, one child.

At the election in 1912 Col. Roosevelt carried Rockville Centre by a large majority and since the organization of the Progressive Party its members have been elected to all the local offices.

Sues New Haven Road for $50,000.

Miss Kathryn H. Hearn, a resident of this State, is suing the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company for $50,000 damages on account of damages she suffered in the New Haven wreck near North Haven, Conn., on Sept. 2. The suit was started in the Bronx Supreme Court on Jan. 7, but was transferred yesterday to the Federal District Court at the motion of the defendant.

ARROW
Madras COLLARS

Granton—made of a fine quality self striped Madras. A collar that has the character and individuality that always accompany correct styles. *2 for 25c*

CLUETT, PEABODY & Co., INC., *Makers of* ARROW SHIRTS

A Message From
William G. White

The newspapers are at present crowded with sales of all kinds. The difference between other sales and the closing out of William G. White stores is just this:

On one hand you find sales of odds and ends and unsalable, unseasonable merchandise, and here you are offered the best of the best manufacturers of men's wear at unheard of prices. William G. White is

Going Out of Business

Nothing is reserved. The latest, most staple and most seasonable furnishings go with the rest. There is but one object of this sale, and that is to close out all stocks in the seven White stores as quickly as possible, so that the stores can be leased and the fixtures sold.

The White "going out of business" sale is a real opportunity for the man who knows real value and wants real, new, fresh, up-to-date furnishings. Go to the nearest White store today.

These items are only a few of the bargains you will find, because everything in the seven White stores, including the fixtures, is for sale.

"Arrow," Red-Man and *E&W* Latest Styles, $1.00 Dozen **COLLARS 9c**

50c 65c **Silk Hose** now **35c** 3 pairs for $1.00

50c to $1 **Underwear, 39c**

$1.50 **Gloves** now **89c**

$2 & $2.75 **Shirts** now **$1.35** 4 for $5.00

$1.50 & $1.75 **Shirts 95c**

50c, 65c, 75c **Neckwear 29c**

Leases and fixtures of the stores that have not already been disposed of, for sale. Apply to MILTON DAMMANN, Attorney-at-Law, 141 Broadway, New York City.

25 Cortlandt St.
345 Broadway
3 West 42d St.

William G. White
847 Broad Street, NEWARK.

2 Wall St.
49 Nassau St.
B'way & 26th St.

After a careful perusal of the criticisms of the Welsh play, "Chance," at the Booth Theatre, the managers of the play, Joe Weber and Walter Hast, are unable to reach any definite conclusion from the opinion of the press as to whether the play is good or bad.

Never has such a condition existed in reviews of previous attractions.

"Chance" is not a good play—it is a great play. This is the opinion of the audiences at the Booth and also at the Haymarket Theatre, London.

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LYCEUM 45th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Thurs., 2:30. "Miss Burke has never captured a New York audience more thoroughly."—Sun. MISS BILLIE BURKE in W. S. Maugham's Greatest Success. THE LAND OF PROMISE

GARRICK 35 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. at 2:30. "WOMEN WILL LOVE THIS PLAY."—EVE. SUN. Eva Moore & H. V. Esmond with the London Criterion Co. in THE DEAR FOOL

HUDSON 44 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8.30. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. at 2:30. "BIG LAUGHING SUCCESS" —EVE. WORLD. WM. COLLIER in a three-hour laugh-a-minute comedy. A LITTLE WATER ON THE SIDE

GAIETY Broadway & 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-morrow. LAST 2 NIGHTS—LAST MAT. TO-M'W. ELSIE FERGUSON in William Hurlbut's Iowan Comedy. THE STRANGE WOMAN Next Mon., Mabel & Edith TALIAFERRO "YOUNG WISDOM."

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LIBERTY 42 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. T'm'w & Wed., 2:20. The International Operetta Sensation. SARI Has set the Town to Humming Its Irresistible Hungarian Melodies.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Last Matinee To-m'w, 2:20. LAST WEEK AT THIS THEATRE. NEXT MONDAY TO THE GAIETY. MABEL AND EDITH TALIAFERRO in RACHEL CROTHERS' NEW COMEDY. YOUNG WISDOM

KNICKERBOCKER. B'way, 38 St. Evs. 8:15. Last Week—Last Matinee To-morrow, 2:15. Wm. H. Crane—Douglas Fairbanks with Amelia Bingham & Patricia Collinge In "THE NEW HENRIETTA" Next Monday at 8 sharp. Seats NOW. CHARLES FROHMAN presents THE LATEST MUSICAL COMEDY. THE LAUGHING HUSBAND

COHAN & HARRIS ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. T'm'w & Wed., 2:20. COHAN'S BEST PLAY. Laughs Mystery Melodrama Thrills 7 KEYS TO BALDPATE

BELASCO 44th St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:25. Mats. To-m'w & Thurs., 2:20. 50TH TIME WED. EVE. "The play of the year. Frances Starr a revelation."—*Eve. World.* Frances Starr in HENRI BERNSTEIN'S THE SECRET

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WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8.20. Mats. T'm'w & Wed., 2:20. CYRIL MAUDE the famous English actor, in the tremendously successful comedy drama, "GRUMPY"

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Other Amusements Page 9.